PATIENT INFORMATION SHEET
Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate
(G-005A, G-005B)

Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in contact with it.

**What is Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate and where is it found?**

This is a chemical used in many industries like electronics, ceramics, medical, dental and jewellery. It is a yellow soft metal that is chemically very inactive. Most allergic reactions arise from jewellery, but gold dental appliances such as crowns, bridges and dentures also causes oral lesion. Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

**What else is Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate called?**

This chemical can be identified by different names, including: Auricidine, Bis[monothiosulfato]aurate(3-), Sodium aurothiosulfate, Aurocidin, trisodium, Sanochrysine, Aurolin, Crisalbine, Solfocrisol, Auropex, Crytion, Sodium Thiosulfatoaurate, Auropin, Double thiosulfate of gold and, Thiochrysine, Aurosan, sodium, Thiosulfuric acid (H2S2O3), gold(1+), Aurothion, Hyposulfite of gold and sodium, sodium salt (2:1:3), Bis[monothiosulfato-(2-)-O,S]aurate(3-), Novacrysin, trisodium

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

**THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY**

- **Be vigilant... read the product label.** Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step each time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.

- **Test the product first.** If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.

- **Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy.** This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.

- **Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related.** You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.

subject list) www.cosmeticsinfo.org (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database) www.whatsinside.sccjohnson.com (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor’s office.

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