

President's message

We at Chemotechnique would like to extend our heartfelt gratitude for using our patch test products in diagnosing contact allergies in your patients. We are honored to be able to contribute to the care and well-being of your patients, and we deeply appreciate the trust you have placed in us.

Your commitment to providing the highest level of care to your patients is truly admirable, and we are proud to be a part of your efforts.

Being part of the ESCD European Baseline taskforce group it has been exciting to update this important series with the most recent findings. The new composition is published in Contact Dermatitis, vol 88, issue 2, p.87-92. Nov 2022.

Thank you for choosing our products and for your dedication to providing the best possible care for your patients. We look forward to continuing to work with you and supporting you in your important work.

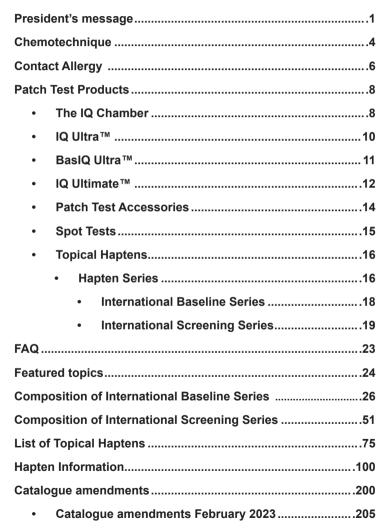
Sincerely yours,

Bo Niklasson

CEO and President
Chemotechnique MB Diagnostics AB

For professional use only

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Patch Test Products authorized by the ICDRG Distributed Worldwide



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Chemotechnique



Chemotechnique - The trusted name in Patch Testing



Chemotechnique MB Diagnostic AB ("Chemotechnique") has provided Patch Test solutions since 1981 and is proudly recognized as the Trusted name in Patch Testing. Chemotechnique is a Sweden based company with

global reach through world-wide distribution.

Research and Development



With emphasis on R&D and working in close cooperation with contact dermatitis research groups such as the International Contact Dermatitis Research Group (ICDRG), the European Environmental and Contact Dermatitis Research Group

(**EECDRG**) and the North American Contact Dermatitis Group (**NACDG**), Chemotechnique ensures an ideally composed product line-up.

Highest quality products



Chemotechnique offers a complete range of high quality Patch Test Products including Topical Haptens, Patch Test Units as well as Patch Test Accessories and Spot Tests. Our haptens are produced in Sweden under strict

pharmaceutical control following the **GMP** quality management system audited by the Swedish Medical Products Agency. Certified by the **ISO 13485** and **ISO 9001** Quality Management systems the Chemotechnique high quality products and reliable service will aid you in the diagnosis of contact allergy in your patients.

Online resources



Visit the continually updated www.chemotechnique.se website to access the Chemotechnique online resources including an extensive Hapten Database, patch testing Video Instructions, Patch test record forms, Patient

information sheets and much more. Create a free account today!











Contact Allergy



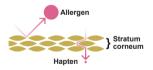
Contact Allergy & Allergic Contact Dermatitis (ACD)



Contact Allergy is the result of specific immune responses caused by **antigens**. Unlike **allergens** (such as pollens and animal proteins) causing other forms of allergy, the culprits of Contact Allergies, **haptens**, are not antigens by

themselves. Haptens (typically small, chemically reactive molecules with low molecular weight) need to penetrate the horny layer of the skin in order to conjugate to epidermal and dermal proteins forming "hapten-carrier complexes" with antigenic properties capable of causing **contact allergy.** Examples of widely recognized haptens include nickel, formaldehyde and other preservatives in cosmetics.

Contact allergy is the state of being sensitized to a hapten. Sensitization to a hapten occurs when the accumulated exposure to the hapten surpasses a certain threshold. This threshold is individual and varies greatly, some will develop an allergy



the first time encountering the hapten while others withstand a life time of exposure without becoming sensitized. The median prevalence of contact allergy to at least one hapten is around 25% in the general population.

Allergic Contact Dermatitis (ACD) is a disease of the skin that can emerge in people that are exposed to specific haptens after having developed contact allergy to them. Once allergic, the subject might respond with skin inflammation (redness, flaking skin or blisters) whenever exposed. Individuals handling haptens as part of their

profession run a higher risk of developing **ACD**. ACD accounts for 20% of all reported work related skin diseases. Occupational fields with high occurrences of ACD include (but are not limited to) hairdressing, construction work, cleaning and health care. Chronic once developed, and with no known cure, contact allergy is of major distress for those affected.

Diagnosis



While contact allergy cannot be treated it can be diagnosed; by **Patch Testing** and not by **Skin Allergy Testing** (such as skin prick testing - used for the diagnosis of, for instance, respiratory allergies). Knowing what hapten is causing the

allergic reactions helps the patient stay clear of that specific hapten, avoiding **ACD** and thereby effectively improving the quality of life for the individual.

The indication for Patch Testing is to test all patients in whom contact allergy is suspected or needs to be ruled out, regardless of age or anatomical site of dermatitis.

Chemotechnique provides all tools required to perform patch tests the IQ way - the gold standard for diagnosing contact allergy. In order to perform a diagnostic Patch Test, two crucial components are required; **Topical Haptens** and **Patch Test Units.**

Topical Haptens



The hapten preparations used in patch testing should ideally be specifically developed for patch testing purposes. The Topical Haptens manufactured by Chemotechnique are standardized and prepared by mixing high purity fine

particle ground raw material with an appropriate vehicle, such as high purity grade white petrolatum, using state of the art technology.

Patch Test Units



To ensure that the hapten remains in direct contact with the skin for the time required (48h) to create a standardized controlled reaction, a Patch Test Unit is needed. A Patch Test Unit is composed of sets of chambers mounted on an

adhesive tape. The purpose of the patch test chambers is to provide a defined areai in which the skin will be exposed to the haptens during the testing.

Patch Test Products





The IQ Chamber

The IQ chamber is the result of many years of product development and is most technologically advanced. The laminated tape/foam/ filter paper construction results in a comfortable chamber providing a unique closed-cell system which defines a test area and helps prevent leakage. The quadrate shape allows for easy differentiation between allergic and irritant reactions. This patented patch test chamber design is found in both IQ Ultra™ and IQ Ultimate™ Patch Test Units. The integrated filter papers make handling of loose filter papers redundant.

Adhesive chamber rim



The non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesive helps prevent hapten leakage and enhances the adhesion.

Foam frame for high comfort



The chambers are made of soft polyethylene foam for patient comfort.

Integrated filter paper



The integrated filter paper facilitates handling of liquid haptens.



Introducing BasIQ Ultra!

The same IQ experience - less environmental impact

For the first time ever, The IQ chamber is available in a Patch Test Unit design using protective liners effectively removing the need for a plastic cover plate.

The BasIQ Ultra™ is a Patch Test Unit specially suited for smaller clinics that do not preload haptens prior to patient appointments or for clinics used to open type Patch Test Units eager to experience the superior IQ experience.

By removing the cover plate the BaslQ Ultra™ has a smaller environmental impact due to less waste produced and the smaller physical footprint of the unit itself results in less materials used for product packaging. The removal also removes the need of an Application Device™ for hapten loading. To facilitate hapten placement a visual guide is included in the BaslQ Ultra™ product package.

Preloading set aside, the BasIQ Ultra shares all features found in the acclaimed IQ Ultra™ Patch Test Unit.



IQ Ultra™

25 ul

Quantity 100 Test Units Unit size (mm) 52 x 118 mm IQ Chambers/ Unit 10 pcs Rec.dose/ IQ Chamber

IQ Ultra™ (IQ-U)

IQ Ultra™ is the comfortable and reliable Patch Test Unit choice for the aid of diagnosis of contact allergy. The preloadable IQ Ultra™ features the acclaimed IQ Chambers mounted on hypoallergenic premium quality carrier tape.

IQ Chambers



The IQ chambers are made of soft polyethylene foam chamber with non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesive and have integrated filter papers.

Preloadable



Preloading increases efficiency as multiple tests can be prepared in advance. By using the **Application Device™**, loading of the test units is made efficient and time saving.

Aluminum free

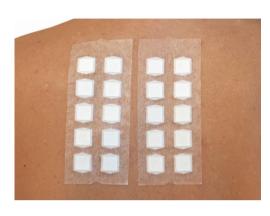


IQ Ultra™ does not have uncomfortable metal chambers that might react chemically to haptens.

Hypoallergenic material used



IQ Ultra[™] use non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesives and non-woven hypoallergenic carrier tape.



BasIQ Ultra™

Quantity
50 Test Units
Unit size (mm)
52 x 125 mm
IQ Chambers/
Unit
10 pcs
Rec.dose/
IQ Chamber
25 ul

BasIQ Ultra™ (BIQ-U)

IQ Ultra[™] is the comfortable and reliable Patch Test Unit choice for the aid of diagnosis of contact allergy. **BasIQ Ultra**[™] features the acclaimed IQ Chambers mounted on hypoallergenic premium quality carrier tape.

IQ Chambers



The IQ chambers are made of soft polyethylene foam chamber with non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesive and have integrated filter papers.

Aluminum free



BasIQ Ultra™ does not have uncomfortable metal chambers that might react chemically to haptens.

Hypoallergenic material used



BasIQ Ultra™ use non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesives and non-woven hypoallergenic carrier tape.

IQ Ultimate[™]



IQ Ultimate™

Quantity
100 Test Units
Unit size (mm)
52 x 118 mm
IQ Chambers/
Unit
10 pcs
Rec.dose/
IQ Chamber
25 µI

IQ Ultimate™ (IQ-UL)

IQ Ultimate™ is the elastic and water resistant Patch Test Unit choice for the aid of diagnosis of contact allergy in active patients. The preloadable IQ Ultimate™ features the acclaimed IQ Chambers mounted on hypoallergenic flexible carrier tape with superior adhesion.

IQ Chambers



The IQ chambers are made of soft polyethylene foam chamber with non-sensitising medical grade acrylic adhesive and have integrated filter papers.

Water resistant



The **IQ Ultimate™** carrier tape is water resistant allowing for moderate exercise and showers during the patch test procedure.

Highly elastic

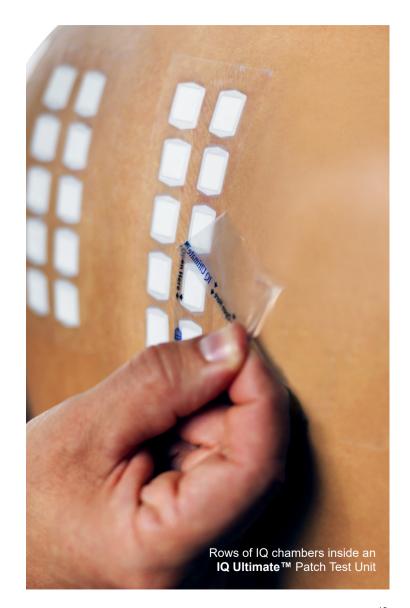


The elasticity of the **IQ Ultimate™** carrier tape permits patients to maintain an active lifestyle during the test period.

Preloadable



Preloading increases efficiency as multiple tests can be prepared in advance. By using the **Application Device™**, loading of the test units is made efficient and time saving.



Patch Test Accessories

Spot Tests



The Application Device (AP-P) significantly facilitates preloading multiple IQ Ultra™ or IQ Ultimate™ Patch Test Units. This is convenient when preparing test series in advance, such as a Baseline Series, for a suitable number of patients.

Syringe Cap Organizer



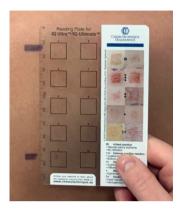
The device is equipped with a feature that facilitates the detachment and attachment

of the syringe caps without skin contact.

Fixates Patch Test Units



The design prevents the Patch Test Unit from sliding during application of the haptens.



The Reading Plate for IQ Ultra™/ IQ Ultimate™ (RP-P) facilitates reading and the interpretation of the skin reactions.

Easy Diagnosis



To facilitate visual diagnosis, reference pictures of allergic reactions are printed

on the Reading Plate.

The images are categorized in accordance with the definition recommended by the International Contact Dermatitis Research Group (ICDRG).



The **Chemo Skin Marker Medium™** is a long lasting skin marking tool specially suited for patch test site marking.

Distinct marking



The Chemo Skin Marker™
- Medium has a medium
ound (bullet) type tip for a
distinct marking. The skin

marker is non-toxic, non-irritating and non-tattooing.

Chemo Skin Markers™- Medium (SMM-4)

Chemo Skin Markers™ - Medium are provided in boxed sets of 4 units



Chemo Nickel Test™ (NT) and Chemo Cobalt Test™ (CoT) are one-component solutions that enable easy detection of free nickel or cobalt in metallic objects.

Rub & Compare



Rub a moistened cotton swab on the suspected metal object and

compare the result with the reference color.

Chemo Spot Tests

Volume:

8 ml (50 tests+)

Reagents:

Nickel: Dimethylglyoxime Cobalt: Nitroso-R salt

Topical Haptens



Chemotechnique offers the widest range of commercially available high quality Topical Haptens. The 500+ different preparations are available for purchase in sets of series or as individual preparations. The composition of the various Baseline Series, as well as the additional Screening Series, has been carefully selected based on the latest studies and in close co-operation with leading contact dermatitis societies.

Highest quality



The Topical Haptens are prepared using state of the art technology by grinding high purity raw materials down to extremely fine particle size. The ground particles are homogenized either with high purity grade white petrolatum

or with the appropriate highest purity liquid vehicles.

Preloading



Non-volatile Topical Haptens may be preloaded onto IQ Ultra™ or IQ Ultimate™ Patch Test Units prior to patient application. Hapten preparations that may not be preloaded are marked: □O NOT

Listed online



The composition of some series is not listed in this printed catalogue but only available for review online. These series are subject to irregular updates why consulting the **chemotechnique.se** for current composition is advised.

Affected series are marked with:

Topical Haptens:

Topical Haptens are delivered in either 5 ml syringes or in 8 ml dropper bottles which amounts to approximately 200 25µl doses..

Baseline Series



The haptens in a Baseline Series form the foundation for all routine patch testing. Chemotechnique has developed several regional and national Baseline Series in cooperation with local clinics and research groups. These

tailored Baseline Series enable efficient routine Patch testing with maintained high relevance.

In addition to Baseline Series, a Screening Series may be added based on the occupation and everyday exposure of the patient. Chemotechnique provides a number of such Screening Series, all of which are listed on the next page.

International Baseline Series:

European Baseline	(S-1000)
European Comprehensive Baseline	
International (Standard) Baseline	
International Comprehensive Baseline	
Latin American Baseline	
North American Baseline	(NA-1000)
North American Extended	(NAE-65)
North American Comprehensive	(NAC-80)
American Core Series	

National Baseline Series:

manorial Bacolino Corroct	
Australian Baseline	(ABS-1000)
Belgian Baseline	(BS-1000)
British Baseline	(GB-1000)
Chinese Baseline	(CB-1000)
Finnish Baseline	(FIN-1000)
Rungarian Baseline	
Indian Baseline	(ÌNS-1000)
Italian Baseline	(SIDAPA-1000)
Rorean Baseline	(KOR-1000)
Rew Zealand Baseline/Extended	(NZBS/NZBSE-1000)
Portuguese Baseline	(PB-1000)
Polish Baseline/Extended	(PST/PSE-1000)
Spanish Baseline	(SB-1000)
Swedish Baseline	

Tailored testing:

All Topical Haptens produced by Chemotechnique can be ordered separately, making customization of series possible. This is ideal when catering for patient specific exposure.

Hapten Series

International Baseline Series

European (Comprehensive) Baseline / (S-1000, ECB-1000) p. 26 p.28



The European Baseline (EBS) was the first defined Baseline Series and forms the foundation for many other Baseline Series. The Comprehensive Series includes additional

haptens for routine screening as recommended by the EBS branch of the European Society of Contact Dermatitis (**ESCD**)

International Baseline (IS-1000) p. 30



This Baseline Series is a selection of haptens based on the studies performed by the International Contact Dermatitis Research Group (ICDRG).

International Comprehensive Baseline (ICB-1000) p. 40



This extensive Baseline Series is ideal for physicians preferring comprehensive routine screening. The selection of haptens is based on the studies performed by the North

American Contact Dermatitis Group (NACDG).

Latin American Baseline (LA-1000) p. 36



This Baseline Series is a selection of haptens based on the studies performed by the Colegio Ibero-Latinoamericano de Dermatología (CILAD).

North American Baseline Series (NA-1000, NAE-65, NAC-80) p. 38/ p. 41/ p. 44



These Baseline Series are selections of haptens based on studies performed by the North American Contact Dermatitis Group (NACDG). The Series contains 50, 65 and 80 haptens

respectively, providing suitable Baseline Series for any clinic.

American Core Series (AC-1000) p.55



This Baseline Series is a selection of haptens recommended by the American Contact Dermatits Society (ACDS).

Screening Series



The Screening Series are used in combination with a Baseline Series to facilitate the screening of patients with occupational, or recreational, exposure to a defined set of haptens.

International Screening Series:

• Bakery(B-1000)
Corticosteroid(CS-1000)
• Cosmetic(C-1000)
Cutaneous Adverse Drug Reaction(CAD-1000)
Dental Screening(DS-1000)
Dental Materials - Patients(DMP-1000)
Dental Materials - Staff(DMS-1000)
• Epoxy(E-1000)
• Fragrance(F-1000)
• Hairdressing(H-1000)
• Implant(IMP-1000)
• Isocyanate(I-1000)
• Leg Ulcer(LU-1000)
• Medicament(ME-1000)
• Metal
(Meth) Acrylate - Adhesives, Dental, Printing & Other (MA-1000)
• (Meth) Acrylate - Artificial Nails(MN-1000)
• Oil & Cooling Fluid(O-1000)
• Photopatch(PP-1000)
• Plant
Plastic & Glue(PG-1000)
Rubber Additives(R-1000)
• Shoe(SH-1000)
• Sunscreen(SU-1000)
Textile Colors & Finish(TF-1000)

National Screening Series:

■ Indian Footwear		
Indian Cosmetic & Fragrance	(INC-1000))

Photopatch testing:

Photopatch Series test for reactions to irradiated and non-irradiated photohaptens. The test method when testing photopatch series differs from regular patch testing. Please visit

www.photopatch.eu for the ESCD approved methodology.

Hapten Series

International Screening Series

Bakery (B-1000) p. 51



This series is a selection of haptens (primarily preservatives and substances valued for their fragrance and taste) included in foods and pastries.

Corticosteroid (CS-1000) p. 52



This series is a selection of haptens found in topical pharmaceutical products such as corticosteroid creams and ointments.

Cosmetic (C-1000) p. 52



This series is a selection of haptens used for fragrance, preservation, sun protection and formulation of cosmetics and beauty products.

Cutaneous Adverse Drug Reaction (CAD-1000) p. 54



This series is a selection of haptens present in pharmaceutical products such as antibiotics, NSAID's and painkillers. These pharmaceutical products may cause systemic dermatitis.

Dental Screening (DS-1000) p. 55



This series is a selection of haptens, primarily metals and plastics, which **both patients and professionals** are exposed to in dental care.

Dental Materials - Patients (DMP-1000) p. 56



This series is a selection of haptens that primarily dental care **patients** are exposed to. These haptens include plastics, fragrances and materials used for mending teeth.

Dental Materials - Staff (DMS-1000) p. 57



This series is a selection of haptens that primarily dental care **professionals** are exposed to. These haptens include plastics, fragrances and materials used for mending teeth.

Epoxy (E-1000) p. 57



This series is a selection of haptens (primarily stabilizers, additives, resins and epoxies) professionals working with epoxy pastes and glues are exposed to.

Fragrance (F-1000) p. 58



This series is a selection of haptens (fragrances) found in perfumes, scented products, cleaning products and beauty products among others.

Hairdressing (H-1000) p. 59



This series is a selection of haptens that hairdressing professionals are exposed to. These haptens include coloring agents, stabilizers, metals and preservatives.

Implant (IMP-1000) p. 70



This series contains haptens which are included in metal implants, bone cement and antibiotics which are all known to cause contact allergy.

Isocyanate (I-1000) p. 70



This series is a selection of haptens (primarily chemicals that are used as stabilizers or additives in plastics) that professionals working with isocyanates are exposed to.

Leg Ulcer (LU-1000) p. 62



This series is a selection of haptens (substances used for their medical, preservative or formulative properties) which patients can be exposed to when being treated for leg ulcers.

Medicament (ME-1000) p. 63



This series is a selection of haptens that healthcare professionals are exposed to when medicating antibiotics and topical pharmaceutical products.

Metal (MET-1000) p. 64



This series is a selection of haptens (metals present in everyday objects such as jewelry, coins and tools) commonly causing contact allergy.

Metal Extended (METE-1000) p. 74



This series is an extension to the Metal Series, providing alternate concentrations, vehicles and markers to metals found in the Metal Series.

(Meth) Acrylate - Adhesives, Dental, Printing & Other (MA-1000) p. 74



This series is a selection of haptens that professionals working with acrylates in adhesives (primarily in the dental field) are exposed to.

(Meth) Acrylate - Nails Artificial Series (MN-1000) p. 67



This series is a selection of haptens (plastics and acrylates) found in artificial nails and products relating to the adhesion of artificial nails.

Oil & Cooling Fluid (O-1000) p. 67



This series is a selection of haptens (primarily stabilizers and preservatives) that professionals working with mechanical fluids are exposed to.

Photopatch (PP-1000) p. 65



This series is a selection of haptens (UV-blockers, additives and pharmaceutical compounds) present in skincare products protecting against the sun.

Plant (PL-1000) p. 69



This series is a selection of haptens (plant extracts) that outside their natural environment commonly are found in "natural / organic" beauty products.

Plastic & Glue (PG-1000) p. 70



This series is a selection of haptens (stabilizers, plastics, phthalates, preservatives and bactericides) that professionals working with plastics are exposed to.

Rubber Additive (R-1000) p. 70



This series is a selection of haptens (stabilizers, antioxidants, preservatives and bactericides) that professionals working with rubber are exposed to.

Shoe (SH-1000) p. 71



This series is a selection of haptens (tanning materials, coloring agents and preservatives/bactericides) that are found in shoes and in the shoe manufacturing industry.

Sunscreen (SU-1000) p. 72



This series is a selection of haptens (UV-blockers) found in skincare products that protect against the sun.

Textile Colors & Finish (TF-1000) p. 73



This series is a selection of haptens (primarily coloring agents and bactericides) found in textiles and clothes.



www.chemotechnique.se for both desktop and mobile

FAQ

How much does a syringe/bottle contain?



A syringe contains 5 ml of hapten preparation and a bottle contains 8 ml.

How many patients can be tested per syringe/bottle? Approximately 150 patients/syringe and bottle.

Which volume should I dispense onto each patch test chamber?



The recommended dose is 25 μ l. When applying haptens in petrolatum, dispense a 5 mm string into the IQ Patch Test Chamber (this corresponds to approximately 25 μ l or 20 mg). For liquid haptens, the same amount (20-25 μ l) is

produced by applying a single drop. Using a micropipette is however preferred.

Why are some hapten names written in CAPITAL letters?

Haptens names written in CAPITAL letters indicate that they are INCI* names. The use of INCI names facilitates detection of haptens in cosmetic products.

Is there any way to improve adhesion of the Patch Test Units?



The Chemotechnique Patch Test Units have excellent adhesive properties if applied correctly.

Make sure to always put pressure on the applied test unit with the palm of your hand for at least 5 seconds. The heat and pressure will ensure good adhesion.

^{*} INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients

Featured topics



European Baseline updated

The European Baseline Series (S-1000) and the European Comprehensive Baseline Series (ECB-1000) has been updated in 2023 following recommendations by the ESCD European Baseline taskforce.

The European Baseline series has been updated with the addition of Sodium metabisulfite (S-011), Benzisothiazolinone (B-003B) and Decyl glucoside (D-065). Further, Quaternium 15 (C-007A) has been removed.

The Comprehensive Baseline has in addition to the changes made to the Baseline series been expanded with both Sorbitan sesquiolate (S-005) and Sorbitan monooleate. Imidazolidinyl urea (I-001A) and Lauryl polyglucose has been removed from the comprehensive series

The new composition of both series can be found on page 26 and page 28 respectively.



Meet the Patch Tester

The Patch Tester, our quarterly e-magazine highlighting the most recent findings and advancements in the field of patch testing, has turned three years old!

Our motivation in creating the Patch Tester was to provide an outlet not only for the patch testing MD, but for everyone with an interest in patch testing; doctors, nurses and patients alike with the goal of presenting the latest hot topics in patch testing in an accessible format.

The Patch Tester is available free of charge and can be read at www.patchtester.com.

Something on your mind?

If you would like to contribute to the Patch Tester, please contact david.niklasson@chemotechnique.se.

Compostion of International Baseline Series

CAPITAL LETTERS: Indicates INCI name of substance.

DO NOT : Volatile hapten, not recommended for preloading.

European Baseline Series S-1000

	Compound	Conc. %(w/		Art. No.
1.	Potassium dichromate	0.5		P-014A
2.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD)	1.0	pet	P-006
3.	Thiuram mix	1.0	pet	Mx-01
	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25		
	- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25		
	- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25		
	- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)	0.25		
4.	Neomycin sulfate	20.0	pet	N-001
5.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate	1.0	pet	C-017A
6.	Caine mix III	10.0	pet	Mx-19
	- Benzocaine	5.0	-	
	- Dibucaine hydrochloride	2.5		
	- Tetracaine hydrochloride	2.5		
7.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	5.0	pet	N-002A
8.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate PONOT PRELOAD	2.0	pet	H-010
9.	COLOPHONIUM	20.0	pet	C-020
10.	Paraben mix	16.0	pet	Mx-03C
	- BUTYLPARABEN	4.0		
	- ETHYLPARABEN	4.0		
	- METHYLPARABEN	4.0		
	- PROPYLPARABEN	4.0		
11.	N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine (IPPD)	0.1	pet	I-004
12.	LANOLIN ALCOHOL	30.0	pet	W-001

	Compound	Conc. %(w	Veh. /w)	Art. No.
13.	Mercapto mix - N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide - Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS) - 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) - 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol (MOR)	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	pet	Mx-05A
15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A Peru balsam² 4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP) 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) FORMALDEHYDE Fragrance mix l² - AMYL CINNAMAL - CINNAMYL ALCOHOL - CINNAMAL - EUGENOL - GERANIOL - HYDROXYCITRONELLAL - ISOEUGENOL - Oakmoss absolute		pet pet pet pet aq pet	E-002 B-001 B-024 M-003A F-002B Mx-07
20.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone	0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03	3	Mx-18
21.	SODIUM METABISULFITE	1.0	pet	S-011
22.	Propolis		pet	P-022
23.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02	aq	C-009B
	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE PRICE	r D		
	Budesonide	0.01	pet	B-033B
	Tixocortol-21-pivalate	0.1	pet	T-031B
	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE	0.5	pet	D-049E
27.	Fragrance mix II PRENOT		pet	Mx-25
	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0		
	- COUMARIN	2.5 2.5		
	- FARNESOL- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENECARBOXALDEHYDE			
	- CITRAL	1.0		
	- CITRONELLOL	0.5		
28.	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE CARBOXALDEHYDE	5.0	pet	L-003

¹ Also present in European Baseline Series.

² Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 5%.

³ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 1%.

⁴ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 2%.

⁵ Contains DECYL GLUCOSIDE.

⁶ Present in national series. Visit www.chemotechnique.se for further information.

^{EC} Directive 2003/15/EC relating to cosmetic products.

	Compound	Conc. \ %(w/v		Art. No.		Compound	Conc %(w		Art. No.
30.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE Textile dye mix - Disperse Blue 35 - Disperse Orange 1 - DISPERSE ORANGE 3	0.2 a	•	M-035B B-003B Mx-30	13.	Mercapto mix ¹ - N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide - Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS) - 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) - 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol (MOR)	2.0	pet	Mx-05A
32.	- Disperse Red 1 - DISPERSE RED 17 - Disperse Yellow 3 - Disperse Blue 106 - Disperse Blue 124 DECYL GLUCOSIDE4	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.3 0.3 5.0		D-065 ry 2023	15. 16. 17. 18.	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A Peru balsam² 4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP) 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) FORMALDEHYDE Fragrance mix I¹² - AMYL CINNAMAL		pet pet pet pet aq pet	E-002 B-001 B-024 M-003A F-002B Mx-07
Eu Ba	ropean Comprehensive seline Series]	ECI	3-1000		- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL - CINNAMAL - EUGENOL	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0		
1. 2. 3.	Potassium dichromate p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) Thiuram mix¹	1.0	pet pet pet	P-014A P-006 Mx-01		GERANIOLHYDROXYCITRONELLALISOEUGENOLOakmoss absolute	1.0 1.0 1.0		
	 Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD) Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD) Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM) 	0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25			20.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone	0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03	3	Mx-18
4.	Neomycin sulfate	20.0		N-001		SODIUM METABISULFITE		pet	S-011
5. 6.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate Caine mix III¹ - Benzocaine	1.0 p 10.0 p 5.0		C-017A Mx-19		Propolis METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE + METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE	0.02	pet aq	P-022 C-009B
7	- Dibucaine hydrochloride - Tetracaine hydrochloride	2.5 2.5	4	N 002A	25.	Budesonide Tixocortol-21-pivalate	0.01 0.1		B-033B T-031B
7. 8. 9. 10.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate COLOPHONIUM Paraben mix¹ - BUTYLPARABEN - ETHYLPARABEN - METHYLPARABEN - PROPYLPARABEN		•	N-002A H-010 C-020 Mx-03C		METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE Fragrance mix II¹ - Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde - COUMARIN - FARNESOL - HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE CARBOXALDEHYDE - CITRAL	5.0 2.5 2.5	pet) pet	D-049E Mx-25
	N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine (IPPD)		pet	I-004	28.	- CITRONELLOL HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	0.5 5.0	pet	L-003
12.	LANOLIN ALCOHOL	30.0	μeι	W-001	29.	CARBOXALDEHYDE METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE	0.2	aq	M-035B

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc %(w		Art. No.
30.	BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE	0.1 pet	B-003B	7.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PRELOAD	25.0) pet	B-001
	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6 pet	Mx-30	8.	LANOLIN ALCOHOL ¹		pet	W-001
	- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		9.	Mercapto mix ¹		pet	Mx-05A
	- Disperse Orange 1	1.0			- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide		•	
	- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0			- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.5		
	- Disperse Red 1	1.0			- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.5		
	- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0			- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	0.5		
	- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0			(MOR)			
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.3		10.	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0	pet	E-002
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3		11.	4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)) ¹ 1.0	pet	B-024
32.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PRELOAD	5.0 pet	D-065	12.	Fragrance mix I12 PRELOAD	8.0	pet	Mx-07
	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.5 pet	B-015B		- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0		
34.	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pet	D-044A		- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0		
	2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one RELOAD	0.1 pet	O-004		- CINNAMAL	1.0		
36.	Compositae mix II PONOT	5.0 pet	Mx-29A		- EUGENOL	1.0		
	- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2			- GERANIOL	1.0		
	- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2			- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0		
	- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0			- ISOEUGENOL	1.0		
	- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0			- Oakmoss absolute	1.0		
	- Arnica montana extract	0.5			Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5	pet	N-002B
	- Parthenolide	0.1		14.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6	pet	Mx-30
	Hydroperoxides of Linalool RENT	1.0 pet	H-031A		- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		
	Hydroperoxides of Linalool RELOAD		H-031B		- Disperse Orange 1	1.0		
	Hydroperoxides of Limonene		H-032A		- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0		
	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RENOT	0.2 pet	H-032B		- Disperse Red 1	1.0		
	SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE		S-005		- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0		
42.	SORBITAN OLEATE	5.0 pet			- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0		
	Revi	ised Februa	ary 2023		- Disperse Blue 106	0.3		
.		TO	1000	4.5	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3		D 000D
Int	ternational Standard Series	15-	1000		Budesonide ¹		pet	B-033B
					QUATERNIUM-15		pet	C-007B
1.	Potassium dichromate ¹	0.5 pet	P-014A	17.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.215	aq	C-009E
	Neomycin sulfate ¹	20.0 pet	N-001	40	METHYLCHLORO-ISOTHIAZOLINONE		4	1.004.4
3.	Thiuram mix ¹	1.0 pet	Mx-01		IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA PONT	2.0	pet	I-001A
	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25			Tixocortol-21-pivalate ¹	0.1	pet	T-031B
	- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25			METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE	0.3	pet	D-049A
	- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25		۷١.	Carba mix	3.0	pet	Mx-06
	- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)				- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine			
	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹	1.0 pet	P-006		- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC			
	FORMALDEHYDE ¹ PREDATE PREDAT	2.0 aq	F-002B	22	- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0	not	C 0174
6.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0 pet	C-020	22.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0	per	C-017A

	Compound	Conc. Ve %(w/w)		Art. No.		•	%(w/		Art. No.
23.	Compositae mix II RENOT		et	Mx-29A	In	ternational Comprehensive			
	- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2			Ra	seline Series		ICF	3-1000
	- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2				Serific Series		ICL	1000
	- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0			4	Damasaina	- A	4	D 004
	- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0			1.	Benzocaine	5.0		B-004
	- Arnica montana extract	0.5			2.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)		pet	M-003B
0.4	- Parthenolide	0.1	_1	D 0444	3.	COLOPHONIUM¹	20.0	•	C-020
	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pe		D-044A	4.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹			P-006
25.	Fragrance mix II ¹ PRIONI	14.0 pe	еι	Mx-25	5.	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA			I-001A
	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0 2.5			6. 7.	CINNAMAL RESS Amerchol L-101	1.0 50.0	pet	C-014 A-004
	- COUMARIN	2.5			7. 8.	Carba mix		pet	Mx-06
	- FARNESOL- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE				Ο.		1.0	pet	IVIX-UU
	CARBOXALDEHYDE	2.5				- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC)			
	- CITRAL	1.0				- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0		
	- CITRONELLOL	0.5			9.	Neomycin sulfate ¹	20.0	net	N-001
26	Phenol formaldehyde resin (PFR2) RENTIL	1.0 pe	o t	P-005		Thiuram mix ¹		pet	Mx-01
	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE			L-003	10.	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25	her	IVIX-U I
21.	CARBOXALDEHYDE ¹	3.0 pt	Ει	L-003		Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25		
28	N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine	0.1 ne	ρŧ	I-004		- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25		
20.	(IPPD) ¹	0.1 pt	O.	1-00-					
29.	Paraben mix ¹	16.0 pe	et	Mx-03C	11.	Clobetasol-17-propionate	1.0	pet	C-028
	- BUTYLPARABEN	4.0				Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0	pet	E-005
	- ETHYLPARABEN	4.0				Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0	pet	E-002
	- METHYLPARABEN	4.0				QUATERNIÚM-15 ¹	2.0	pet	C-007B
	- PROPYLPARABEN	4.0				4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)1	1.0	pet	B-024
30.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	0.1 pe	et	Mx-18		Mercapto mix ¹	2.0	pet	Mx-05A
	- Alantolactone	0.033				- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide	0.5	•	
	- Costunolide	0.033				- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.5		
	- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033				- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.5		
	Revised January 2021					 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol (MOR) 	0.5		
					17.	1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
					18.	Potassium dichromate	0.25	pet	P-014B
					19.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PO NOT PRELOAD	25.0	pet	B-001
					20.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5	pet	N-002B
					21.	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	1.0	pet	D-044C
					22.	TOCOPHEROL PO NOT PRELOAD	100		T-036
						Bacitracin	20.0	pet	B-032B
					24.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea	1.0	pet	Mx-24
						- N,N´-Dibutylthiourea	0.5		
						- N,N´-Diethylthiourea	0.5		
	•	0.033			18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.	- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol (MOR) 1,3-Diphenylguanidine Potassium dichromate Peru balsam¹.² Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate DIAZOLIDINYL UREA TOCOPHEROL Bacitracin Mixed dialkyl thiourea - N,N'-Dibutylthiourea	0.5 1.0 0.25 25.0 2.5 1.0 100 20.0 1.0 0.5	pet pet pet pet pet	P-014B B-001 N-002B D-044C T-036 B-032B

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. %(w		Art. No.
25.	DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0 pet	D-032	48.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6	pet	Mx-30
26.	Paraben mix	12.0 pet	Mx-03A		- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		
	- BUTYLPARABEN	3.0			- Disperse Orange 1	1.0		
	- ETHYLPARABEN	3.0			- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0		
	- METHYLPARABEN	3.0			- Disperse Red 1	1.0		
	- PROPYLPARABEN	3.0			- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0		
27.	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5 pet	D-049E		- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0		
28.	Fragrance mix I ¹² POR NOT PRELOAD	8.0 pet	Mx-07		- Disperse Blue 106	0.3		
	- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0			- Disperse Blue 124	0.3		
	- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0			Tea tree oil oxidized RENOT	5.0	pet	T-035B
	- CINNAMAL	1.0		50.	Fragrance mix II ¹ DO NOT PRELOAD	14.0	pet	Mx-25
	- EUGENOL	1.0			- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0		
	- GERANIOL	1.0			- COUMARIN	2.5		
	- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0			- FARNESOL	2.5		
	- ISOEUGENOL	1.0			- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	2.5		
	- Oakmoss absolute	1.0			CARBOXALDEHYDE			
	GLUTARAL ² PRELOAD	1	G-003B		- CITRAL	1.0		
	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.5 pet	B-015B		- CITRONELLOL	0.5		
31.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	0.1 pet	Mx-18		Disperse Yellow 3	1.0	pet	D-036
	- Alantolactone	0.033			BENZYL SALICYLATE	10.0		B-010B
	- Costunolide	0.033			DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PRINCE	5.0	pet	D-065
00	- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033	T 007		METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ PRINCE	0.2	aq	M-035B
	THIMEROSAL	0.1 pet			2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PONT	2.0	pet	H-010
	Propolis ¹	10.0 pet	P-022		DMDM HYDANTOIN ³ PRIMATE OF THE PRI	1.0	pet	D-047B
	BENZOPHENONE-3	1	H-014C		Ylang ylang oil PRIOT	2.0	pet	Y-001
	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	1.0 pet	C-010B		BENZYL ALCOHOL PRICAD	10.0		B-008B
30.	Ethyleneurea, melamine formaldehyde mix ² Ethyleneurea, melamine formaldehyde mix ² Ethylene urea	∄5.0 pet 4.0	Mx-16		ISOPROPYL MYRISTATE	20.0		I-003 H-032A
	-Melamine formaldehyde	1.0			Hydroperoxides of Limonene Desoximetasone	0.3 1.0	pet	D-057
27	2-tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA)	2.0 pet	B-022		POLYSORBATE 80	5.0	pet pet	P-013
	Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	0.5 pet	G-005A		IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.2	pet	I-008C
	Ethyl acrylate RENT		E-004		2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	0.2	pet	O-004
	GLYCERYL THIOGLYCOLATE REMAIN		G-004		Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0	pet	Mx-26
	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0 pet	T-010	00.	- Disperse Blue 106	0.5	por	WIX-20
	Methyl methacrylate REST	2.0 pet	M-013		- Disperse Blue 124	0.5		
	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹		C-017A	66.	Compositae mix II RNSI	5.0	pet	Mx-29A
	Tixocortol-21-pivalate		T-031A		- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2	P • •	0, .
	Budesonide	0.1 pet	B-033A		- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2		
	COCAMIDE DEA	0.5 pet	C-019		- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0		
	TRIETHANOLAMINE	2.0 pet	T-016		- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0		
-	-		-		- Arnica montana extract	0.5		
					- Parthenolide	0.1		
0.4								25

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
67.	Lidocaine	15.0 pet	L-002B	11.	N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine	0.1 pet	I-004
68.	Fusidic acid sodium salt	2.0 pet	F-003		(IPPD) ¹		
69.	Dibucaine hydrochloride	2.5 pet	D-005B	12.	LANOLIN ALCOHOL ¹	30.0 pet	W-001
70.	Benzoylperoxide	1.0 pet	B-007	13.	Mercapto mix ¹	2.0 pet	Mx-05A
71.	ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet	I-009		- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide	0.5	
	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	5.0 pet	L-003		- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.5	
	CARBOXALDEHYDE ¹	-			- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.5	
73.	ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE	5.0 pet	O-007A		- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	0.5	
74.	Hydroperoxides of Linalool RELOAD	1.0 pet	H-031A		(MOR)		
75.	Amidoamine PRELOAD	0.1 aq	A-029		Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0 pet	E-002
76.	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRELOAD	1.0 aq	C-018	15.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PO NOT PRELOAD	25.0 pet	B-001
77.	FORMALDEHYDE1 PO NOT PRELOAD	2.0 aq	F-002B	16.	4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)1	1.0 pet	B-024
78.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02 aq	C-009B	17.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) ¹	2.0 pet	M-003A
	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE¹	OT DAD		18.	FORMALDEHYDE PRELOAD	1.0 pet	F-002C
79.	PROPYLENE GLYCOL PO NOT PRELOAD	30.0 aq	P-019B	19.	Fragrance mix I ¹² POR NOT	8.0 pet	Mx-07
80.	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE RELOA	0.1 aq	O-005		- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0	
	Revi	sed Janua	ary 2018		- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0	
					- CINNAMAL	1.0	
La	tin American Baseline Seri	es LA	-1000		- EUGENOL	1.0	
_					- GERANIOL	1.0	
1.	Potassium dichromate ¹	0.5 pet	P-014A		- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0	
2.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹	1.0 pet	P-006		- ISOEUGENOL	1.0	
3.	Thiuram mix ¹	1.0 pet	Mx-01		- Oakmoss absolute	1.0	
	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25		20.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	0.1 pet	Mx-18
	- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25			- Alantolactone	0.033	
	- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25			- Costunolide	0.033	
	- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)	0.25			- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033	
4.	Neomycin sulfate ¹	20.0 pet	N-001		QUATERNIUM-15 ¹	1.0 pet	C-007A
5.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0 pet	C-017A		2-Methoxy-6-n-pentyl-4-benzoquinone	0.01 pet	M-008
6.	Caine mix III ¹	10.0 pet	Mx-19	23.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.01 aq	C-009A
	- Benzocaine	5.0		0.4	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE		D 000D
	 Dibucaine hydrochloride 	2.5			Budesonide ¹	0.01 pet	B-033B
	 Tetracaine hydrochloride 	2.5 2.5			Tixocortol-21-pivalate ¹	0.1 pet	T-031B
7.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate ¹	5.0 pet	N-002A		METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5 pet	D-049E
8.	Clioquinol	5.0 pet	C-015	21.	Fragrance mix II ¹ PREDATE	14.0 pet	Mx-25
9.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0 pet	C-020		- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0	
10.	Paraben mix ¹	16.0 pet	Mx-03C		- COUMARIN	2.5	
	- BUTYLPARABEN	4.0			- FARNESOL	2.5	
	- ETHYLPARABEN	4.0			- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	2.5	
	- METHYLPARABEN	4.0			CARBOXALDEHYDE	1.0	
	- PROPYLPARABEN	4.0			- CITRAL	1.0 0.5	
					- CITRONELLOL	0.5	

	Compound	Conc %(w		Art. No.		Compound	Conc.		Art. No.
28.	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	•	,	L-003	8.	Carba mix	3.0	pet	Mx-06
	CARBOXALDEHYDE ¹					- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0		
29.	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0	pet	T-010		- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC)1.0		
	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRINT	1.0	aq	C-018		- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0		
	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0	pet	D-044A	9.	Neomycin sulfate¹	20.0	pet	N-001
	PROPYL GALLATE	1.0	pet	P-021	10.	Thiuram mix ¹	1.0	pet	Mx-01
	Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate	3.0	pet	S-017		- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25		
	THIMEROSAL	0.1	pet	T-007		- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25		
35.	Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0	pet	Mx-26		 Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD) 	0.25		
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.5				- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)		,	
0.0	- Disperse Blue 124	0.5				FORMALDEHYDE ¹ PO NOT	2.0	aq	F-002B
36.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea	1.0	pet	Mx-24		Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0	pet	E-005
	- N,N´-Dibutylthiourea	0.5				Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0	pet	E-002
0.7	- N,N'-Diethylthiourea	0.5		N 005D		QUATERNIUM-15 ¹	2.0	pet	C-007B
	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹	0.2	aq	M-035B		4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)		pet	B-024
38.	Carba mix	3.0	pet	Mx-06		Ylang ylang oil RENOT	2.0	pet	Y-001
	- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0				1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
	- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC	,				Potassium dichromate		pet	P-014B
20	- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0		11.004D		Peru balsam ^{1,2} PO NOT	25.0	-	B-001
	Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate	1.0		H-021B		Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5	pet	N-002B
40.	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0		I-001A d 2015		DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	1.0	pet	D-044C
		muc	uuce	1 2015		DMDM HYDANTOIN	1.0	pet	D-047B
ът	- utl- A D1: C		B.T.A	1000		Bacitracin		pet	B-032B
170	orth American Baseline Ser	ies	NA	<u>-1000</u>	24.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea	1.0 0.5	pet	Mx-24
						N,N´-DibutylthioureaN,N´-Diethylthiourea	0.5		
1.	Benzocaine	5.0	pet	B-004	25	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02	200	C-009B
2.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6	pet	Mx-30	25.	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹		aq	C-009D
	- Disperse Blue 35	1.0			26	Paraben mix		pet	Mx-03A
	- Disperse Orange 1	1.0			20.	- BUTYLPARABEN	3.0	per	IVIX-USA
	- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0				- ETHYLPARABEN	3.0		
	- Disperse Red 1	1.0				- METHYLPARABEN	3.0		
	- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0				- PROPYLPARABEN	3.0		
	- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0			27	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5	pet	D-049E
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.3				Fragrance mix I ¹² PRENTED TO THE PROPERTY OF	8.0	pet	Mx-07
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3			20.	- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0	por	WIX O1
3.	COLOPHONIUM ¹		pet			- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0		
4.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹	1.0	pet	P-006		- CINNAMAL	1.0		
5.	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0	pet	I-001A		- EUGENOL	1.0		
6.	CINNAMAL PONOT	1.0	pet	C-014		- GERANIOL	1.0		
7.	Amerchol L-101	50.0	pet	A-004		- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0		
						- ISOEUGENOL	1.0		
38						- Oakmoss absolute	1.0		

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. %(w/		Art. No.
	GLUTARAL ² POR NOT PRELOAD	0.5 pet	G-003B	No	orth American 65 Extended			
	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.5 pet	B-015B		eries		ΝΙΔ	E-65
31.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	0.1 pet	Mx-18	50	.1165		INI	L-05
	- Alantolactone	0.033		_	B .	- 0		D 004
	- Costunolide	0.033		1.	Benzocaine		pet	B-004
00	- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033	M 05	2.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) ¹		pet	M-003B
32.	Fragrance mix II ¹ PRESENT	14.0 pet	Mx-25	3.	COLOPHONIUM¹	20.0		C-020
	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0		4.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹		pet	P-006
	- COUMARIN	2.5		5.	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA		pet	I-001A
	- FARNESOL	2.5		6. 7.	CINNAMAL DO NOT		pet	C-014 A-004
	- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	2.5		7. 8.	Amerchol L-101	50.0 3.0	pet	Mx-06
	CARBOXALDEHYDE - CITRAL	1.0		0.	Carba mix	1.0	pet	IVIX-UU
	- CITRAL - CITRONELLOL	0.5			- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC			
22	PROPYLENE GLYCOL PROPYLENE GLYCOL	30.0 aq	P-019B		- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0		
	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PRIODI	2.0 pet	H-010	9.	Neomycin sulfate ¹	20.0	net	N-001
	Propolis ¹	10.0 pet	P-022		Thiuram mix ¹		pet	Mx-01
	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RESS	0.3 pet	H-032A	10.	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25	per	IVIX-U I
	IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.3 pet	I-008C		- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25		
	Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0 pet	Mx-26		- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25		
00.	- Disperse Blue 106	0.5	IVIX-20		- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)			
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.5		11	FORMALDEHYDE PREDATE		aq	F-002B
39	Ethyl acrylate	0.0 0.1 pet	E-004		Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride		pet	E-005
	Hydroperoxides of Linalool	1.0 pet	H-031A		Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹		pet	E-002
	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0 pet	T-010		QUATERNIUM-15 ¹		pet	C-007B
	Methyl methacrylate RNSI	2.0 pet	M-013		4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)		pet	B-024
	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0 pet	C-017A		Mercapto mix		pet	Mx-05B
	Tixocortol-21-pivalate	0.1 pet	T-031A		- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide	0.25	'	
	Budesonide	0.1 pet	B-033A		- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.25		
	Compositae mix II PRELOAD	5.0 pet	Mx-29A		- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.25		
	- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2			- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	0.25		
	- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2			(MOR)			
	- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0		17.	1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
	- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0		18.	Potassium dichromate	0.25	pet	P-014B
	- Arnica montana extract	0.5		19.	Peru balsam	25.0	pet	B-001
	- Parthenolide	0.1		20.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5	pet	N-002B
47.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PO NOT PRELOAD	5.0 pet	D-065	21.		1.0	pet	D-044C
	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE PRINCE	0.1 aq	O-005	22.	DMDM HYDANTOIN		pet	D-047B
	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRELOAD	1.0 aq	C-018	23.	Bacitracin	20.0	pet	B-032B
50.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ PRINT	0.2 aq	M-035B					
	Revi	sed Janua	ry 2018					

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. %(w		Art. No.
24.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea	1.0 pet 0.5	Mx-24	38.	Disperse Blue mix 106/124 - Disperse Blue 106	1.0 0.5	pet	Mx-26
	- N,N´-Dibutylthiourea	0.5			- Disperse Blue 124	0.5		
O.F.	- N,N´-Diethylthiourea METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +		C-009B	30	Ethyl acrylate RING	0.3	net	E-004
25.	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹	0.02 aq	C-009B		Hydroperoxides of Linalool RENST	1.0	pet	H-031A
26	Paraben mix	12.0 pet	Mx-03A		Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0		T-010
20.	- BUTYLPARABEN	3.0	IVIX-USA		Methyl methacrylate RENGE	2.0	pet	M-013
	- ETHYLPARABEN	3.0			Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0	pet	C-017A
	- METHYLPARABEN	3.0			Tixocortol-21-pivalate	0.1	pet	T-031A
	- PROPYLPARABEN	3.0			Budesonide	0.1	pet	B-033A
27	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5 pet	D-049E	46.	Compositae mix II PORTO	5.0	pet	Mx-29A
	Fragrance mix I ¹² RENOTE	8.0 pet	Mx-07		- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2	•	
	- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0			- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2		
	- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0			- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0		
	- CINNAMAL	1.0			- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0		
	- EUGENOL	1.0			- Arnica montana extract	0.5		
	- GERANIOL	1.0			- Parthenolide	0.1		
	- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0		47.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6	pet	Mx-30
	- ISOEUGENOL	1.0			- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		
	- Oakmoss absolute	1.0			- Disperse Orange 1	1.0		
29.	GLUTARAL ² PO NOT PRELOAD	0.5 pet	G-003B		- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0		
30.	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.5 pet	B-015B		- Disperse Red 1	1.0		
31.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	0.1 pet	Mx-18		- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0		
	- Alantolactone	0.033			- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0		
	- Costunolide	0.033			- Disperse Blue 106	0.3		
	- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033		40	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3		0.005
32.	Fragrance mix II ¹ PO NOT	14.0 pet	Mx-25		OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE PORT		aq	O-005
	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0			COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRIOR	1.0	aq	C-018
	- COUMARIN	2.5			METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ PROPRIED	0.2		M-035B L-002B
	- FARNESOL	2.5			Lidocaine	15.0 2.5		D-005B
	- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	2.5			Dibucaine hydrochloride DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴	5.0	pet pet	D-005B D-065
	CARBOXALDEHYDE	1.0			Clobetasol-17-propionate	1.0	pet	C-028
	- CITRAL	1.0 0.5			Amidoamine	0.1	ag	A-029
22	- CITRONELLOL		P-019B		2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ RENOT	2.0	pet	H-010
	PROPYLENE GLYCOL RESSENSION BENZOPHENONE-3	30.0 aq 10.0 pet	H-014C		Desoximetasone	1.0	pet	D-057
	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	1.0 pet	C-010B		HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE		pet	L-003
	Hydroperoxides of Limonene State	0.3 pet	H-032A	00.	CARBOXALDEHYDE ¹	0.0	Por	_ 000
	IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.5 pet	I-008C	59.	BENZYL ALCOHOL PREDATE	10.0	sof	B-008B
07.	iobo. Not invie bot teo/ (No/ (W// (Te	0.2 pot			TOCOPHEROL PRIOTI	100		T-036
					Propolis ¹	10.0	pet	P-022
					•		•	

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. V %(w/w		Art. No.
	Fusidic acid sodium salt		F-003		Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5 p		N-002B
	COCAMIDE DEA	0.5 pet	C-019		DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	1.0 p	oet	D-044C
	Tea tree oil oxidized RENOT		T-035B		TOCOPHEROL PRELOAD	100		T-036
65.	Ylang ylang oil RELOW		Y-001		Bacitracin	20.0 p		B-032B
	Re	vised Janua	ry 2018	24.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea		oet	Mx-24
3 T	11 4				- N,N´-Dibutylthiourea	0.5		
	orth American 80			25	- N,N´-Diethylthiourea DISPERSE ORANGE 3	0.5 1.0 p	aat	D-032
C	omprehensive Series	N	AC-80		Paraben mix	12.0 p		Mx-03A
	•			20.	- BUTYLPARABEN	3.0	Jei	IVIX-UJA
1.	Benzocaine	5.0 pet	B-004		- ETHYLPARABEN	3.0		
2.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	1.0 pet	M-003B		- METHYLPARABEN	3.0		
3.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0 pet	C-020		- PROPYLPARABEN	3.0		
4.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹	1.0 pet	P-006	27.	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹		oet	D-049E
5.	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA `	2.0 pet	I-001A		Fragrance mix I ¹² PRELOAD		oet	Mx-07
6.	CINNAMAL PO NOT	1.0 pet	C-014		- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0		
7.	Amerchol L-101	50.0 pet	A-004		- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0		
8.	Carba mix	3.0 pet	Mx-06		- CINNAMAL	1.0		
	- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0			- EUGENOL	1.0		
	- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZB	,			- GERANIOL	1.0		
_	- Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)	1.0			- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0		
9.	Neomycin sulfate¹	20.0 pet	N-001		- ISOEUGENOL	1.0		
10.	Thiuram mix ¹	1.0 pet	Mx-01		- Oakmoss absolute	1.0		
	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25			GLUTARAL ² PRINCE AND AND A DIOL		oet	G-003B
	- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25 0.25			2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL		oet	B-015B
	Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)			31.	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹ - Alantolactone	0.1 p	oet	Mx-18
11	Clobetasol-17-propionate	,	C-028		- Costunolide	0.033		
	Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0 pet	E-005		- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033		
	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0 pet	E-002	32	THIMEROSAL	0.000 0.1 p		T-007
	QUATERNIUM-15 ¹	2.0 pet	C-007B		Propolis ¹	10.0 p		P-022
	4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP	- 1	B-024		BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0 p		H-014C
	Mercapto mix	1.0 pet	Mx-05B		CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)		oet	C-010B
	- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenami				Ethyleneurea, melamine formaldehyde mix ²		oet	Mx-16
	- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.25			-Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea	4.0		
	- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.25			-Melamine formaldehyde			
	- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	0.25			2-tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA)	2.0 p	oet	B-022
	(MOR)				Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	0.5 p	oet	G-005A
	1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0 pet			Ethyl acrylate RELOX		oet	E-004
	Potassium dichromate	0.25 pet	P-014B		GLYCERYL THIOGLYCOLATE PRINT		oet	G-004
19.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PERU DELIAN	25.0 pet	B-001	41.	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0 p	oet	T-010

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
42.	Methyl methacrylate PRELOAD	2.0 pet	M-013	66.	Compositae mix II RELOAD	5.0 pet	Mx-29A
43.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0 pet	C-017A		- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2	
	Tixocortol-21-pivalate	1.0 pet	T-031A		- Chamomilla recutita extract	1.2	
45.	Budesonide	0.1 pet	B-033A		- Achillea millefolium extract	1.0	
46.	COCAMIDE DEA	0.5 pet	C-019		- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0	
47.	TRIETHANOLAMINE	2.0 pet	T-016		- Arnica montana extract	0.5	
48.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6 pet	Mx-30		- Parthenolide	0.1	
	- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		67.	Lidocaine	15.0 pet	L-002B
	- Disperse Orange 1	1.0		68.	Fusidic acid sodium salt	2.0 pet	F-003
	- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0		69.	Dibucaine hydrochloride	2.5 pet	D-005B
	- Disperse Red 1	1.0		70.	Benzoylperoxide	1.0 pet	B-007
	- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0		71.	ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet	I-009
	- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0		72.	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	5.0 pet	L-003
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.3			CARBOXALDEHYDE ¹		
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3			ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE	5.0 pet	O-007A
	Tea tree oil oxidized PO NOT	5.0 pet	T-035B		Hydroperoxides of Linalool RENOT	1.0 pet	H-031A
50.	Fragrance mix II ¹ PRELOAD	14.0 pet	Mx-25	75.	Amidoamine PONOT	0.1 aq	A-029
	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0		76.	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRELOCATION	1.0 aq	C-018
	- COUMARIN	2.5		77.	FORMALDEHYDE ¹ PRELOAD	2.0 aq	F-002B
	- FARNESOL	2.5		78.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02 aq	C-009B
	- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	2.5			METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ REM		
	CARBOXALDEHYDE				PROPYLENE GLYCOL PRINT	30.0 aq	P-019B
	- CITRAL	1.0		80.	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE		O-005
	- CITRONELLOL	0.5			Revi	sed Janua	ry 2018
	Disperse Yellow 3	1.0 pet	D-036				
	BENZYL SALICYLATE	10.0 pet	B-010B	Αı	nerican Core Series	AC-10	000
	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PONOT	5.0 pet	D-065		Herican Core Series	110 10	
	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ DENOM	0.2 aq	M-035B		N: 1 1/10 16 ()	0.5	
	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PONOTE NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF	2.0 pet	H-010	1.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	2.5 pet	
	DMDM HYDANTOIN ³ PRELOAD	1.0 pet	D-047B	2.	Amerchol L-101	50.0 pet	A-004
	Ylang ylang oil RNO	2.0 pet	Y-001	3.	Neomycin sulfate ¹	20.0 pet	N-001
	BENZYL ALCOHOL PRIORI	10.0 sof	B-008B	4.	Potassium dichromate	0.25 pet	P-014B
	ISOPROPYL MYRISTATE	20.0 pet	I-003	5.	DMDM HYDANTOIN3 DO NOT	1.0 pet	D-047B
	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RELOW	0.3 pet	H-032A	6.	Fragrance mix I ¹² PRENOT	8.0 pet	Mx-07
	Desoximetasone	1.0 pet	D-057		- AMYL CINNAMAL	1.0	
	POLYSORBATE 80	5.0 pet	P-013		- CINNAMYL ALCOHOL	1.0	
	IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.2 pet	I-008C		- CINNAMAL	1.0	
	2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one River Tries 4.06/43.4	0.1 pet	O-004		- EUGENOL	1.0	
65.	Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0 pet	Mx-26		- GERANIOL	1.0	
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.5			- HYDROXYCITRONELLAL	1.0	
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.5			- ISOEUGENOL - Oakmoss absolute	1.0 1.0	
40					- Oakiiloss absolute	1.0	47

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Benzocaine Tixocortol-21-pivalate		pet	B-004 T-031A
7.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0 pet	C-020		Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	2.0	pet pet	G-005B
8.	Paraben mix	12.0 pet			IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA		pet	I-001A
0.	- BUTYLPARABEN	3.0	WIX-00/ C		Budesonide	0.1	pet	B-033A
	- ETHYLPARABEN	3.0			Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate	1.0	pet	H-021B
	- METHYLPARABEN	3.0			2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)		pet	M-003B
	- PROPYLPARABEN	3.0			Bacitracin	20.0		B-032B
9.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ RENSE	0.2 aq	M-035B		Fragrance mix II ¹ PRENOT	14.0		Mx-25
	Peru balsam ^{1,2} POR NOT	25.0 pet	B-001	J - 1.	- Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde	5.0	pcı	IVIX-20
	Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0 pet	E-005		- COUMARIN	2.5		
	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0 pet	C-017A		- FARNESOL	2.5		
	4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBP)	¹ 1.0 pet	B-024		- HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE			
	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0 pet	E-002		CARBOXALDEHYDE			
	Carba mix	3.0 pet	Mx-06		- CITRAL	1.0		
	- 1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0			- CITRONELLOL	0.5		
	- ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC	()1.0		35.	Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0	pet	Mx-26
	 Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC) 	1.0			- Disperse Blue 106	0.5		
16.	Black rubber mix	0.6 pet	Mx-04		- Disperse Blue 124	0.5		
	- N-Cyclohexyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamin	e0.25		36.	Lidocaine	15.0	pet	L-002B
	 N,N´-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine 	0.25		37.	PROPYLENE GLYCOL PO NOT PRELOAD	30.0	aq	P-019B
	- N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine	e 0.1		38.	IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.2	pet	I-008C
	(IPPD)			39.	Polymyxin B sulfate	5.0	pet	P-026
17.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.01 aq	C-009A	40.	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PRELOAD	1.0	aq	C-018
40	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹ IN A 151		0.0070	41.	Mixed dialkyl thiourea	1.0	pet	Mx-24
	QUATERNIUM-15 ¹	2.0 pet	C-007B		- N,N´-Dibutylthiourea	0.5		
	Hydroperoxides of Linalool RENT	0.5 pet	H-031B		- N,N'-Diethylthiourea	0.5		
	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹ FORMALDEHYDE ¹ 際認	1.0 pet	P-006 F-002B		3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine		aq	D-053
	Mercapto mix	2.0 aq 1.0 pet	Mx-05B		2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PRODUCTION OF THE		pet	H-010
22.	- N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamid		IVIX-UJD		OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE		aq	O-005
	- Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	0.25			DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PRIOTI		pet	D-065
	- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)	0.25			Methyl methacrylate PONOT	2.0	pet	M-013
	- 2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	0.25			Lavender absolute RENCE CINNAMAL RENCE CINNAMA RENCE	2.0 1.0	pet pet	L-001 C-014
	(MOR)	0.20			TOCOPHEROL PONOT	100	per	T-036
23.	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.5 pet	B-015B		Ethyl acrylate RENT	0.1	pet	E-004
	Thiuram mix ¹	1.0 pet	Mx-01		Tea tree oil oxidized RENT		pet	T-035B
	- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25			CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE PRINT		aq	C-005
	- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25			Propolis ¹	10.0		P-022
	- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25			CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)		pet	C-010B
	- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)	0.25			BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0		H-014C
25.	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	1.0 pet	D-044C	56.	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	10.0		T-010
					,		•	

	Compound			Art. No.
57	Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹	%(w/	•	Mx-18
01.	- Alantolactone	0.033	-	WIX 10
	- Costunolide	0.033		
	- Dehydrocostus lactone	0.033		
58.	-	0.5	pet	C-019
59.	Hydroperoxides of Limonene	0.2	pet	H-032B
	BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE	0.1	aq	B-027
61.	BENZOPHENONE-4	2.0	pet	H-023C
62.	SODIUM BENZOATE	5.0	pet	S-001
63.	SORBIC ACID	2.0	pet	S-003
64.	Ylang ylang oil RELOAD	2.0	pet	Y-001
65.		5.0	pet	Mx-29A
	- Anthemis nobilis extract	1.2		
	 Chamomilla recutita extract 	1.2		
	 Achillea millefolium extract 	1.0		
	- Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0		
	- Arnica montana extract	0.5		
	- Parthenolide	0.1		
66.	,		pet	Mx-16
	-Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea	4.0		
	-Melamine formaldehyde			
	SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE		pet	
	1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
69.	HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE	5.0	pet	L-003
70	CARBOXALDEHYDE EC,1	E 0	not	E 027
	ETHYLHEXYLGLYCERIN Triamcinolone acetonide	5.0 1.0	pet	E-027 T-030
	Clobetasol-17-propionate	1.0	pet pet	C-028
	Amidoamine RENOTE Amidoamine	0.1	ad	A-029
	ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE PONOTI	10.0		E-023
	PHENOXYETHANOL PRECOM	1.0	pet	P-025
	DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0	pet	
	BENZOIC ACID	5.0	pet	B-002
	BHT	2.0	pet	D-006
	ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE		pet	
	BENZYL ALCOHOL PRILOZD		sof	
81.	CETEARYL ALCOHOL	20.0	pet	C-033
	Carmine	2.5	pet	
83.	BENZYL SALICYLATE		pet	
84.	Disperse Yellow 3	1.0	pet	
85.	Jasmine absolute PONOT	2.0	pet	J-002

	Compound	Conc. %(w/		Art. No.
86.	Peppermint oil PO NOTI	2.0	pet	P-036
87.	Pramoxine hydrochloride	2.0	pet	P-039
88.	SHELLAC DO NOT	20.0	alc	S-015
89.	LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE RELOAD	3.0	pet	L-004
90.	p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL (PCMC)	1.0	pet	C-008
		Revised Ja	anuar	v 2022

Compostion of International Screening Series

Bakery Series	B-1000
1. VANILLIN 2. EUGENOL SSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS	10.0 pet V-001 2.0 pet E-016 2.0 pet I-002 5.0 pet S-001 2.0 pet D-006 2.0 pet M-002 2.0 pet C-013 1.0 pet C-014 2.0 pet B-022 5.0 pet A-015 2.0 pet S-003 5.0 pet B-005 3.0 pet B-005 3.0 pet B-005 3.0 pet B-0018 0.25 pet O-002 0.3 pet H-032A 2.5 pet A-011 1.0 pet B-007 1.0 pet B-007 1.0 pet P-021 0.25 pet D-042 1.0 pet Mx-28B 0.25 0.5 0.25
	Revised January 2018

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
Co	orticosteroid Series	ČS.	-1000	17.	Paraben mix ¹	16.0 pet	Mx-03C
					- BUTYLPARABEN	4.0	
1	Budesonide ¹	0.01 pet	D 022D		- ETHYLPARABEN	4.0	
1. 2.	Betamethasone-17-valerate	1.0 pet	B-033B		- METHYLPARABEN	4.0	
2. 3.	Triamcinolone acetonide	1.0 pet	T-030		- PROPYLPARABEN	4.0	
3. 4.	Tixocortol-21-pivalate ¹	0.1 pet	T-030		PHENYL MERCURIC ACETATE POR NOT	0.01 aq	P-008
4. 5.	Alclomethasone-17,21-dipropionate	1.0 pet	A-023	19.	CHLOROACETAMIDE	0.2 pet	C-006
5. 6.	Clobetasol-17-propionate	1.0 pet	C-028	20.	Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)triazine	<u>ໝ</u> 1.0 aq	H-002
7.	Dexamethasone-21-phosphate disodium	1.0 pet	D-046	21.	Clioquinol	5.0 pet	C-015
١.	salt	1.0 pet	D-040		Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0 pet	E-005
8.	Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate	1.0 alc	H-021A		HYDROABIETYL ALCOHOL	10.0 pet	A-002
9.	Desoximetasone	1.0 alc	D-057		PHENYL SALICYLATE	1.0 pet	P-011
	Betamethasone 17,21-dipropionate	1.0 pet	B-042		BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0 pet	H-014C
11.		1.0 pet	M-036		SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE	20.0 pet	S-005
	Corticosteroid mix	2.1% pet			PROPYLENE GLYCOL ³ PRINCE	5.0 pet	P-019A
12.	- Budesonide	0.1	IVIX-23		STEARYL ALCOHOL	30.0 pet	S-006
	- Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate	1.0			CETYL ALCOHOL	5.0 pet	C-003
	- Tixocortol-21-pivalate	1.0			BENZYL SALICYLATE	10.0 pet	B-010B
13	Hydrocortisone-21-acetate		H-034		2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.25 pet	B-015A
10.		rised Januar			Sodium-2-pyridinethiol-1-oxide RENTI	0.1 aq	S-002
	TOV	isca varidai	y 2010		COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE RENOT	1.0 aq	C-018
C	amatia Carias	C 1	.000		BENZYL ALCOHOL PRIOR	10.0 sof	B-008B
<u></u>	osmetic Series	<u>C-1</u>	.000	35.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02 aq	C-009B
					METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹		
1.	ISOPROPYL MYRISTATE	20.0 pet	I-003		t-BUTYL HYDROQUINONE	1.0 pet	B-028
2.	Amerchol L-101	50.0 pet	A-004		DROMETRIZOLE	1.0 pet	H-016
3.	TRIETHANOLAMINE	2.0 pet	T-016		PROPYL GALLATE	1.0 pet	P-021
4.	POLYSORBATE 80	5.0 pet	P-013		DODECYL GALLATE	0.25 pet	D-042
5.	SORBITAN OLEATE	5.0 pet	S-004	40.		1.0 pet	C-007A
6.	2-tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA)	2.0 pet	B-022		PHENOXYETHANOL PRIOR	1.0 pet	P-025
7.	BHT	2.0 pet	D-006		DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pet	D-044A
8.	Octyl gallate	0.25 pet	O-002		TOCOPHEROL PRIOR	100	T-036
9.	TRICLOSAN	2.0 pet	T-014		DMDM HYDANTOIN PRIOR	2.0 aq	D-047A
10.	SORBIC ACID	2.0 pet	S-003		METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5 pet	D-049E
11.	p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL (PCMC)	1.0 pet	C-008	46.		5.0 pet	T-035B
12.	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	0.5 pet	C-010A		IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.2 pet	I-008C
13.	THIMEROSAL	0.1 pet	T-007		3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine RENT	1.0 aq	D-053
	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pet	I-001A		LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE PRECOND	3.0 pet	L-004
15.	METHENAMINE	2.0 pet	H-003		Peppermint oil Peroxi	2.0 pet	P-036
16.	CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE RELOAD	0.5 aq	C-005		SHELLAC PRIOR	20.0 alc	S-015
				52.	TOCOPHERYL ACETATE	10.0 pet	T-037B

	Compound	Conc. %(w/		Art. No.
53.	Turpentine oil oxidized RENT	0.4	pet	T-024B
54.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE1 DO NOT PRELOAD	0.2	aq	M-035B
55.	Musk mix	3.0	pet	Mx-10B
	- MUSK KETONE	1.0		
	- Musk moskene	1.0		
	- Musk xylene	1.0		
56.	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE PRELOCATION	0.1	aq	O-005
57.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PO NOT PRELOAD	5.0	pet	D-065
58.	ETHYLHEXYLGLYCERIN	5.0	pet	E-027
59.	SODIUM METABISULFITE	1.0	pet	S-011
60.	Gallate mix	1.0	pet	Mx-28B
	- DODECYL GALLATE	0.25		
	- PROPYL GALLATE	0.5		
	- Octyl gallate	0.25		
61.	CETEARYL GLUCOSIDE	5.0	pet	C-056
62.	PANTHENOL	5.0	pet	P-042
63.	POLYAMINOPROPYL BIGUANIDE PRINTED IN THE PRINTED IN	2.5	aq	P-043
	Revi	sed J	anuar	y 2020

Cutaneous Adverse Drug Reaction serie CAD-1000

1.	Cefixime trihydrate	10.0 pet	C-054
2.	Amoxicillin trihydrate	10.0 pet	A-030
3.	Dicloxacillin sodium salt hydrate	10.0 pet	D-058
4.	Cefotaxim sodium salt	10.0 pet	C-040
5.	Doxycycline monohydrate	10.0 pet	D-059
6.	Cefpodoxime proxetil	10.0 pet	C-055
7.	Erythromycin base	10.0 pet	E-024
8.	Spiramycin base	10.0 pet	S-012
9.	Clarithromycin	10.0 pet	C-041
10.	Potassium clavulanate	10.0 pet	P-040
11.	Cotrimoxazole	10.0 pet	C-042
12.	Norfloxacin	10.0 pet	N-007
13.	Ciprofloxacin hydrochloride	10.0 pet	C-043
14.	Carbamazepine	1.0 pet	C-044
15.	Hydantoin	10.0 pet	H-027
16.	Diltiazem hydrochloride	10.0 pet	D-060
17.	Captopril	5.0 pet	C-045
18.	Acetylsalicylic acid	10.0 pet	A-031

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
19.	Diclofenac sodium salt	5.0 pet	D-061B
20.	Ketoprofen	1.0 pet	K-002B
21.	Piroxicam	1.0 pet	P-033
22.	ACETAMINOPHEN	10.0 pet	A-032
23.	Acyclovir	10.0 pet	A-033
24.	Hydroxyzine hydrochloride	1.0 pet	H-028
25.	Hydrochlorothiazide	10.0 pet	H-029
26.	Clindamycin phosphate	10.0 pet	C-046
27.	Cefradine	10.0 pet	C-047
28.	Cefalexin	10.0 pet	C-048
29.	Ibuprofen	10.0 pet	I-010A
30.	Lamotrigine	10.0 pet	L-009
31.	Cefuroxime sodium	10.0 pet	C-053
		Revised Novem	ber 2021

Dental Screening

DS-1000

1.	Methyl methacrylate	2.0	pet	M-013
2.	Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	T-018
3.	Urethane dimethacrylate RMS	2.0	pet	U-004
4.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate RM	2.0	pet	E-007
7 .	Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	H-013
٥.	(BIS-GMA)	2.0	per	11-013
6.	N,N-dimethyl-4-toluidine PO NOT	5.0	pet	D-016
7.	BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0	pet	H-014C
8.	1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	B-017
9.	Bisphenol A dimethacrylate (BIS-MA)	2.0	pet	M-007
10.	Potassium dichromate ¹	0.5	pet	P-014A
11.	Mercury PO NOT PRELOAD	0.5	pet	M-005
12.	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate ¹	1.0	pet	C-017A
13.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PRINT	2.0	pet	H-010
14.	Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	2.0	pet	G-005B
15.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate ¹	5.0	pet	N-002A
16.	EUGENOL PO NOT PRELOAD	2.0	pet	E-016
17.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0	pet	C-020
18.	N-Ethyl-p-toluenesulfonamide	0.1	pet	E-015
19.	FORMALDEHYDE ¹ POR NOT	2.0	aq	F-002B

	Compound		. Veh. v/w)	Art. No.		Compound		:. Veh. v/w)	Art. No.
20.	4-Tolyldiethanolamine	2.0	pet	T-011	18.	N-Ethyl-p-toluenesulfonamide	0.1	pet	E-015
	Copper(II)sulfate pentahydrate	2.0	pet	C-022		Palladium(II)chloride	2.0	pet	P-001
	Methylhydroguinone	1.0	pet	M-025		CARVONE PRECON	5.0	pet	C-035
23.	Palladium(II)chloride	2.0	pet	P-001	21.	DROMETRIZOLE	1.0	pet	H-016
	Aluminium (III) chloride hexahydrate	2.0	pet	A-022	22.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PO NOT	25.0	pet	B-001
	BORNANEDIONE	1.0	pet	C-026	23.	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0	pet	E-002
26.	DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL	0.2	pet	D-045		Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate	3.0	pet	S-017
	METHACRYLATE PO NOT PRELOAD					Rev	ised J	anuar	y 2021
27.	1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate	0.1	pet	H-004	D	ental Materials - Staff	D	MS	-1000
28.	DROMETRIZOLE	1.0	pet	H-016		211441 1/144011413 34411			
29.	Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate RELOCATION	2.0	pet	T-027	1.	Methyl methacrylate PREDIT	2.0	pet	M-013
	Tin	50.0	pet	T-008	2.	Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	T-018
31.	Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate	3.0	pet	S-017	3.	Ethyleneglycol dimethacrylate RENSS	2.0	pet	E-007
	CARVONE	5.0		C-035	4.	Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	H-013
33.	2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)-	2.0	pet	M-006B		(BIS-GMA)		•	
0.4	propane	0.0		0.0004	5.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ Reloat	2.0	pet	H-010
34.	GLUTARAL ² PONOT PRELOAD			G-003A	6.	Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate Record	2.0	pet	T-027
	Rev	isea .	Janua	ry 2020	7.	1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	B-017
Ъ	ontol Motoriolo Dellert	Г	N AT	1000	8.	Mercury PRELOAD	0.5	pet	M-005
<u>D</u>	ental Materials - Patients	$\underline{}$	ועוי	?-1 000	9.	EUGENOL PONOT	2.0	pet	E-016
4	Matheul mathe and data DONOT	2.0		M-013	10.	GLUTARAL ² PONT			G-003A
	Methyl methacrylate RELOAD							duced	1 2005
1.	Triothylana alyaal dimathaanylata		pet				Intro		
2.	Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	T-018	_		Intro		
2. 3.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate RELOAD	2.0 2.0	pet pet	T-018 E-007	Εp	ooxy Series	Intro	E-1	
2.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Result Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	T-018				E-1	000
2. 3. 4.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Results Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA)	2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013	1.	METHENAMINE	2.0	E-1	000 H-003
2. 3. 4.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Research Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)-	2.0 2.0	pet pet	T-018 E-007	1. 2.	METHENAMINE 4,4´-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	2.0 0.5	E-1	000 H-003 D-001
2.3.4.5.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Research Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)-propane (BIS-EMA)	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B	1. 2. 3.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA)	2.0 0.5 0.5	E-1 pet pet pet	H-003 D-001 T-019
2.3.4.5.6.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B	1. 2. 3. 4.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA)	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25	pet pet pet pet pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023
2.3.4.5.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA)	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010
 2. 3. 4. 5. 7. 	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2	pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD)	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006
 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2	pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) m-Xylylenediamine	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 0.1	pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) m-Xylylenediamine	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 0.1	pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BEST 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 2.0 0.1	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017 H-004	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) m-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine	2.0 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 0.1 1.0	pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BESSI Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BESSI 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BESSI 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Potassium dichromate ¹	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 2.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) m-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.25	pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053 B-035
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BEST 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Potassium dichromate ¹ Mercury BEST	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 2.0 0.1 0.5 0.5	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017 H-004 P-014A M-005	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) M-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 1.0 1.0 0.25	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet aq pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053 B-035 T-048
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BEST 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Potassium dichromate ¹ Mercury BEST Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 2.0 0.1 0.5	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017 H-004 P-014A M-005 C-017A	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) M-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.25	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet aq pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053 B-035
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BOTAL 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Potassium dichromate ¹ Mercury BEST Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 0.1 0.5 0.5 1.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017 H-004 P-014A M-005 C-017A G-005B	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) M-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 1.0 1.0 0.25	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet aq pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053 B-035 T-048
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA) 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)- propane (BIS-EMA) 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE BEST Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate BEST 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate BEST 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Potassium dichromate ¹ Mercury BEST Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 0.2 2.0 0.1 0.5 0.5 1.0 2.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	T-018 E-007 H-013 M-006B H-010 D-045 T-027 B-017 H-004 P-014A M-005 C-017A	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	METHENAMINE 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) Triethylenetetramine (TETA) 2-Phenyl glycidyl ether Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) Isophorone diamine (IPD) M-Xylylenediamine Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride 3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2.0 0.5 0.5 0.25 1.0 0.1 1.0 1.0 0.25	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet aq pet	H-003 D-001 T-019 P-023 D-010 I-006 X-001 E-005 D-053 B-035 T-048
2.		2.0	pet	T-018	E-	novy Carios	Intro		

	Compound	Conc. Ve	n. Art. N	No.	Compound		. Veh. //w)	Art. No.
1. 2.	agrance Series CINNAMALEO MONIONIO MONIONI		t C-01	33. 34. 35.	Amyl cinnamyl alcohol ^{EC} Anise alcohol ^{EC} BENZYL BENZOATE ^{EC} BENZYL CINNAMATE ^{EC}	10.0 10.0 10.0	sof pet pet	B-039
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	AMYL CINNAMALEC EUGENOLEC MINI ISOEUGENOLEC MINI GERANIOLEC MINI Oakmoss absoluteEC,2 MINI HYDROXYCITRONELLALEC Narcissus poeticus absolute MINI Musk xylene	2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 1.0 pe	t A-01 t E-01 t I-002 t G-00 t O-00 t H-00 t N-00 t M-02	14 37. 16 38. 12 39. 01 40. 01 41. 08 42. 06 43. 21 44.	BUTYLPHENYL METHYLPROPIONAL ^{EC} Treemoss absolute ^{EC} PROPIONAL a-Isomethyl ionone ^{EC} PROPIONAL d-Limonene ^{EC} PROPIONAL LINALOOL ^{EC} PROPIONAL Methyl-2-octynoate ^{EC} PROPIONAL Majanthole Hydroperoxides of Linalool PROPIONAL Hydroperoxides of Limonene PROPIONAL Treemoss absolute ^{EC} PROPIONAL BENTILL Hydroperoxides of Limonene PROPIONAL Treemoss absolute ^{EC} PROPIONAL BENTILL Hydroperoxides of Limonene PROPIONAL Treemoss absolute ^{EC} PROPIONAL BENTILL BENTILL Hydroperoxides of Limonene PROPIONAL BENTILL BENTI	1.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	pet pet	E-026 I-017 L-006C L-005B M-034
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Musk moskene SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE Jasmine synthetic RESSENCYL SALICYLATEEC BENZYL ALCOHOLEC RESSENCY VANILLIN Lavender absolute RESSENCY	5.0 pe 1.0 pe 20.0 pe 2.0 pe 10.0 so 10.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe	t M-0 ² t S-00 t J-00 t B-01 f B-00 t V-00 t L-00 t C-00	45. 05 01 10B 08B 01 01	Fragrance mix I ¹² PARTI - AMYL CINNAMAL - CINNAMYL ALCOHOL - CINNAMAL - EUGENOL - GERANIOL - HYDROXYCITRONELLAL - ISOEUGENOL - Oakmoss absolute	8.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	pet	Mx-07
21. 22. 23. 24.	Rose absolute	2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 2.0 pe 5.0 pe	t Y-00 t G-00 t J-00 t S-00	01 47. 02 48. 02 09			pet pet anua	H-031B H-032B S-008 ry 2017
26. 27. 28. 29. 30.	CARBOXALDEHYDE EC.1 CITRALEC FARNESOLEC CITRONELLOLEC RECOMMARINEC Hexyl cinnamic aldehydeEC COUMARINEC Fragrance mix II1 RECOMMARINEC - Hexyl cinnamic aldehydeEC - COUMARINEC - FARNESOLEC - HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE CARBOXALDEHYDEEC - CITRALEC - CITRONELLOLEC RECOMMARINEC	2.0 pe 5.0 pe 1.0 pe 10.0 pe 5.0 pe 14.0 pe 5.0 2.5 2.5	t C-03 t F-00 t C-03 t H-02 t C-03	36 04 37 25 38 4. 25 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD)¹ TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE 2-NITRO-p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE AMMONIUM THIOGLYCOLATE AMMONIUM PERSULFATE FORMALDEHYDE¹ Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate¹ Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate¹ RESORCINOL m-AMINOPHENOL p-AMINOPHENOL	1.0 1.0 2.5 2.5 2.0 5.0 1.0 1.0	pet pet pet aq pet aq	

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
12.	PANTHENOL	5.0 pet	P-042	10	Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate	2.0 pet	G-005B
13.	HYDROQUINONE	1.0 pet	H-007		Copper(II)sulfate pentahydrate	2.0 pet	C-003D
14.	Peru balsam ^{1,2} PO NOT	25.0 pet	B-001		Tin	50.0 pet	T-008
15.	CHLOROACETAMIDE	0.2 pet	C-006		Iridium(III)chloride trihydrate	1.0 pet	I-012
	GLYCERYL THIOGLYCOLATE PRIORI	1.0 pet	G-004		Titanium(III)nitride	5.0 pet	T-039
	COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE PREDATE	1.0 ag	C-018		Mercury	0.5 pet	M-005
18.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02 aq	C-009B		ZINC CHLORIDE		Z-007B
	METHYLCHLORO-ISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹				Titanium(IV)oxalate hydrate	5.0 pet	T-041
19.	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL		B-015A		Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate	3.0 pet	S-017
	Captan	0.5 pet	C-025		Molybdenum	5.0 pet	M-030
	p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL (PCMC)	1.0 pet	C-008		Vanadium(III)chloride	1.0 pet	V-003
	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	0.5 pet	C-010A		MANGANESE CHLORIDE	2.0 pet	M-031
	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pet	I-001A		Zirconium(IV)chloride	1.0 pet	Z-008
24.	QUATERNIUM-15 ¹	1.0 pet	C-007A		Tungsten	5.0 pet	T-043
25.	ZINC PYRITHIONE	1.0 pet	Z-006		FERRIC CHLORIDE	2.0 pet	I-016
26.	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA	2.0 pet	D-044A		Ammonium hexachloroplatinate(IV)	0.1 ag	A-010
27.	LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE PRELOAD	3.0 pet	L-004		Cadmium chloride PRINT	1.0 aq	C-001
28.	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE	ጪ 0.1 aq	O-005		Indium(III)chloride PRIORI	10.0 aq	I-011
29.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PO NOT PRELOAD	5.0 pet	D-065		Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate ¹	5.0 pet	N-002A
30.	TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE	1.0 pet	T-049		Palladium(II)chloride	2.0 pet	P-001
31.	4-AMINO-2-HYDROXYTOLUENE	1.0 pet	A-039		Gallium(III)oxide	1.0 pet	G-007
32.	CYSTEAMINE HCL	0.5 pet	C-052		Ruthenium	0.1 pet	R-012
33.	2-METHYLRESORCINOL	1.0 pet	M-039		SILVER NITRATE POR NOT	1.0 ag	S-007
34.	HYDROXYETHYL-p-PHENYLENE-	2.0 pet	H-033		ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE	10.0 pet	A-038
	DIAMINE SULFATE				Niobium(V)chloride	0.2 pet	N-008
35.	p-METHYLAMINOPHENOL	1.0 pet	M-040		Tantalum	1.0 pet	T-047
	CETRIMONIUM BROMIDE	0.5 pet	C-050	36.	Potassium dichromate	0.5 pet	P-014A
37.	SODIUM METABISULFITE		S-011		Gentamicin sulfate	20.0 pet	G-006
	Rev	ised Februa	ary 2023		Neomycin sulfate	20.0 pet	N-001
				39.	Bacitracin	20.0 pet	B-032B
In	nplant Series	IMP-	1000	40.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PRIOND	2.0 pet	H-010
_	1			41.	Methyl methacrylate PRINCE	2.0 pet	M-013
1.	Vancomycin hydrochloride POLOGO	10.0 aq	V-004	42.	CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE PRELOAD	0.5 aq	C-005
2.	Tobramycin	20.0 pet	T-050	43.	Ethyl acrylate PONOT PRELOAD	0.1 pet	E-004
3.	Benzoylperoxide	1.0 pet	B-007	44.	CALCIUM TITANATE	10.0 pet	C-049
4.	HYDROQUINONE	1.0 pet	H-007		F	Revised Febr	uary 2023
5.	N,N-dimethyl-4-toluidine	5.0 pet	D-016				

10.0 pet

2.0 pet

1.0

E-023

A-022

pet C-017A

1.0 pet B-044

6.

7.

ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE PRELOAD

Beryllium(II)sulfate tetrahydrate

Aluminium(III)chloride hexahydrate Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate¹

Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.	Art. No. Compound					
I-1	I-1000		ledicament Series	I	ME-1000		
0.5 pet 1.0 pet 0.1 pet	I-007 I-006	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Chloramphenicol Kanamycin sulfate Quinine sulfate Sulfanilamide Gentamicin sulfate Nitrofurazone	10.0 1.0 5.0 20.0 1.0	pet Q-001 pet S-010 pet G-006 pet N-005		
LU	-1000	7. 8.	Framycetin sulphate	20.0 բ			
2.0 pet	A-004 F-003 C-005	9.	BenzocaineDibucaine hydrochloride	5.0 2.5	Jet IVIX-19		
0.1 aq 1.0 pet 5.0 pet	B-027 N-005 B-032A C-033	11.	Miconazole ® NOTE Econazole nitrate RENOTE REN	1.0 a 1.0 a	alc M-027 alc E-021 bet Mx-20		
2.0 pet 5.0 pet 1.0 pet 5.0 pet	B-007 P-019A	14	Tioconazole	1.0	pet F-003 pet T-034 pet T-050		
	%(w/w) 1-1 2.0 pet 0.1 pet 0.5 pet 0.1 pet 0.1 pet evised Feb LU 50.0 pet 2.0 pet 0.5 aq 0.1 aq 1.0 pet 5.0 pet 20.0 pet 20.0 pet 1.0 pet 5.0 pet 1.0 pet 5.0 pet	%(w/w) I-1000 2.0 pet T-009 0.1 pet H-022 0.5 pet D-001 2.0 pet I-007 0.1 pet I-006 devised February 2023 LU-1000 50.0 pet A-004 2.0 pet F-003 0.5 aq C-005 0.1 aq B-027 1.0 pet N-005 5.0 pet B-032A 20.0 pet C-033 2.0 pet C-032 1.0 pet B-007 5.0 pet B-007 5.0 pet B-007 5.0 pet B-007 5.0 pet P-019A	%(w/w) I-1000 2.0 pet T-009 0.1 pet H-022 0.5 pet D-001 3. 1.0 pet I-007 0.1 pet I-006 5. evised February 2023 6. LU-1000 50.0 pet A-004 2.0 pet F-003 0.5 aq C-005 0.1 aq B-027 1.0 pet N-005 0.1 aq B-027 1.0 pet N-005 5.0 pet B-032A 20.0 pet C-033 2.0 pet D-006 5.0 pet C-032 1.0 pet B-007 5.0 pet P-019A	### I-1000 I-1000 Medicament Series	Nedicament Series 1		

16. Vancomycin hydrochloride RELDAD

20. Diphenhydramine hydrochloride

18. Pramoxine hydrochloride

17. Bufexamac

19. Phenylbutazone

21. Polymyxin B sulfate

Revised February 2023

0.1 pet

2.0 pet

3.0

3.0

3.0

3.0

1.0

12.0 pet Mx-14

pet

2.0 pet T-016

0.01 pet

20.0 pet

20.0 pet

0.1 pet

0.01 aq

5.0 pet

0.2 pet

2.0 pet

2.0 pet I-001A

T-007

S-003

C-008

B-033B

F-005

S-005

S-004

P-008

C-006

D-044A

T-031B

13. THIMEROSAL

14. SORBIC ACID

15. Wood tar mix PRELOGA

- Beech tar

- Juniperus oxycedrus extract

16. p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL (PCMC)

20. SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE

23. PHENYL MERCURIC ACETATE PRINTED AND THE PR

- Birch tar

- Pine tar

18. TRIETHANOLAMINE

19. Framycetin sulphate

21. Tixocortol-21-pivalate1

24. CHLOROACETAMIDE

25. DIAZOLIDINYL UREA

26. IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

22. SORBITAN OLEATE

17. Budesonide1

62

63

10.0 aq

5.0 pet B-043

2.0 pet P-039

10.0 pet P-041

1.0 pet D-021

5.0 pet P-026

Revised January 2018

V-004

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound			Art. No.
M	etal Series	MET-1000		\mathbf{M}	Metal Series Extended			E-1000
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22.	Aluminium(III)chloride hexahydrate Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate Beryllium(II)sulfate tetrahydrate Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate Copper(II)sulfate pentahydrate Tin Iridium(III)chloride trihydrate Titanium(III)nitride Mercury ZINC CHLORIDE Titanium(IV)oxalate hydrate Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate Molybdenum Vanadium(III)chloride MANGANESE CHLORIDE Zirconium(IV)chloride Tungsten FERRIC CHLORIDE Ammonium hexachloroplatinate(IV) Cadmium chloride Indium(III)chloride Mickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate¹	2.0 pet 1.0 pet 1.0 pet 2.0 pet 2.0 pet 5.0 pet 1.0 pet 2.0 pet 1.0 pet 2.0 pet 1.0 pet 1.0 pet 2.0 pet 1.0 pet 5.0 pet	A-022 C-017A B-044 G-005B C-022 T-008 I-012 T-039 M-005 Z-007B T-041 S-017 M-030 V-003 M-031 Z-008 T-043 I-016 A-010 C-001 I-011 N-002A	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Zinc Potassium dicyanoaurate(I) Mercury(II)chloride Mercury(II)amidochloride Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate Copper(I)oxide Iridium Indium CALCIUM TITANATE Vanadium Tin(II)oxalate PHENYL MERCURIC ACETATE MERCURIC ACETATE Ammonium molybdate (VI) tetrahydra Ammonium hexachloroiridate(IV) MIDIOMIDE Lead(II)chloride MERCURIC ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate TITANIUM DIOXIDE Molybdenum(V)chloride Titanium	2.5 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.5 5.0 1.0 10.0 5.0 0.01 10.0 0.1 10.0 0.2 0.1 2.0 10.0 0.5	pet aq pet pet pet pet pet aq aq aq aq pet aq pet aq pet pet aq pet pet	Z-001 P-015 M-004 M-022 G-005A C-021 I-014 I-015 C-049 V-002 S-014 P-008 A-035 A-034 I-013 S-013 L-008 Z-009 R-013 T-040 M-038 T-042
24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	Palladium(II)chloride Gallium(III)oxide Ruthenium SILVER NITRATE RESENTED ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE Niobium(V)chloride Tantalum Potassium dichromate Re	2.0 pet 1.0 pet 0.1 pet 1.0 aq 10.0 pet 0.2 pet 1.0 pet 0.5 pet vised Februa	P-001 G-007 R-012 S-007 A-038 N-008 T-047 P-014A ary 2023		Sodium tungstate dihydrate www.Vanadium(V)oxide	2.0 10.0 Revised F) pet	S-019 V-005 ary 2023

Compound

Conc. Veh. Art. No.

%(w/w)

25.(Meth) Acrylate Series Adhesives, Dental, Printing & Other MA-1000

1.	Methyl methacrylate Residual		2.0	pet	M-013
2.	BUTYL METHACRYLATE PRELOAD		2.0	pet	B-021
3.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ PONOT		2.0	pet	H-010
4.	Hydroxypropyl methacrylate RELOAD		2.0	pet	H-018
5.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate RELOAD		2.0	pet	E-007
6.	Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate		2.0	pet	T-018
7.	1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate		2.0	pet	B-017
8.	Urethane dimethacrylate RELOAD		2.0	pet	U-004
9.	Bisphenol A dimethacrylate (BIS-MA)	NOT	2.0	pet	M-007
10.	Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate		2.0	pet	H-013
	(BIS-GMA)			-	
11.	1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate		0.1	pet	H-004
12.	Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate RELOGI		2.0	pet	T-027
13.	Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate		2.0	pet	T-029
14.	DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL		0.2	pet	D-045
	METHACRYLATE PRELOAD			•	
15.	ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE PRELOAD		10.0	pet	E-023
16.	ISOBORNYL ACRYLATE		0.1	pet	I-019
17.	Ethyl acrylate RELOW		0.1	pet	E-004
18.	2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate		0.1	pet	H-009
19.	ETHYL METHACRYLATE PRINT		2.0	pet	E-012
20.	2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)pheny	/l)-	2.0	pet	M-006B
	propane (BIS-EMA)	, ,			
21.	1,4-Butanediol diacrylate		0.1	pet	B-016
22.	Di(ethylene glycol) diacrylate		0.1	pet	D-009
23.	Tri(propylene glycol) diacrylate		0.1	pet	T-023
24.	(1 1)		0.1	pet	T-021
25.	Triethylene glycol diacrylate		0.1	pet	T-017
26.	N,N-Methylene-bisacrylamide		1.0	pet	M-023
27.	Butyl acrylate RELOW	0	.1	pet	B-018
		evis	ed Ja		y 2022
					-

Compound

Conc. Veh. Art. No. %(w/w)

(Meth) Acrylate Series Nails-Artificial

<u>MN-1000</u>

1.	ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE PRELOAD	10.0	pet	E-023
2.	ETHYL METHACRYLATE PRINCE	2.0	pet	E-012
3.	Methyl methacrylate RENOT	2.0	pet	M-013
4.	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate ¹ RELOW	2.0	pet	H-010
5.	Hydroxypropyl methacrylate RELOAD	2.0	pet	H-018
6.	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate RENOT	2.0	pet	E-007
7.	Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate	2.0	pet	H-013
	(BIS-GMA)			
8.	1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate	0.1	pet	H-004
9.	Triethylene glycol diacrylate Record	0.1	pet	T-017
10.	Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate RENOT	2.0	pet	T-027
11.	Ethyl acrylate RELOAD	0.1	pet	E-004
12.	2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate Renot	0.1	pet	H-009
	•	Revised	Augu	st 1992

Oil & Cooling Fluid Series O-1000

1.	ABIETIC ACID	10.0	pet	A-001
2.	p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL (PCMC)	1.0	pet	C-008
3.	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	0.5	pet	C-010A
4.	DICHLOROPHENE	1.0	pet	D-008
5.	o-PHENYLPHENOL	1.0	pet	P-010
6.	PROPYLENE GLYCOL PRELOAD	5.0	pet	P-019A
7.	TRIETHANOLAMINE	2.0	pet	T-016
8.	4-tert-Butylbenzoic acid	1.0	pet	B-019
9.	BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE	0.1	pet	B-003B
10.	Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)triazine	3 1.0	aq	H-002
11.	Bioban P 1487 PRELOAD	0.5	pet	E-014
12.	CHLOROACETAMIDE	0.2	pet	C-006
13.	N-Methylolchloroacetamide	0.1	pet	M-014
14.	BENZOTRIAZOLE	1.0	pet	B-006
15.	Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride	1.0	pet	E-005
16.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) ¹	2.0	pet	M-003A
17.	Zinc ethylenebis-(dithiocarbamate) (Zineb)	1.0	pet	Z-005
18.	TRICLOSAN	2.0	pet	T-014
19.	7-ETHYLBICYCLOOXAZOLIDINE PRELOAD	1.0	pet	A-017

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.		Compound		:. Veh. v/w)	Art. No.
20.	Bioban CS 1135 PRENOTI	1.0 pet	D-015	16.	DIETHYLHEXYL BUTAMIDO TRIAZONE	10.0) pet	D-063
21.	TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)NITROMETHANE	1.0 pet	H-015	17.	Piroxicam	1.0	pet	P-033
22.	THIMEROSAL	0.1 pet	T-007	18.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PRELOAD	5.0	pet	D-065
23.	Hydrazine sulfate	1.0 pet	H-005	19.	BENZOPHENONE-10	10.0	pet	H-020B
24.	TRICLOCARBAN	1.0 pet	T-013	20.	PHENYLBENZIMIDAZOLE SULFONIC	10.0	pet	P-024B
25.	FORMALDEHYDE1 PO NOT PRELOAD	2.0 aq	F-002B		ACID			
26.	Amerchol L-101	50.0 pet	A-004	21.	HOMOSALATE	10.0) pet	H-024B
27.	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RELOGI	0.3 pet	H-032A	22.	ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE	10.0	pet	O-007B
28.	Sodium-2-pyridinethiol-1-oxide RENGE	0.1 aq	S-002	23.	Polysilicone-15	10.0) pet	P-035
29.	2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL	0.25 pet	B-015A	24.	Disodium phenyl dibenzimidazole	10.0) pet	D-064
30.	COCAMIDE DEA	0.5 pet	C-019		tetrasulfonate		•	
31.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02 aq	C-009B	25.	TRICLOSAN	2.0	pet	T-014
	METHYLCHLORO-ISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹	NOT OAD		26.	Diclofenac sodium salt	5.0	pet	D-061B
32.	PHENOXYETHANOL PRELOAD	1.0 pet	P-025	27.	Thiourea	0.1	pet	T-026
33.	2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	0.1 pet	O-004	28.	Hexachlorophene	1.0	pet	H-001
34.	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE ¹	0.5 pet	D-049E	29.	METHYL ANTHRANILATE	5.0	pet	M-028
35.	IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE	0.2 pet	I-008C	30.	TRICLOCARBAN	1.0	pet	T-013
	Revis	sed Janua	ry 2014		Introdu	ced I	-ebrua	ary 2023
			1000					
<u> Pr</u>	notopatch Series	PP.	<u>-1000</u>	P1	ant Series		PL-	1000
	•							
1.	BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0 pet	H-014C	1.	Anthemis nobilis extract	1.0	pet	C-029
1. 2.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4	10.0 pet 2.0 pet	H-014C H-023C	1. 2.	Anthemis nobilis extract RECONTINUE Diallyl disulfide RECONTINUE DIALECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	1.0	pet pet	C-029 D-048
1. 2. 3.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B	1. 2. 3.	Anthemis nobilis extract RENTI Diallyl disulfide RENTI Arnica montana extract RENTI	1.0 0.5	pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024
1. 2. 3. 4.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C	1. 2. 3. 4.	Anthemis nobilis extract RENGI Diallyl disulfide RENGI Arnica montana extract RENGI Taraxacum officinale extract RENGI	1.0 0.5 2.5	pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Anthemis nobilis extract RENTI Diallyl disulfide RENTI Arnica montana extract RENTI Taraxacum officinale extract RENTI Achillea millefolium extract RENTI	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0	pet pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Anthemis nobilis extract RENTI Diallyl disulfide RENTI Arnica montana extract RENTI Taraxacum officinale extract RENTI Achillea millefolium extract RENTI Propolis ¹	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL-	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Anthemis nobilis extract Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Common Arnica montana extract Common Achillea millefolium extract Common Propolis Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Common Sesquiterpene lactone mix	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Anthemis nobilis extract Anthemis nobilis extract Arnica montana extract Achillea millefolium extract Achillea Alantolactone	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Anthemis nobilis extract Anthemis nobilis extract Arnica montana extract Achillea millefolium extract Achillea Alantolactone acostunolide	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Anthemis nobilis extract Arnica montana extract Achillea millefolium extract Achillea Chysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Achillea Sesquiterpene lactone mix ¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet s3 33 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE Ketoprofen	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone Tanacetum vulgare extract Tanacetum vulgare extract	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33 33 pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18 M-026 T-033
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE Ketoprofen 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)-	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone Tanacetum vulgare extract Alantolactone	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03 1.0 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33 33 pet pet 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18 M-026 T-033 A-003B
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE Ketoprofen 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)- benzoic acid hexylester	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037 D-055 K-002B D-062	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone Tanacetum vulgare extract Alantolactone Lichen acid mix	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33 33 pet pet	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18 M-026 T-033
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE Ketoprofen 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)- benzoic acid hexylester ETHYLHEXYL TRIAZONE	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037 D-055 K-002B D-062	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone Alantolactone Lichen acid mix - Atranorin	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.01 1.0 0.03 0.03	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33 33 pet pet 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18 M-026 T-033 A-003B
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	BENZOPHENONE-3 BENZOPHENONE-4 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE OCTOCRYLENE ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE PABA BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL- METHANE BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE Ketoprofen 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)- benzoic acid hexylester	10.0 pet 2.0 pet 10.0 pet	H-014C H-023C M-024B E-019C O-009 I-009 A-006C B-029C B-037 D-055 K-002B D-062	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Anthemis nobilis extract Diallyl disulfide Arnica montana extract Taraxacum officinale extract Achillea millefolium extract Propolis¹ Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract Sesquiterpene lactone mix¹ - Alantolactone - Costunolide - Dehydrocostus lactone α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone Tanacetum vulgare extract Alantolactone Lichen acid mix	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.0 10.0 1.0 0.1 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.	pet pet pet pet pet pet pet 33 33 pet pet 33	C-029 D-048 A-024 T-032 A-025 P-022 C-031 Mx-18 M-026 T-033 A-003B

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	Compound		. Veh. v/w)	Art. No.			Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)		Art. No.
14.	Chamomilla recutita extract	1.0	pet	C-051	6.		N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine (DPPD)	1.0	pet	D-024
	(+)-Usnic acid	0.1	pet	U-005	7.		N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine		pet	I-004
	Atranorin	0.1	pet	A-016			(IPPD) ¹		'	
17.	Evernic acid	0.1	pet	E-017	8.		2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) ¹	2.0	pet	M-003A
18.	2-Methoxy-6-n-pentyl-4-benzoquinone	0.01		M-008	9.		N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide	1.0	pet	C-023
				nber 2018			Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	1.0	pet	D-003
DI			DC	1000		1.	2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol	1.0	pet	M-016
<u> 171</u>	<u>Plastics & Glues Series</u>		<u>PG</u>	<u>-1000</u>	4.0		(MOR)	4.0	4	D 000
							1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
1.	HYDROQUINONE	1.0	pet	H-007			Zinc diethyldithiocarbama (ZDC)	1.0	pet	Z-003
2.	Dibutyl phthalate	5.0	pet	D-007			ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC	,	pet	Z-002
3.	PHENYL SALICYLATE	1.0	pet	P-011	13	Э.	N,N-Di-2-naphtyl-4-phenylenediamine	1.0	pet	D-017
4.	Dioctyl phthalate (DEHP, DOP)	2.0	pet	D-018	16	6	(DBNPD) N-Phenyl-2-naphtylamine (PBN)	1 0	not	P-009
5.	BHT	2.0	pet	D-006			METHENAMINE	1.0 2.0	pet pet	H-003
6.	DROMETRIZOLE	1.0	pet	H-016					pet	D-003
7.	Benzoylperoxide	1.0	pet	B-007			4,4´-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) N,N´-Diphenylthiourea (DPTU)	0.5 1.0	pet	D-001 D-025
8.	4-tert-Butylcatechol (PTBC)		pet	B-030B			Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate (Ziram)	1.0	pet	Z-004
9.	Triglycidyl isocyanurate (TGIC)	0.5	pet	T-028			2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline	1.0	pet	T-020
10.		1.0	pet	B-013			N,N´-Diethylthiourea	1.0	pet	D-039
	Tricresyl phosphate	5.0	pet	T-015			N,N´-DibutyIthiourea	1.0	pet	D-039 D-038
12.	, ,	1.0	pet	P-005 B-024			Dodecyl mercaptan RM	0.1	pet	D-030 D-043
	p-tert-Butylphenol formaldehyde resin ¹	1.0	pet				N-(Cyclohexylthio) phthalimide	1.0	pet	C-034
	Triphenyl phosphate	5.0	pet	T-022			Thiourea	0.1	pet	T-026
	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin Resorcinol monobenzoate		pet	T-010 R-002			4,4`-Dithiodimorpholine		pet	D-054
	2-Phenylindole	1.0	pet pet	P-002	2,	٠.				nber 2018
				B-022			11011	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	101011	1.001 2010
	2-tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA) HYDROABIETYL ALCOHOL	2.0	pet		c	:h	oe Series SH	-10	ሰበ	
	4-tert-Butylphenol	1.0	pet pet	A-002 B-023	3	111	de Selles SII	-10	UU	
	2-Monomethylol phenol	1.0	pet	M-015	1.		N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine	0.1	net	L-004
	N,N'-Diphenylthiourea (DPTU)	1.0	pet	D-025	1.		(IPPD) ¹	0.1	per	1-004
	2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one			O-023	2.		,	0.2	pet	G-003A
20.	2-II-OctyI-4-I3OttIIaZoIIII-0-OffC			nuary 2020	3.		DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0	pet	D-032
D.	alala ay Additirras Carias	ICVI		•	4.		Acid yellow 36	1.0	pet	A-019
K	ıbber Additives Series		K-1	.000	5.		Hydroquinone monobenzylether	1.0	pet	H-019
1	Totromothylthiurom disulfide (TMTD)	1 0	net	T 005	6.		Thiuram mix ¹	1.0	pet	Mx-01
1. 2.	Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD) Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)	1.0 1.0	pet	T-005 T-006	0.		- Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	0.25		
2. 3.	Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	1.0	pet	T-006			- Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)	0.25		
3. 4.	Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	1.0	pet	D-019			- Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)	0.25		
4.	Dipentametriylenetriluram disulide		pet	D-019			- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM)			

N-Cyclohexyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine 1.0 pet C-024

- Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM) 0.25

7. Potassium dichromate¹ 0.5 pet P-014A

	Compound	Conc %(w	. Veh.	Art. No.
8.	4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin (PTBF	P)1 1.0	pet	B-024
9.	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD) ¹	1.0	pet	P-006
10.	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate ¹	5.0	pet	N-002A
11.	COLOPHONIUM ¹	20.0	pet	C-020
12.		2.0	aq	F-002B
13.	N,N´-Diphenylthiourea (DPTU)	1.0	pet	D-025
14.	2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) ¹	2.0	pet	M-003A
15.	N,N´-Diethylthiourea	1.0	pet	D-039
16.	1,3-Diphenylguanidine	1.0	pet	D-022
17.		1.0	pet	D-038
	Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A ¹	1.0	pet	E-002
19.	Dodecyl mercaptan PONOT	0.1	pet	D-043
20.	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	0.02	aq	C-009B
	METHYLCHLORO-ISOTHIAZOLINONE ¹	DO NOT PRELOAD		
21.	4-Aminoazobenzene	0.25	pet	A-005
	2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one RELOAD	0.1	pet	O-004
23.	4,4`-Dithiodimorpholine	1.0	pet	D-054
24.	Dimethyl fumarate RELOAD	0.01	pet	D-066B
	Re	vised N	loven	nber 2018

Sunscreen Series SU-1000

1.	BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYL-	10.0 pet	B-029C
2.	METHANE PABA	10.0 pet	A-006C
3.	HOMOSALATE	5.0 pet	H-024A
4.	4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR	10.0 pet	M-024B
5.	ETHYLHEXYL DIMETHYL PABA	10.0 pet	E-018D
6.	BENZOPHENONE-3	10.0 pet	H-014C
7.	ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet	E-019C
8.	BENZOPHENONE-10	10.0 pet	H-020B
9.	PHENYLBENZIMIDAZOLE SULFONIC	10.0 pet	P-024B
٥.	ACID	10.0 pct	1 -02-10
10	BENZOPHENONE-4	2.0 pet	H-023C
	DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE	10.0 pet	D-055
	OCTOCRYLENE	10.0 pet	O-009
	ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE	5.0 pet	O-007A
	ETHYLHEXYL TRIAZONE	10.0 pet	O-010
	ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE	10.0 pet	I-009
	BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL	10.0 pet	B-037
	METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE	10.0 pot	2 001

	Compound	Conc. Veh. %(w/w)	Art. No.
17.	Methylene bis-benzotriazolyl tetramethylbutylphenol	10.0 pet	M-037
18.	2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)- benzoic acid hexylester	10.0 pet	D-062
19.	DIETHYLHEXYL BUTAMIDO TRIAZONE	10.0 pet	D-063
20.	Disodium phenyl dibenzimidazole tetrasulfonate	10.0 pet	D-064
21.	DECYL GLUCOSIDE ⁴ PO NOT	5.0 pet	D-065
	Revi	ised Janua	ry 2014

Te	Textile Colours & Finish TF-1000									
1.	Disperse Yellow 3	1.0	pet	D-036						
2.	DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0	pet	D-032						
3.	Disperse Red 1	1.0	pet	D-034						
4.	DISPERSE RED 17	1.0	pet	D-035						
5.	Acid Red 359	5.0	pet	A-028						
6.	DISPERSE BLUE 3	1.0	pet	D-026						
7.	Disperse Blue 35	1.0	pet	D-027						
8.	Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea	4.5	aq	D-012						
9.	Dimethyl dihydroxy ethylene urea RELOX	4.5	aq	D-052						
10.	Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea, modified RECT	5.0	aq	D-050						
11.	Disperse Blue 106	1.0	pet	D-040						
12.	Ethyleneurea, melamine formaldehyde mix ²	5.0	pet	Mx-16						
	 Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea 	4.0								
	- Melamine formaldehyde	1.0								
13.	Urea formaldehyde resin	10.0	pet	U-001						
14.	Melamine formaldehyde (Kaurit M70) ³ PRELOGIE	7.0	pet	M-001						
15.	Disperse Blue 85	1.0	pet	D-028						
16.	Disperse Orange 1	1.0	pet	D-031						
17.	Acid Yellow 61	5.0	pet	A-026						
18.	Disperse Brown 1	1.0	pet	D-030						
19.	Disperse Yellow 9	1.0	pet	D-037						
20.	Disperse Blue 124	1.0	pet	D-041						
21.	Basic Red 46	1.0	pet	B-026						
22.	Reactive Black 5	1.0	pet	R-004B						

	Compound	Conc. %(w	. Veh.	Art. No.
23.	Reactive Blue 21	1.0	pet	R-005B
24.	Disperse Blue mix 106/124	1.0	pet	Mx-26
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.5		
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.5		
25.	Reactive Orange 107	1.0	pet	R-007B
26.	Reactive Red 123	1.0	pet	R-008B
27.	Textile dye mix ¹	6.6	pet	Mx-30
	- Disperse Blue 35	1.0		
	- Disperse Orange 1	1.0		
	- DISPERSE ORANGE 3	1.0		
	- Disperse Red 1	1.0		
	- DISPERSE RED 17	1.0		
	- Disperse Yellow 3	1.0		
	- Disperse Blue 106	0.3		
	- Disperse Blue 124	0.3		
28.	Reactive Red 228	1.0	pet	R-010B
29.	Reactive Violet 5	1.0	pet	R-011B
30.	Acid Red 118	5.0	pet	A-027
31.	Direct Orange 34	5.0	pet	D-051
		Revised	l Febr	uary 2023

List of Topical Haptens

Volatile hapten and not recommended to preload.

- ¹ Also present in European Baseline Series
- ² Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 5%
- ³ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 1%
- ⁴ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 2%
- ⁵ Contains DECYL GLUCOSIDE
- ⁶ Present in national series. Visit www.chemotechnique.se for further information.
- ^{EC} Directive 2003/15/EC relating to cosmetic products

Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle		lame
A-001	O-1	10.0 pet	ABIETIO	CACID
A-002	C-23, PG-19	10.0 pet	HYDRO	ABIETYL ALCOHOL
A-003B	PL-11	0.033 pet	Alantola	ctone
A-004	ICB-7, C-2, O-26, LU-1, NA-7, NAE-7, NA	50.0 pet		ol L-101
A-005	SH-21	•		pazobenzene
	Deleted 2019	0.25 pet	(PABA)	dazobenzene
A-006B			(PABA)	
	PP-7, SU-2	10.0 pet	,	
A-007	Deleted 2018		(N,N-DI	ETHYL-p-PHENYLENEDI SULFATE (TSS))
A-008	H-10	1.0 pet	m-AMIN	IOPHENOL
A-009	H-11	1.0 pet	p-AMIN	OPHENOL
A-010	IMP-25, MET-19	0.1 aq	Ammon	ium hexachloroplatinate(IV)
A-011	B-16, H-5, P-8	2.5 pet	AMMON	IIUM PERSULFATE
A-012	H-4 TE DO NOT PRELOAD	2.5 aq	AMMON	NIUM THIOGLYCOLA
A-013	Deleted 2022		(Ammor	nium tetrachloroplatinate(II) PO NOT
A-014	F-3	2.0 pet	AMYL C	INNAMAL
A-015	B-10	5.0 pet	TRANS	-ANETHOLE PRELOAD
A-016	PL-16	0.1 pet	Atranori	n
A-017	O-19	1.0 pet	7-ETHY	LBICYCLOOXAZOLIDINE DO NOT RELOAD
A-018	Deleted 2021		(Azodiis	obutyrodinitrile)
A-019	SH-4	1.0 pet	Acid Yel	low 36
A-020	Deleted 2021		(Amyloc	aine hydrochloride)
A-021	Deleted 2017		(Alumin	ium)

Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(\ & Vehicle		Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(& Vehicle	,	Name
A-022	DS-24, MET-1	2.0 pet	Aluminium(III)chloride hexahydrate	B-013	PG-10	1.0 pet	Bisph	enol A
A-023	CS-5	1.0 pet	Alclometasone-17,21-dipropionate	B-014	Deleted 2022	1.0 pet	(Bithi	onol)
A-024	PL-3	0.5 pet	Arnica montana extract PO NOT	B-015A	C-31, H-19, O-29	9 0.25 pet	2-BR	OMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL
A-025	PL-5	1.0 pet	Achillea millefolium extract RELOAD	B-015B	ICB-30, NA-30	0.5 pet	2-BR	OMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL
A-026	TF-17	5.0 pet	Acid Yellow 61		NAE-30, NAC-30),		
A-027	TF-30	5.0 pet	Acid Red 118	D 040	ECB-33, AC-23	0.4	4 4 5	
A-028	TF-5	5.0 pet	Acid Red 359	B-016	MA-21		-	utanediol diacrylate
A-029	ICB-75, NAE-55 NAC-75, AC-73	, 0.1 aq	Amidoamine RELOAD	B-017	DS-8, MA-7, DMP-9, DMS-7	·	•	utanediol dimethacrylate RELOW
A-030	CAD-2	10.0 pet	: Amoxicillin trihydrate	B-018	MA-27		-	acrylate PRELOAD
A-031	CAD-18	10.0 pet	Acetylsalicylic acid	B-019	O-8	1.0 pet		-Butylbenzoic acid
A-032	CAD-22	10.0 pet	ACETAMINOPHEN	B-020	Deleted 2021		`	YLPARABEN)
A-033	CAD-23	10.0 pet	Acyclovir	B-021	MA-2,			L METHACRYLATE PO NOT PRELOAD
A-034	METE-14	0.1 aq	Ammonium hexachloroiridate(IV)	B-022	PG-18, NAC-37	i, 2.0 pet	2-tert	-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol (BHA)
A-035	METE-13		Ammonium molybdate (VI) tetrahydrate	PRELOAD B-023	PG-20	1.0 pet	4-tert	-Butylphenol
A-036	F-32	5.0 pet	Amyl cinnamyl alcohol	B-024	S-16, ICB-15,			-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin
A-037	F-33	10.0 sof	Anise alcohol		PG-13, SH-8, N		(PTB	• •
A-038	MET-27	10.0 pet	: ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE		IS-11 , LA-16, N			
A-039	H-31	•	4-AMINO-2-HYDROXYTOLUENE	D 00-	NAC-15, ECB-1	6, AC-13	/T .	
B-001	S-15, ICB-19,	25.0 pet	Peru balsam² PRELOAD	B-025	Deleted 2018	4.0	`	balsam absolute PORTON)
	H-14, IS-7,	NΔ_10 N	IAE-19, NAC-19, ECB-15, AC-10	B-026	TF-21	1.0 pet		
B-002	Only available a	•		B-027	LU-4, AC-60	0.1 aq		ZALKONIUM CHLORIDE PRINCE
	•	•	BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE		Deleted 2020	4.0	`	ZALKONIUM CHLORIDE)
B-004	ICB-1, NA-1		Benzocaine	B-028	C-36	1.0 pet		YL HYDROQUINONE
D 00-	NAE-1, NAC-1,		Bonzodanio		Deleted 2019 SU-1, PP-8,	10.0 net		YL METHOXYDIBENZOYLMETHANE) 'L METHOXYDIBENZOYLMETHANE
B-005	B-12, AC-77	5.0 pet	BENZOIC ACID	B-030B				-Butylcatechol
B-006	O-14,P-10	1.0 pet	BENZOTRIAZOLE	B-031	CS-2	1.0 pet	Betar	nethasone-17-valerate
B-007	ICB-70, B-17,	1.0 pet	Benzoylperoxide	B-032A	ME-7, LU-6	5.0 pet	Bacitr	racin
	PG-7, LU-10, NAC-70			B-032B	ICB-23, NA-23 NAE-23, NAC-23,	20.0 pet AC-33	Bacitı	racin
B-008B	ICB-58, C-34, F-16, P-12,	10.0 sof	BENZYL ALCOHOL PRELOAD	B-033A	ICB-45, NA-45, NAE-45, NAC-45,		Bude	sonide
	NAE-59, NAC-5	8, AC-80		B-033B	S-24, CS-1,	0.01 pet	Bude	sonide
B-009	Deleted 2015		(BENZYLPARABEN)	_ 0002	LU-17, IS-15,	3.0 . pot		
B-010A	Deleted 2011		(BENZYL SALICYLATE)		LA-24, ECB-24			
B-010B	ICB-52. C-30		BENZYL SALICYLATE	B-035	E-10	0.25 pet		y resin, Bisphenol F
D 044	NAC-52, F-15, A		A. 44 (Direk ten)	B-036	Deleted 2021			Butanediol diglycidyl ether)
B-011	Only available a	s part of N	Mx-14 (Birch tar)	B-037	SU-16, PP-9,	10.0 pet	BIS-E	THYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL

Art. No.		Conc %(& Vehicle	,	Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(,
B-038 B-039	F-34 F-35	10.0 pet	XYPHENOL TRIAZINE : BENZYL BENZOATE : BENZYL CINNAMATE	C-017A	S-5, ICB-43, DS-12, H-8, IS-2 LA-5, NA-43, NA	22, DMP-1	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate 13, AC-43, ECB-5, AC-12, MET-2
B-040 B-041 B-042 B-043	F-36 Deleted 2022 CS-10 ME-17	2.0 pet 1.0 pet 5.0 pet	BUTYLPHENYL METHYLPROPIONAL (Benzydamine hydrochloride) Betamethasone 17,21-dipropionate Bufexamac	C-017B C-018	Deleted 2020 ICB-76, C-33, H-1 LA-30, NA-49, NAE-49, NAC-76	71.0 aq	(Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate) COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE
B-044 C-001 C-002	MET-3 MET-20 F-19	1.0 aq	Beryllium(II)sulfate tetrahydrate Cadmium chloride Cananga oil	C-019	ICB-46, O-30 NAE-63, NAC-4	•	COCAMIDE DEA
C-003 C-004 C-005	C-29 Deleted 2022 C-16, LU-3, AC-52	5.0 pet 0.5 aq	CETYLALCOHOL (CHLORHEXIDINE DIACETATE REMINI) CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE REMINI	C-020	S-9, ICB-3, DS-17, SH-11, IS-6, DMP-17, NA	·	t COLOPHONIUM , LA-9, NAC-3, ECB-9, AC-7
C-006	H-15, C-19,		CHLOROACETAMIDE	C-021	METE-6		Copper(I)oxide
	O-12, LU-24			C-022	DS-21, MET-5	•	Copper(II)sulfate pentahydrate
C-007A	H-24, C-40	1.0 pet	QUATERNIUM-15	C-023	R-9	•	N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide
C-007B	LA-21 ICB-14, IS-16 NA-14, NAE-14,	2.0 pet	QUATERNIUM-15	C-024	R-5		N-Cyclohexyl-N-phenyl-4- phenylenediamine
	NAC-14, AC-18			C-025	H-20	0.5 pet	Captan
C-008	C-11, H-21,		p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL	C-026	DS-25	1.0 pet	BORNANEDIONE
C 000A	O-2, LU-16, AC-9 LA-23 ⁶ , AC-17		METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	C-027	Deleted 2019		(Cyclohexanone resin)
	S-23, ICB-78,	· ·	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	C-028	ICB-11, CS-6 NAE-54, NAC-1		Clobetasol-17-propionate
	C-35, O-31,	METHYL	CHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE RELOAD	C-029	PL-1	1.0 pet	Anthemis nobilis extract RELOAD
C 000C	SH-20, H-18, NA-25, NAE-25,			C-031	PL-7	1.0 pet	Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract
C-009C	·	0.01 per	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	C-032	ME-1, LU-9	5.0 pet	Chloramphenicol
C 000D	Deleted 2021		METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE3 PRENOT	C-033	LU-7, AC-81	20.0 pet	t CETEARYL ALCOHOL
C-009E		0.215.00	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE +	C-034	R-25	1.0 pet	N-(Cyclohexylthio) phthalimide
C-003E	13-17	0.215 aq	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE ³ PROSE	C-035	DS-32, DMP-20	5.0 pet	CARVONE PO NOT
C-010A	C-12 H-22 O-3	0.5 net	CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	C-036	F-26		CITRAL
			CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)	C-037	F-28	1.0 pet	CITRONELLOL PO NOT PRELOAD
0 0.02	NAC-35, AC-54	no por		C-038	F-30	•	COUMARIN
C-011	Deleted 2021		(Chlorpromazine hydrochloride)	C-039	Only available a		
C-012	Deleted 2021		(Chlorquinaldol)	C-040	CAD-4		t Cefotaxim sodium salt
C-013	B-7, F-2	2.0 pet	CINNAMYL ALCOHOL RENSE	C-041	CAD-9		t Clarithromycin
C-014	•		CINNAMAL PO NOT	C-042	CAD-11		t Cotrimoxazole
	NA-6, NAE-6, NA			C-042	CAD-13		t Ciprofloxacin hydrochloride
C-015	C-21, LA-8		Clioquinol	C-043	CAD-13		Carbamazepine
C-016	V-4		Coal tar PRELOZI	C-044 C-045	CAD-14 CAD-17		Captopril
			- <u></u>	C-045	CAD-11	J.U pet	Сарторгії

Art. No.		Conc %(\ & Vehicle		Art. No.	. Serial no.	Conc %(
C-046	CAD-26	10.0 pet	Clindamycin phosphate	D-023B	Deleted 2022	0.5 pet	(Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) PO NOTI
C-047	CAD-27	10.0 pet	Cefradine	D-024	R-6	1.0 pet	N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine
C-048	CAD-28	10.0 pet	Cefalexin				(DPPD)
C-049	METE-9	10.0 pet	CALCIUM TITANATE	D-025	PG-22, R-19, SH-13	1.0 pet	N,N'-Diphenylthiourea (DPTU)
C-050	H-36	0.5 pet	CETRIMONIUM BROMIDE	D-026	5п-13 ТF-6	1 0 not	DISDEBSE DI LIE 2
C-051	PL-14	1.0 pet	Chamomilla recutita extract	D-026 D-027	TF-7		DISPERSE BLUE 3
C-052	H-32	0.5 pet	CYSTEAMINE HCL		TF-15		Disperse Blue 35 Disperse Blue 85
C-053	CAD-31	10.0 pet	Cefuroxime sodium	D-028		1.0 pet	•
C-054	CAD-1	10.0 pet	Cefixime trihydrate	D-029	Deleted 2019	10	(Disperse Blue 153)
C-055	CAD-6	10.0 pet	Cefpodoxime proxetil	D-030	TF-18		Disperse Brown 1
C-056	C-61	5.0 pet	CETEARYL GLUCOSIDE	D-031	TF-16		Disperse Orange 1
C-059	AC-82		Carmine	D-032	ICB-25, TF-2, SH-3, NAC-25, A		DISPERSE ORANGE 3
D-001	E-2,I-3,R-18		4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	D-033	Deleted 1999		(Disperse Orange 13)
D-002	H-2		TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE	D-034	TF-3	1.0 pet	Disperse Red 1
D-003	R-10		Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	D-035	TF-4	1.0 pet	DISPERSE RED 17
		5.0 pet 2.5 pet	(Dibucaine hydrochloride) Dibucaine hydrochloride	D-036	ICB-51, TF-1, NAC-51, AC-84	1.0 pet	Disperse Yellow 3
	NAC-69	•	•	D-037	TF-19	1 0 net	Disperse Yellow 9
D-006	B-5, C-7, PG-5	2.0 pet	BHT	D-037	SH-17, R-23		N,N´-DibutyIthiourea
	LU-8, AC-78			D-039	SH-15, R-22		N,N'-Diethylthiourea
D-007	PG-2	5.0 pet	Dibutyl phthalate	D-040	TF-11		Disperse Blue 106
D-008	0-4	1.0 pet		D-040 D-041	TF-20		Disperse Blue 124
D-009	MA-22	0.1 pet	Di(ethylene glycol) diacrylate	D-042	B-19, C-39		DODECYL GALLATE
D-010	E-5	1.0 pet	Diethylenetriamine, (DETA) PONT	D-042	R-24, SH-19	•	Dodecyl mercaptan RING
D-011	Deleted 2018		(N,N-DIETHYLTOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE HCL)		C-42, H-26,		DIAZOLIDINYL UREA
D-012	TF-8	4.5 aq	Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea	D-044A	IS-24, LU-25,	2.0 pct	DIAZOLIDIN'I E ONLA
D-014	Deleted 1999		(Dimethylol propyleneurea)		LA-31, ECB-34		
D-015	O-20		Bioban CS 1135 PRELOAD	D-044B	Deleted 2021		(DIAZOLIDINYL UREA PO NOT)
D-016	DS-6		N,N-Dimethyl-4-toluidine RELOAD	D-044C	ICB-21, NA-21	1.0 pet	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA
D-017	R-15	1.0 pet	N,N-Di-2-naphtyl-4-phenylenediamine (DBNPD)	D-045	NAE-21, NAC-2 DS-26, MA-14,		DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL
D-018	PG-4	2.0 pet	Dioctyl phthalate (DEHP, DOP)	D-045	DMP-7	u.z pet	METHACRYLATE PRECON
D-019	R-4	1.0 pet	Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide	D-046	CS-7	1.0 pet	Dexamethasone-21-phosphate disodium salt
D-020	Deleted 2014		(DIPENTENE (oxidized))	D-047A	C-44	2.0 aq	DMDM HYDANTOIN PRELOAD
D-021	ME-20	1.0 pet	Diphenhydramine hydrochloride	D-047B	ICB-56, NA-22	1.0 pet	DMDM HYDANTOIN ³ DO NOT PRELOAD
D-022	ICB-17, R-12,		1,3-Diphenylguanidine	D 040	NAE-22, NAC-5	•	Dially disculside FONOT
B 000	SH-16, NA-17, N	IAE-17, N	·	D-048	PL-2	•	Diallyl disulfide PRINT
D-023	Deleted 2012		(Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI))	D-049A	IS-20	0.3 pet	METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE

Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle			Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle	
	Deleted 2014 S-26, ICB-27, O-34, C-45, LA-2	0.5 pet	(METHYLDIBROMO METHYLDIBROMO	,	E-005	ICB-12, C-22, O-15, E-8, P-9, NA-12, NAE-12, N		Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride
	NA-27, NAE-27, I		ECB-26		E-006	V-2		Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
D-050	TF-10	5.0 aq	Dimethylol dihydroxy	ethylene urea,		. –		disodium salt dihydrate
			modified PRELOAD		E-007	DS-4, MA-5,	2.0 pet	Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate PONOT
D-051	TF-31	5.0 pet	Direct Orange 34			MN-6, MP-10,		
D-052	TF-9	4.5 aq	Dimethyl dihydroxy e	-		DMP-3, DMS-3		
D-053	C-48, E-9, AC-42	1.0 aq	3-(Dimethylamino)-1-	-propylamine RELOAD	E-008	Deleted 2018		(Ethylene urea)
D-054	SH-23, R-27	1.0 pet	4,4`-Dithiodimorpholi	ne	E-009	Deleted 2021		(2-Ethylhexyl acrylate)
D-055	SU-11, PP-10,		DROMETRIZOLE TR	RISILOXANE	E-010	V-8	3.0 pet	ETHYLPARABEN
D-056	Only available as	•			E-011	Deleted 2018		(N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methyl- 1,4-phenylenediamine sulfate salt)
D-057	ICB-61, CS-9		Desoximetasone		E-012	MN-2, MA-19		ETHYL METHACRYLATE PRICAD
D-058	NAE-57, NAC-6 ⁻ CAD-3		Dicloxacillin sodium s	salt bydrata	E-012	Deleted 2018	2.0 per	(N-Ethyl-N-(2-methane-
D-058	CAD-5	•	Doxycycline monohy	•	E-013	Deleteu 2016		sulfonamidoethyl)-2-methyl-1,4-
D-060	CAD-16		Diltiazem hydrochlori					PPD-sesquisulfate, hydrate (CD-3))
	Deleted 2021	10.0 per	(Diclofenac sodium s		E-014	O-11	0.5 pet	Bioban P 1487 PRELOAD
	PP-26, CAD-19	5 0 not	Diclofenac sodium sa	,	E-015	DS-18, DMP-18	0.1 pet	N-Ethyl-p-toluenesulfonamide
D-061B	SU-18, PP-12,		2-(4-Diethylamino-2-l		E-016	B-2, DS-16, F-4,		EUGENOL DO NOT PRELOAD
D-002	30-10, 11-12,	10.0 pet	benzoic acid hexyles			DMP-16, DMS-9		
D-063	SU-19, PP-16,	10.0 pet	DIETHYLHEXYL BU		E-017	PL-17	0.1 pet	Evernic acid
	,		TRIAZONE			Deleted 2019		(ETHYLHEXYL DIMETHYL PABA)
D-064	SU-20, PP-24	10.0 pet	Disodium phenyl dibe	enzimidazole	E-018C			(ETHYLHEXYL DIMETHYL PABA)
		·	tetrasulfonate		E-018D		10.0 pet	ETHYLHEXYL DIMETHYL PABA
D-065	ICB-53, C-57,		DECYL GLUCOSIDE	4 DO NOT PRELOAD		Deleted 2019		(ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE)
	H-29, PP-18, SU	,			E-019C	SU-7, PP-4,	10.0 pet	ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE
D OCCA	NA-47, NAE-53, Deleted 2018	NAC-53,		TON O	E-020	AC-79 Deleted 2019		(Epoxy resin, cycloaliphatic)
D-066B		0.01 not	(Dimethyl fumarate Dimethyl fumarate		E-021	ME-11	1 0 alc	Econazole nitrate RENDI
D-066B	Deleted 2021	0.01 pet	(Dexketoprofen)	LOAD	E-022	Deleted 2022	5.0 pet	
E-001	Deleted 2019		(Epoxy acrylate)		E-023	MA-15.AC-74. MN-		ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE PRINT
E-001	S-14, ICB-13,	1.0 not	Epoxy resin, Bisphen	acl A	E-024	CAD-7		Erythromycin base
E-002	IS-10, SH-18, DI		Epoxy resili, disprieri	IOI A	E-025	PP-15,	•	Etofenamate
	LA-14, NA-13, NA	AE-13,			E-026	F-37		Treemoss absolute PO NOT
	NAC-13, ECB-14,	AC- 14			E-027	C-58, AC-70		ETHYLHEXYLGLYCERIN
E-003	Deleted 2011		(Ethoxyquin)		F-001	Deleted 2022		(2,2'-THIOBIS(4-CHLOROPHENOL))
E-004		0.1 pet	Ethyl acrylate PO NOT PRELOAD		F-002A	6	•	FORMALDEHYDE PRELOAD
	NA-39, NAE-39, NAC-39, AC-50, N	//A-17						_

Art. No.		Conc %(\ & Vehicle	,	Art. No	. Serial no.	Conc %(v & Vehicle	,
F-002B	S-18, ICB-77,		FORMALDEHYDE PRELOAD	H-012	Deleted 2018		(HYDROXYLAMINE SULFATE PRECON)
	DS-19, H-6, IS-5 SH-12, NA-11, N			H-013	DS-5, MA-10, DMP-4, DMS-4,	•	Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate (BIS-GMA)
F-002C	LA-18 ⁶	1.0 pet	FORMALDEHYDE ³ PRELOAD	H-0140	ICB-34, C-25,		: BENZOPHENONE-3
F-003	ICB-68, LU-2, ME-13, NAE-62 NAC-68	2.0 pet	Fusidic acid sodium salt		FDS-7, SU-6, A PP-1, NAE-34, I	C-55,	
F-004	F-27	5.0 pet	FARNESOL	H-015	O-21	1.0 pet	TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)NITRO- METHANE
F-005	LU-19, ME-8		Framycetin sulphate	H-016	C-37, DS-28,	1.0 net	DROMETRIZOLE
F-006	Deleted 2022		(Fenofibrate)	11 010	PG-6, DMP-21	1.0 pct	BROWLINGSEE
G-001	F-6	2.0 pet	GERANIOL PRELOZD	H-017	Deleted 2021		(Hydroxypropyl acrylate)
G-002	F-22	2.0 pet	Geranium oil PO NOT	H-018	MA-4, MN-5,		Hydroxypropyl methacrylate RELOAD
G-003A	DS-34, SH-2,	0.2 pet	GLUTARAL ² PO NOT PRELOAD	H-019	SH-5	•	Hydroquinone monobenzylether
	P-11, DMS-10				PP-19, SU-8		BENZOPHENONE-10
G-003B	ICB-29, NA-29		GLUTARAL ² DO NOT PRELOAD	H-021A			Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate RELOAD
	NAE-29, NAC-29				LA-39, AC-31		Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate
G-004	ICB-40, H-16, NAC-40	1.0 pet	GLYCERYL THIOGLYCOLATE		I-2	0.1 pet	Hexamethylene diisocyanate (HDI)
G-005A		0.5 net	Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydi		Deleted 2019	0.0	(BENZOPHENONE-4)
	NAC-38	·	•		SU-10, AC-61	2.0 pet	BENZOPHENONE-4
G-005B		2.0 pet	Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydi	rate H-024A	SU-3	5.0 pet	HOMOSALATE
C 006	MET-4, AC-28	20.0 not	Contomicin culfata	H-024B	PP-21	10.0 pet	HOMOSALATE
G-006 G-007	ME-5 MET-24		Gentamicin sulfate	H-025	F-29	10.0 pet	Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde
G-007 H-001	PP-28 ⁶		Gallium(III)oxide Hexachlorophene	H-026	Deleted 2021		(1,6-Hexanediol diglycidylether)
H-001	C-20, O-10	1.0 pet 1.0 ag	Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyd	H-027	CAD-15		: Hydantoin
11-002	C-20, O-10	1.0 aq	triazine PRIOTI	п-020	CAD-24		Hydroxyzine hydrochloride
H-003	C-15. E-1. R-17	2.0 pet	METHENAMINE	H-029	CAD-25		: Hydrochlorotiazide
H-004	DS-27, MA-11, MN-8, DMP-10		1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate	H-031A	NA-40, NAE-40 NAC-74, ECB-3	,	Hydroperoxides of Linalool PRINCE
H-005	O-23	1.0 pet	Hydrazine sulfate	H_031B			Hydroperoxides of Linalool PONOT
H-006	Deleted 2019		(HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)		ICB-60, B-15,	•	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RELOAD
H-007	H-13, PG-1, P-5	1.0 pet	HYDROQUINONE	11 0027	F-44, O-27,	0.0 pct	Trydroporoxidos of Elimonomo
H-008	F-8	2.0 pet	HYDROXYCITRONELLAL		NA-36, NAE-36	, NAC-60,	ECB-39
H-009	MN-12, MA-18		2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate PRELOAD		F-47, ECB-40, AC-5	•	Hydroperoxides of Limonene RENST
H-010	DS-13, ECB-8,		2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	H-033	H-34	2.0 pet	HYDROXYETHYL-p-PHENYLENE- DIAMINE SULFATE
	ICB-55, MA-3, N NA-34, NAE-56,			H-034	CS-13	1.0 pet	Hydrocortisone-21-acetate
H-011	Deleted 2018	14/10-00,	(HYDROXYLAMINE HCL PRICAL)	I-001A	ICB-5, C-14,	2.0 pet	IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(& Vehicle		Name	Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(\ & Vehicle	
	H-23, LU-26, LA-4 NA-5, NAE-5, NA		34, AC-2	29		LA-28, ECB-28, NAE-58, NAC-7	2, AC-69	
I-001B I-002	Deleted 2019 B-3, F-5	2.0 pet	,	AZOLIDINYL UREA) JGENOL	L-004	C-49, H-27, AC-89	3.0 pet	LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE PRELOAD
I-003	ICB-59, C-1, NAC-59	20.0 pet	ISOPF	ROPYL MYRISTATE	L-005B L-006C			ELINALOOL RENTE
I-004	S-11, IS-28, SH-1, R-7, LA-11, ECB-11	0.1 pet		oropyl-N-phenyl-4- lenediamine (IPPD)	L-007 L-008 L-009	Deleted 2019 METE-17 CAD-30	0.2 aq	(Lead(II)acetate trihydrate) Lead(II)chloride
I-005 I-006 I-007	Deleted 1999 E-6, I-5 I-4	0.1 pet 1.0 pet	Isopho	oropyl-dibenzoylmethane) orone diamine (IPD) ORONE DIISOCYANATE (IPDI)	M-001 M-002	TF-14 B-6 S-17, O-16,	7.0 pet 2.0 pet	Melamine formaldehyde ³ MENTHOL MENTH
I-008C	ICB-63, C-47, O-35, NA-37, NAE-37, NAC-6	·	IODOI	PROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE		R-8, SH-14, LA-17, ECB-17	•	
I-009	ICB-71, SU-15, PP-6, NAC-71		ISOAN	//YL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE	M-003B	ICB-2, NAE-2 NAC-2, AC-32		2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT)
I-010A	CAD-29	10.0 pet	Ibupro	fen	M-004	METE-3		Mercury(II)chloride
I-010B	Deleted 2023	5.0 pet			M-005	DS-11, DMP-12 DMS-8, MET-9	, 0.5 pet	Mercury Mercury
I-011 I-012	MET-21 MET-7			n(III)chloride n(III)chloride trihydrate	M-006B	DS-33, DMP-5, MA-20	2.0 pet	2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy) phenyl)-propane (BIS-EMA)
I-013	METE-15	10.0 aq	Indium	n(III)sulfate PRELOAD	M-007	DS-9, MA-9	2.0 pet	Bisphenol A dimethacrylate (BIS-MA)
I-014	METE-7	1.0 pet			M-008	LA-22, PL-18	0.01 pet	2-Methoxy-6-n-pentyl-4-benzoquinone
I-015	METE-8	1.0 pet			M-009	Deleted 2018		(p-METHYLAMINOPHENOL SULFATE)
I-016	MET-18			IC CHLORIDE	M-010A	Deleted 2018		(6-METHYL COUMARIN)
I-017	F-38	10.0 pet		nethyl ionone PRELOAD		Deleted 2023	1.0 alc	(6-METHYL COUMARIN PO NOT)
I-018	Deleted 2018			nem monohydrate)	M-012	Deleted 2021		(METHYLPARABEN)
I-019	MA-16			DRNYL ACRYLATE	M-013	ICB-42, DS-1,	2.0 pet	Methyl methacrylate PRELOAD
J-001	F-14			ne synthetic PO NOT		MA-1, MN-3 DMP-1 DMS-1	NA-42 N	AE-42, NAC-42, AC-46
J-002	F-23, AC-85			ne absolute PRELOAD	M-014	O-13		N-Methylolchloroacetamide
J-003	•			(Juniperus oxycedrus extract PRELOAD)	M-015	PG-21	•	2-Monomethylol phenol
K-001	ME-2			nycin sulfate	M-016	R-11	•	2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzothiazol
	CAD-20, PP-11,				111 010	17.11	1.0 pct	(MOR)
L-001	F-18, AC-47			der absolute PRELOAD	M-018	Deleted 2021		(MUSK KETONE)
		5.0 pet			M-019	F-12	1.0 pet	Musk moskene
L-002B	ICB-67, NAE-51	15.0 pet	Lidoca	ine	M-020	Deleted 1999	•	(Musk tibetine)
L-003	NAC-67, AC-36 S-28, ICB-72, F-25, IS-27,	5.0 pet		OXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEX- CARBOXALDEHYDE	M-021 M-022	F-10 METE-4		Musk xylene Mercury(II)amidochloride

Art. No.		Conc %(\ & Vehicle		Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(\ & Vehicle	
M-023	MA-26		N,N-Methylene-bisacrylamide			3.0 3.0	-METHYLPARABEN (M-012) -PROPYLPARABEN (P-020)
	SU-4, PP-3,		4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR	My-03C	S-10, C-17,		Paraben mix
M-025	DS-22		Methylhydroquinone	WIX-000	IS-29, LA-10	4.0	-BUTYLPARABEN (B-020)
M-026	PL-9		α-Methylene-γ-butyrolactone PRELOAD		ECB-10	4.0	-ETHYLPARABEN (E-010)
M-027	ME-10		Miconazole PRELOZIA			4.0	-METHYLPARABEN (M-012)
M-028	F-11,PP-29	5.0 pet	METHYL ANTHRANILATE	M 04	V 00 AO 40	4.0	-PROPYLPARABEN (P-020)
M-029	Deleted 2019		(Minocycline hydrochloride)	Mx-04	V-26, AC-16	0.6 pet 0.25	Black rubber mix -N-Cyclohexyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylene-
M-030	MET-13		Molybdenum			0.23	diamine (C-024)
M-031	MET-15	2.0 pet	MANGANESE CHLORIDE			0.25	-N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine
M-032	Deleted 2018		(Methylene bis-benzotriazolyl tetramethylbutylphenol (Methylbutylphenol (Methylbutylphenol))			0.1	(D-024) -N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylene-
M-033	F-42	'	Majanthole				diamine (IPPD) (I-004)
M-034	F-41	0.2 pet	Methyl-2-octynoate POR NOT	Mx-05A		2.0 pet	
M-035A	Deleted 2021		(METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE)		LA-13, ECB-13	0.5	-N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazyl- sulfenamide (C-023)
M-035B	S-29, ICB-54, C-54,	0.2 aq	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE POR NOT			0.5 0.5	-Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS) (D-003) - 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) (M-003)
	LA-37, NA-50, NAE-50, NAC-54, ECB-29, AC-9					0.5	-2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzo-
M-035C	Deleted 2021		(METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE)				thiazol (MOR) (M-016)
M-035D			METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE ³ PONOT PRELOAD	Mx-05B	ICB-16, NAE-16		Mercapto mix
M-036	CS-11		Methylprednisolone aceponate		NAC-16, AC-22	0.25	-N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazyl-
M-037	PP-14, SU-17		Methylene bis-benzotriazolyl tetramethyl-butylphenol			0.25 0.25	sulfenamide (C-023) -Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS) (D-003) - 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) (M-003)
M-038	METE-21	0.5 pet	Molybdenum(V)chloride			0.25	-2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzo-
M-039	H-33	1.0 pet	2-METHYLRESORCINOL			0.20	thiazol (MOR) (M-016)
M-040	H-35	1.0 pet	p-METHYLAMINOPHENOL	Mx-05C	IS-9	3.5 pet	Mercapto mix
Mx-01	S-3, ICB-10, IS-3, SH-6, LA-3, NA-10,	1.0 pet 0.25	Thiuram mix -Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide (D-019)	0.5 -N-Cyclohexyl-2-benz sulfenamide (C-023)		-N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazyl- sulfenamide (C-023) -Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS) (D-003)	
	NAE-10, NAC-10	0.25	-Tetraethylthiuram disulfide			2.0	- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) (M-003
	ECB-3, AC-24	0.25	(TETD) (T-002) -Tetramethylthiuram disulfide			0.5	-2-(4-Morpholinylmercapto)benzo- thiazol (MOR) (M-016)
		0.25	(TMTD) (T-005) -Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM) (T-006)	Mx-06	ICB-8, IS-21 LA-38, NA-8 NAE-8, NAC-8	3.0 pet 1.0 1.0	Carba mix -1,3-Diphenylguanidine 1.0 D-022 -ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE
Mx-02	V-27	6.0 pet 3.0 3.0	Quinoline mix -Chlorquinaldol (C-012) -Clioquinol (C-015)		AC-15	1.0	(ZBC) Z-002 -Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC) (Z-003)
Mx-03A	ICB-26, NA-26 NAE-26, NAC-26 AC-8		Paraben mix -BUTYLPARABEN (B-020) -ETHYLPARABEN (E-010)	Mx-07	S-19, ICB-28, IS-12, LA-19	8.0 pet 1.0	Fragrance mix I ² RENDI -AMYL CINNAMAL (A-014)

Art. No.		Conc %(\ & Vehicle		Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle	
	NA-28, NAE-28, NAC-28, ECB-19 AC-6, F-45	9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	-CINNAMYL ALCOHOL (C-013) -CINNAMAL (C-014) -EUGENOL (E-016) -GERANIOL (G-001) -HYDROXYCITRONELLAL (H-008)	Mx-21C	Deleted 2019	5.0 2.5 2.5	-Lidocaine (L-002) -Amylocaine hydrochloride (A-020) -Prilocaine hydrochloride (P-027) (Dermatophagoides mix (Pteronyssinus/Pharinae 50/50)
		1.0 1.0	-ISOEUGENOL (I-002) -Oakmoss absolute (O-001)	Mx-22A	Deleted 2011		(Compositae mix I)
Mx-08	Deleted 2021	1.0	(Perfume mix)	Mx-23	CS-12		Corticosteroid mix
Mx-09	Deleted 2014		(Wood mix)			1.0	-Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate (H-021)
Mx-10B		3.0 pet	Musk mix			1.0 0.1	-Tixocortol-21-pivalate (T-031) -Budesonide (B-033)
		1.0 1.0 1.0	-MUSK KETONE (M-018) -MUSK moskene (M-019) -MUSK xylene (M-021)	Mx-24	ICB-24, LA-36 NA-24, NAE-24 NAC-24, AC-41		Mixed dialkyl thiourea -N,N'-Dibutylthiourea (D-038) -N,N'-Diethylthiourea (D-039)
Mx-11	Deleted 2018		(Naphthyl mix)	Mx-25	S-27, ICB-50,	14.0 pet	Fragrance mix II RENOT
Mx-12	Deleted 2018		(Caine mix I)		F-31, IS-25,	5.0	-Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde (H-025)
Mx-13	V-19	10.0 pet 2.5 5.0 2.5	Caine mix II -Dibucaine hydrochloride (D-005) -Lidocaine (L-002) -Tetracaine hydrochloride (T-025)		LA-27, NA-32 NAE-32, NAC-50 ECB-27, AC-34	2.5	-COUMARIN (C-038) -FARNESOL (F-004) -HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLO- HEXENE CARBOXALDEHYDE (L-003)
Mx-14	LU-15	12.0 pet 3.0	Wood tar mix RENOT -Beech tar (B-002)			1.0 0.5	-CITRAL (C-036) -CITRONELLOL (C-037)
		3.0 3.0 3.0	-Birch tar (B-011) -Juniperus oxycedrus extract (J-003) -Pine tar (P-012)	Mx-26	ICB-65, TF-24 LA-35, NA-38, NAE-38, NAC-65 AC-35	1.0 pet 0.5 0.5	Disperse Blue mix 106/124 -Disperse Blue 106 (D-040) -Disperse Blue 124 (D-041)
Mx-15	PL-12	0.1 0.1 0.1	Lichen acid mix -Atranorin (A-016) -Evernic acid (E-017) -(+)-Usnic acid (U-005)	Mx-27	6	1.5 pet 0.5 0.5 0.5	Thiourea mix -N,N'-Dibutylthiourea (D-038) -N,N'-Diethylthiourea (D-039)
Mx-16	ICB-36, TF-12	5.0 pet	Ethyleneurea, melamine formaldehyde	Mx-28	Deleted 2019	0.5	-N,N`-Diphenylthiourea (D-025) (Gallate mix)
	NAC-36 AC-66	4.0 1.0	mix² 區間 -Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea (D-012) -Melamine formaldehyde (M-001)		B-20, C-60	1.0 pet 0.25	Gallate mix -DODECYL GALLATE (D-042)
Mx-17D	Deleted 2011		(Euxyl K 400)			0.5	-PROPYL GALLATE (P-021)
Mx-18	S-20, ICB-31, IS-30, ECB-20, LA-20, NA-31 NAE-31, PL-8 NAC-31, AC-57	0.1 pet 0.033 0.033 0.033	Sesquiterpene lactone mix -Alantolactone (A-003) -Costunolide (C-039) -Dehydrocostus lactone (D-056)	Mx-29A	ICB-66, IS-23 NA-46, NAE-46, NAC-46, AC-65 ECB-36	1.2 1.0	-Octyl GALLATE (O-002) Compositae mix II RECONTION -Anthemis nobilis extract (C-029) -Chamomilla recutita extract (C-051) -Achillea millefolium extract (A-025)
Mx-19	ECB-6, LA-6 ME-9, S-6	10.0 pet 5.0 2.5 2.5	Caine mix III -Benzocaine (B-004) -Dibucaine hydrochloride (D-005) -Tetracaine hydrochloride (T-025)			1.0 0.5 0.1	-Tanacetum vulgare extract (T-033) -Arnica montana extract (A-024) -Parthenolide (P-029)
Mx-20	ME-12	10.0 pet	Caine mix IV				

Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle		Art. No.		Conc %(\ & Vehicle	
Mx-29B	6	2.5 pet	Compositae mix II	O-002	B-14, C-8	0.25 pet	t Octyl gallate
		0.6	-Anthemis nobilis extract (C-029)	O-003	Deleted 2021	·	(Oligotriacrylate (OTA 480)
		0.6 0.5 0.5	-Chamomilla recutita extract (C-051) -Achillea millefolium extract (A-025) -Tanacetum vulgare extract (T-033)	O-004	O-33, SH-22, PG-23, ICB-64 NAC-64, ECB-3		2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
		0.25 0.05	-Arnica montana extract (A-024) -Parthenolide (P-029)	O-005	ICB-80, C-56, H-28, NA-48, NAE-48, NAC-8	0.1 aq 0, AC-44	OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE RESE
Mx-30	S-31, ICB-48,	6.6 pet	Textile dye mix	O-006	Deleted 2017		(OLEA EUROPAEA OIL)
	TF-27, NA-2 NAE-47, NAC-48 ECB-31, IS-14	1.0 3 1.0 1.0	-Diperse Blue 35 (D-027) -Diperse Orange 1 (D-031) -DISPERSE ORANGE 3 (D-032)	O-007A	ICB-73, SU-13 NAC-73	5.0 pet	ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE
	LOD-01, 10-14	1.0	-Disperse Red 1 (D-034)	O-007B	PP-22	10.0 pet	t ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE
		1.0	-DISPERSE RED 17 (D-035)	O-008	Deleted 2023	1.0 pet	(Olaquindox)
		1.0	-Disperse Yellow 3 (D-036) -Disperse Blue 106 (D-040)	O-009	SU-12, PP-5,	10.0 pet	t OCTOCRYLENE
		0.3	-Disperse Blue 124 (D-041)	O-010	SU-14, PP-13,	10.0 pet	t ETHYLHEXYL TRIAZONE
Mx-31	Deleted 2023	5.0	(Caine mix V) -Benzocaine (B-004)	P-001	DS-23, DMP-19 IMP-29, MET-23		Palladium(II)chloride
		1.0 1.0	-Dibucaine hydrochloride (D-005) -Tetracaine hydrochloride (T-025)	P-002	Deleted 2021		(Pentaerythritol triacrylate)
N-001	9.4 ICB 0 IS 2		Neomycin sulfate	P-003	V-5	100	PETROLATUM
IN-00 I	LA-4, NA-9,	20.0 pet	Neonych suhale	P-004	Deleted 2018		(1-Phenyl-3-pyrazolidinone)
	NAE-9, NAC-9,			P-005	PG-12, IS-26	1.0 pet	Phenol formaldehyde resin (PFR2) PRELOAD
	ECB-4, AC-3			P-006	S-2, H-1, ICB-4,	1.0 pet	p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD)
N-002A		, 5.0 pet	Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate		SH-9, IS-4, LA-2		D 0 40 00
	DS-15, DMP-15	ET 00			NA-4, NAE-4, N		
NI OOOD	LA-7, ECB-7, MI		NE de 1/11\ en 16 de la combanda de	P-007	PG-17		2-Phenylindole
N-002B	ICB-20, IS-13 NA-20, NAE-20,		Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate	P-008	C-18, LU-23, METE-12	·	PHENYL MERCURIC ACETATE RELOCATION OF THE PRINCIPLE OF TH
NI 000	NAC-20, AC-1		(COLVENT DI ACK E)	P-009	R-16		N-Phenyl-2-naphtylamine (PBN)
N-003	Deleted 2015	10	(SOLVENT BLACK 5)	P-010	O-5	•	o-PHENYLPHENOL
N-004	H-3	•	2-NITRO-p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE	P-011	C-24, PG-3	1.0 pet	PHENYL SALICYLATE
N-005 N-006	ME-6, LU-5 F-9	•	Nitrofurazone	P-012	Only available a	•	` '
			Narcissus poeticus absolute PRELOAD	P-013	ICB-62, C-4,	5.0 pet	POLYSORBATE 80
N-007	CAD-12	•	Norfloxacin		NAC-62		5
N-008 O-001	MET-28 F-7	•	Niobium(V)chloride Oakmoss absolute ² PRECENT	P-014A	S-1, DS-10, SH-7 P-14, IS-1, DMP- LA-1, ECB-1, ME	1,	Potassium dichromate
				P-014B	ICB-18, NA-18, NAE-18, NAC-1	0.25 pet 8, AC-4	t Potassium dichromate
				P-015	METE-2	0.1 aq	Potassium dicyanoaurate(I) PO NOT
				P-016	V-15	1.0 pet	Procaine hydrochloride

Art. No.		Conc %(v & Vehicle		Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(& Vehicle	
P-017A	Deleted 2019		(Promethazine hydrochloride)	R-004B	TF-22	1.0 pet	Reactive Black 5
P-017B	Deleted 2021		(Promethazine hydrochloride)	R-005B	TF-23	1.0 pet	Reactive Blue 21
P-018	B-13	3.0 pet	PROPIONIC ACID PRELOAD	R-006B	Deleted 2016		(Reactive Blue 238)
P-019A	C-27, O-6, LU-11	1 5.0 pet	PROPYLENE GLYCOL ³ DO NOT	R-007B	TF-25	1.0 pet	Reactive Orange 107
P-019B	ICB-79, NA-33	30.0 aq	PROPYLENE GLYCOL PRELOAD	R-008B	TF-26	1.0 pet	Reactive Red 123
	NAE-33, NAC-79	9, AC-37		R-009B	Deleted 2018		(Reactive Red 238)
P-019C	Deleted 2017		(PROPYLENE GLYCOL)	R-010B	TF-28	1.0 pet	Reactive Red 228
P-020	Deleted 2021		(PROPYLPARABEN)	R-011B	TF-29	1.0 pet	Reactive Violet 5
P-021	B-18, C-38, LA-32	1.0 pet	PROPYL GALLATE	R-012	MET-25	0.1 pet	Ruthenium
P-022	ECB-22, ICB-33,	10.0 pet	Propolis	R-013	METE-19	2.0 pet	Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate
	NA-35, NAE-61,			S-001	B-4, AC-62	5.0 pet	SODIUM BENZOATE
	NAC-33, LU-12, PL-6, AC-53			S-002	C-32,O-28	0.1 aq	Sodium-2-pyridinethiol-1-oxide RELOAD
P-023	E-4	0.25 pet	2-Phenyl glycidyl ether	S-003	B-11, C-10, LU-14 AC-63	1 2.0 pet	SORBIC ACID
P-024B	SU-9, PP-20	10.0 pet	PHENYLBENZIMIDAZOLE SULFONIC	S-004		25 0 net	SORBITAN OLEATE
			ACID	S-005	C-26, LU-20		SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE
P-025			PHENOXYETHANOL PRECORD	0 000	AC-67, F-13, EC		OOKBITAN OEGGOIGEEANE
P-026	ME-21, AC-39	•	Polymyxin B sulfate	S-006	C-28	30.0 pet	STEARYL ALCOHOL
P-027A		5.0 pet	Prilocaine hydrochloride	S-007	MET-26	1.0 aq	SILVER NITRATE PRILOZO
P-028	Deleted 2018		(p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE HCL)	S-008	F-48	2.0 pet	Styrax PO NOT PRELOAD
P-029	PL-13	0.1 pet	Parthenolide	S-009	F-24		Sandalwood oil PRELOAD
P-030	Deleted 2014		(Phosphorus sesquisulfide)	S-010	ME-4		Sulfanilamide
P-031	Deleted 2018		(Penicillin G, potassium salt)	S-011	C-59, H-37	1.0 pet	SODIUM METABISULFITE
P-032	Deleted 2021		(Pristinamycin)		ECB-21, S-21		
P-033 P-034	CAD-21, PP-17,	1.0 pet 100		S-012	CAD-8	10.0 pet	Spiramycin base
			Polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG 400)	S-013	METE-16	1.0 pet	STANNOUS CHLORIDE
P-035 P-036	PP-23 C-50, AC-86		Polysilicone-15 Peppermint oil	S-014	METE-11	1.0 pet	Tin(II)oxalate
P-038	Deleted 2022		(Polymeric diphenylmethane	S-015	C-51, AC-88	20.0 alc	SHELLAC PONOT PRELOAD
F-030	Deleted 2022	2.0 pet	diisocyanate (PMDI)) RM	S-016	V-30	100	Softisan 649
P-039	ME-18, AC-87	2.0 pet	Pramoxine hydrochloride	S-017	DMP-24, DS-31 MET-12, LA-33	3.0 pet	Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate
P-040	CAD-10	10.0 pet	Potassium clavulanate	S-018	V-36	0 25 ag	SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE RELOAD
P-041	ME-19	10.0 pet	Phenylbutazone	S-019	METE-23	2.0 aq	Sodium tungstate dihydrate PRELOAD
P-042	C-62, H-12	5.0 pet	PANTHENOL	T-001	Deleted 2018	2.0 ay	(3,3',4',5-Tetrachlorosalicylanilide (TCS))
P-043	C-63	2.5 aq	POLYAMINOPROPYL BIGUANIDE PRELOAD	T-001	R-3	1.0 net	Tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD)
Q-001	ME-3	1.0 pet	Quinine sulfate	T-002	Deleted 1999	1.0 pet	(Tetramethylol acetylenediurea)
R-001	H-9	1.0 pet	RESORCINOL	T-003	Deleted 2014		(3,3´,5,5´-Tetramethylbenzidine)
R-002	PG-16	1.0 pet	Resorcinol monobenzoate	T-005	R-1	1.0 net	Tetramethylthiuram disulfide (TMTD)
R-003	F-20	2.0 pet	Rose absolute PRELOAD	. 555	1 . 1	o pot	readineary fandram diodinae (TWTD)

Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(& Vehicl		Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(v & Vehicle	
T-006 T-007	R-2 ICB-32, C-13, O-22, LU-13,		Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide (TMTM) THIMEROSAL	T-031B	S-25, IS-19, CS-4, LU-21, LA-25, ECB-25	0.1 pet	Tixocortol-21-pivalate
	LA-34, NAC-32			T-032	PL-4	2.5 pet	Taraxacum officinale extract PRELOW
T-008	DS-30, MET-12	50.0 pet	: Tin	T-033	PL-10	1.0 pet	Tanacetum vulgare extract RELOAD
T-009	I-1	2.0 pet	Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (TDI) RELOAD	T-034	ME-14	1.0 pet	Tioconazole
T-010	ICB-41, PG-15, LA-29,	10.0 pet	Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin	T-035B	ICB-49, C-46 NAE-64, NAC-4		Tea tree oil oxidized PRELOAD
	NA-41, NAE-41, NAC-41, AC-56			T-036	ICB-22, C-43 NAE-60, NAC-2	100 2, AC-49	TOCOPHEROL PORTO
T-011	DS-20	2.0 pet	4-Tolyldiethanolamine	T-037B	C-52	10.0 pet	TOCOPHERYL ACETATE
T-012	Deleted 2021		(3,4,5-Tribromosalicylanilide (TBS)	T-038	Deleted 2021		(Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether)
T-013	O-24, PP-30		TRICLOCARBAN	T-039	MET-8	5.0 pet	Titanium(III)nitride
T-014	C-9, O-18, PP-25	2.0 pet	TRICLOSAN	T-040	METE-20	10.0 pet	TITANIUM DIOXIDE
T-015	PG-11, P-16	E O not	Tricresyl phosphate	T-041	MET-11	5.0 pet	Titanium(IV)oxalate hydrate
	*		TRIETHANOLAMINE	T-042	METE-22	10.0 pet	Titanium
T-016	ICB-47, C-3, O-7, LU-18, NAC-47	2.0 pet	TRIETHANOLAMINE	T-043 T-044	MET-17 Deleted	5.0 pet	Tungsten
T-017	MA-25, MN-9	0.1 pet	Triethylene glycol diacrylate ্লেগ্রে	T-045	Deleted		(Terephtalylidene dicamphor sulphonic
T-018	DS-2, MA-6,		Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate				acid (Mexoryl SX))
	DMP-2, DMS-2		, , ,	T-046	Deleted		(Turpentine peroxides)
T-019	E-3	0.5 pet	Triethylenetetramine (TETA) PRELOAD	T-047	MET-29		Tantalum
T-020	R-21	1.0 pet	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline	T-048	E-11		2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol
T-021	MA-24	0.1 pet	Trimethylolpropane triacrylate PRELOAD	T-049	H-30		TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE ³
T-022	PG-14	5.0 pet	Triphenyl phosphate	T-050	ME-15		Tobramycin
T-023	MA-23	0.1 pet	Tri(propylene glycol) diacrylate PO NOT	U-001	TF-13	10.0 pet	Urea formaldehyde resin
T-024A	Deleted 2011		(Turpentine peroxides)	U-002	Deleted 2019		(Urethane diacrylate, aliphatic)
T-024B	C-53	0.4 pet	Turpentine oil oxidized PO NOT PRELOAD	U-003	Deleted 2019		(Urethane diacrylate, aromatic)
T-025A	V-22	5.0 pet	Tetracaine hydrochloride	U-004	DS-3, MA-8		Urethane dimethacrylate RELANT
T-026	R-26, PP-27	0.1 pet	Thiourea	U-005	PL-15		(+)-Usnic acid
T-027	DS-29, MA-12, MN-10, DMP-8, DMS-6	2.0 pet	Tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate RENST	V-001 V-002	B-1, F-17 METE-10	5.0 pet	VANILLIN Vanadium
T-028	PG-9	0.5 net	Triglycidyl isocyanurate, (TGIC)	V-003	MET-14		Vanadium(III)chloride
T-020	MA-13		Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate	V-004	ME-16		Vancomycin hydrochloride
T-023	CS-3, AC-71		Triamcinolone acetonide	V-005	METE-24		Vanadium(V)oxide
T-031A	ICB-44, NA-44 NAE-44, NAC-4	1.0 pet	Tixocortol-21-pivalate	W-001 X-001	S-12, IS-8, LA-12, ECB-12 E-7		LANOLIN ALCOHOL m-Xylylenediamine

Art. No.	Serial no.	Conc %(& Vehicle	
Y-001	ICB-57, F-21 NA-16, NAE-65, NAC-57, AC-64	2.0 pet	Ylang ylang oil RELOW
Z-001	METE-1	2.5 pet	Zinc
Z-002	R-14	1.0 pet	ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE (ZBC)
Z-003	R-13	1.0 pet	Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate (ZDC)
Z-004	R-20	1.0 pet	Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate (Ziram)
Z-005	O-17	1.0 pet	Zinc ethylenebis-(dithiocarbamate) (Zineb)
Z-006	H-25	1.0 pet	ZINC PYRITHIONE
Z-007A	Deleted 2011		(ZINC CHLORIDE)
Z-007B	MET-10	1.0 pet	ZINC CHLORIDE
Z-008	MET-16	1.0 pet	Zirconium(IV)chloride
Z-009	METE-18	0.1 pet	ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE

Abbreviations in Hapten Information

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry numbers. **Cross:** Antigens mentioned are primary sensitizers to which the compound might crossreact. For further information visit

www.contactderm.org.

FW: Formula weight.

ICU: Immunologic Contact Urticaria.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients, names displayed in Capitals in accordance to EUR-Lex 2006/257/EG. All the haptens with INCI names are written in capital letters throughout the catalogue.

NSAID: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug

NICU: Nonimmunologic contact urticaria.

PA: Compound that may cause photoallergic reactions.
PL: Compound that may cause persistent light reactions.
PT: Compound that may cause phototoxic reactions.
UCU: Uncertain mechanism type contact urticaria.

Volatile hapten, not recommended for preloading

¹ Also present in European Baseline Series

² Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 5%

³ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 1%

⁴ Emulsifier: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 2%

⁵ Contains DECYL GLUCOSIDE

⁶ Present in national series. Visit www.chemotechnique.se for further information.

EC Directive 2003/15/EC relating to cosmetic products

Perennial compositae weed with white flowers. Grows in most of Europe and in N. America, New Zealand and southern Australia, The

raw material for this product is made from an ethanol extraction of the plant/flowers of Achillea Millefolium. Contains the sesquiterpene lactone -peroxyachifolide. Also known as Yarrow. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B. May cause airborne contact dermatitis.

ABIETIC ACID

A-001

Art. No.

C20H20O2

Hapten Information

Formula

302 44

Component in tall oil used as deodorizing agent in cooling fluids. Major component of rosin used in adhesive tapes, glues, inks, sealants, cosmetics, dental impression materials, Cross; COLOPHONIUM. dihydroabietyl alcohol, CAS 514-10-3.

ACETAMINOPHEN

A-032

C₀H₀NO₀

151 16

Paracetamol or acetaminophen, is the active metabolite of phenacetin, a so-called coal tar analgesic. It is an effective substitute for acetylsalicylic acid, due to its analgesic(to relieve minor aches and pains) and antipyretic (to reduce fever) properties. However, unlike aspirin, it is not a very effective anti-inflammatory agent though it lacks many of the side effects of aspirin, and is available over-the-counter. Paracetamol is also useful in the management of more severe pain, where it allows lower dosages of additional nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or opioid analgesics to be used, thereby minimizing overall side effects. It is a major ingredient in numerous cold and flu medications. CAS 103-90-2.

Acetylsalicylic acid

A-031

 $C_0H_8O_4$

180.16

Aspirin®, or acetylsalicylic acid. (acetosal) is a salicylate drug often used as an analgesic, antipyretic, and as an anti-inflammatory. It also has an antiplatelet ("blood-thinning") effect and is used long-term in low doses to prevent heart attacks and blood clot formation in people at high risk for developing blood clots. **CAS** 50-78-2.

Acid Yellow 36

A-019

Art. No.

A-025

C₄,H₄N₂NaO₂S

Formula

Achillea millefolium extract

375.38

FW

Dve used in leather. As indicator (pH) in laboratories. **CAS** 587-98-4.

Acid Yellow 61

A-026

Azo dye belonging to the acid dye class for coloring wool and polyamide textiles. CAS 12217-38-8

Acid Red 118

A-027

Azo dye belonging to the acid dye class for coloring wool and polyamide textiles.

Acid Red 359

A-028

Azo dye (chrome) belonging to the premetallic dye class for coloring wool and polyamide textiles. CAS 61814-65-1.

Acyclovir

A-033

C₈H₁₁N₅O₃

225.21

Aciclovir, chemical name acycloguanosine, is a guanine analogue antiviral drug, marketed under trade names such as Zovirax and Zovir. One of the most commonly-used antiviral drugs, it is primarily used for the treatment of herpes simplex virus infections, as well as in the treatment of herpes zoster (shingles). **CAS** 59277-89-3.

Alantolactone

A-003 $C_{15}H_{20}O_2$ 232.31

Sesquiterpene lactone present in, e.g., species of Chrysanthemum plants (Helenin). Also available as part of Mx-18. **CAS** 546-43-0.

Alclometasone-17, 21-dipropionate

A-023 C₂₀H₂₇CIO₇ 520.71

Topical non-fluorinated corticosteroid with low systemic effects. **CAS** 66734-13-2.

Aluminium(III)chloride hexahydrate

A-022 AICI₂ · 6H₂O 241.43

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **aluminum**. Used in preserving wood, disinfecting stables, etc., in deodorants and antiperspirant preparations. Used in refining crude oil, dyeing fabrics. Found in dental ceramics and topical astringents. **CAS** 7784-13-6

ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE

A-038 AI(OH)₃ 78.0

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **aluminum**. Most of this chemical is converted to aluminium oxide (alumina) that is used in the manufacture of aluminium metal. The chemical is also used as a fire retardant filler, producing water vapor and smoke suppressant for polymer applications. The gel form of the chemical is applied to make aluminium salts as flocculants in water purification.

The substance is also used as an antacid, to treat/control, or manage high levels of phosphate in the body. In addition it is also used with a low phosphate diet to prevent the formation of phosphate urinary stones. It can also be found in personal care products. Aluminum can in different forms be found in dental implants. **CAS** 21645-51-2

Amerchol L-101

A-004

Trade name of product containing lanolin alcohols obtained from hydrolysis of lanolin. Emulsifier and emollient in cosmetic and pharmaceutical bases, topical drugs, furniture polish, leather, metal corrosion prevention, paper, inks, textiles, furs, cutting oils, waxes. **UCU.**

Art. No. Formula FW

Amidoamine

A-029

Amidoamines are a class of chemical compounds used as intermediates in the synthesis of surfactants, such as cocamidopropylbetaine (CAPB), some of which are used in personal care products including soaps, shampoos, and cosmetics. Amidoamines are amides formed from fatty acids and diamines. Studies have concluded that most apparent allergic reactions to products containing CAPB are more likely due to amidoamine.

4-Aminoazobenzene

A-005 C₁₂H₁₁N₃ 197.24

Intermediate in the production of diazo dyes. Pigment in, e.g., plastic materials. Also known as Solvent yellow 1. **Cross: para group of compounds. CAS** 60-09-3.

4-AMINO-2-HYDROXYTOLUENE

A-039 H₂NC₆H₃(CH₃)OH 123.15

This substance is typically used in the formulation of hair dyes and colors. **CAS** 2835-95-2

m-AMINOPHENOL

A-008 C_6H_7NO 109.13

Used as a coupler for hair dyes. Found as dye intermediate. Used in the manufacturing of 4-amino salicylic acid. **Cross: para group of compounds. CAS** 591-27-5.

p-AMINOPHENOL

A-009 C_6H_7NO 109.13

Primary intermediate for hair dyes. Photographic developer. Dye for furs and feathers. **Cross: para group of compounds. CAS** 123-30-8.

Ammonium hexachloroiridate(IV)

A-034 H₈Cl₈IrN₂ 441.01

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **iridium**. Ammonium hexachloroiridate (IV) is used in the production of photographic emulsions and in catalytic composites in the process of converting hydrocarbons. **CAS** 16940-92-4.

Ammonium hexachloroplatinate(IV)

A-010 Cl₆H₈N₂Pt

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **platinum**. Precious metal salt which is used in platinum plating. **ICU. CAS** 16919-58-7.

443 88

Ammonium molybdate (VI) tetrahydrate

A-035 H₂₄Mo₇N₆O₂₄·4H₂O 1235.86

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **molybdenum**. Ammonium Molybdate is an odourless crystalline compound ranging in colour from white to yellow-green. It is also called molybdic acid hexammonium salt tetrahydrate, ammonium molybdate tetrahydrate, and ammonium heptamolybdate tetrahydrate. Used as an analytical reagent to find the presence of phosphates, silicates, arsenates and lead in pigments. Used in the production of molybdenum metal and ceramics, in the fixing of metals and in electroplating, in fertilizers for crops and as a negative stain in biological electron microscopy.

CAS 12054-85-2.

AMMONIUM PERSULFATE

A-011 $H_8N_2O_8S_2$ 228.20

Found in hair bleaches as oxidizer and bleacher. Used in decolorizing and deodorizing oils, electroplating, making starch soluble, yeast treatment. Used as reducer and retarder in photography.

May cause airborne contact dermatitis. UCU. CAS 7727-54-0.

AMMONIUM THIOGLYCOLATE

A-012 C₂H₇NO₂S 109.15

Acts as reducing agent in permanent waving formulations for hair treatment. **CAS** 5421-46-5.

Art. No. Formula FW

Amoxicillin trihydrate

A-030 $C_{16}H_{19}N_3O_5S$ 365.40

Amoxicillin or amoxycillin is a moderate-spectrum β -lactam antibiotic used to treat bacterial infections caused by susceptible microorganisms. It is usually the drug of choice within the class because it is better absorbed, following oral administration, than other beta-lactam antibiotics. Amoxicillin is susceptible to degradation by β -lactamase-producing bacteria, and so may be given with clavulanic acid to decrease its susceptibility. Is currently marketed by GlaxoSmithKline (the inheritor company) under the original trade name Amoxil. **CAS** 61336-70-7.

AMYL CINNAMAL

A-014 C₁₄H₁₈O 202.30

Raw material in the production of perfumes. Also known as Amylcinnamalaldehyde. Also available as part of Mx-07. **Cross: amylcinnamic alcohol. CAS** 122-40-7.

Amyl cinnamyl alcohol

A-036 C₁₄H₂₀O 204.31

Amyl cinnamyl alcohol is one of many ingredients in fragrances. It is found in soaps, detergent, beauty care products and household products. **CAS** 101-85-9.

TRANS-ANETHOLE

A-015 C₁₀H₁₂O 148.21

Used as flavoring agent in food, dentifrices, pharmaceuticals etc. In perfumery for soap, etc. In photography and in embedding materials in microscopy. **CAS** 4180-23-8.

Anise alcohol

A-037 $C_8H_{10}O_2$ 138.16

Anise alcohol (2-Methoxybenzyl alcohol) is one of many ingredients in fragrances. It is found in soaps, detergents, beauty care products and household products. **CAS** 105-13-5.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Art. No. Formula

FW

Anthemis nobilis extract

C-029

Compositae plant growing in most of Europe, in N.Africa, S.America, Australia and New Zealand. A yellow dye is extracted from the dried flowers and is sometimes used in shampoos, hair rinses and ointments. Anaphylactic reaction following ingestion of camomile tea has been reported. The raw material for this product is made from an ethanol extraction of the plant/flowers of Anthemis nobilis. May be referred to as Chamomilla Romana. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B.

Arnica montana extract

A-024

Compositae plant that grows on prairies and in mountainous lands in Europe, and Asia. Tincture of arnica is used in trauma treatment. The raw material for this product is made from an ethanol extraction of the plant/flowers of Arnica Montana. Major haptens appear to be helenalin and its esters. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B. Cross: a number of other Asteraceae plants.

Atranorin

A-016

C₁₉H₁₈O₈

374.33

One of the most common substances found in lichens. Component in extracts of oak moss used as fragrance. Also available as part of Mx-15. Cross: oakmoss. PA. CAS 479-20-9

B

Bacitracin

B-032

 $C_{66}H_{103}N_{17}O_{16}S$

1421.79

Antibiotic agent effective against gram-positive organisms and spirochetes. In products for topical treatment, ear medications, and ophthalmic drugs. Common hapten in leg ulcer treatment. Cross: polymyxin B sulfate, neomycin sulfate. ICU. CAS 1405-87-4.

Basic Red 46

B-026

Monoazo dye used for acrylic and polyester textiles (sweaters, etc.).

Beech tar

Mx-14

Used in tar paper, insulation tapes and topical medicaments. Also known as FAGUS SYLVATICA. Available as part of Mx-14.

BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE

B-027

C₁₇H₃OCIN

283.88

Topical quaternary ammonium antiseptic agent found in ophthalmic (eye) preparations, skin disinfectants, cosmetics, deodorants, mouthwashes, dentifries, sterilization solutions, lozenges, and solutions for contact lenses. Cross: cetrimoniumbromide, benzethoniumchloride. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 63449-41-2

BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE

B-003

C₇H₅NOS

151.19

Preservative used in cooling fluids, paints, adhesives paper and in the textile industry . Also known as BIT. **CAS** 2634-33-5.

Benzocaine

B-004

 $C_0H_{11}NO_2$

165.19

Local and topical anesthetic used in products such as burn and sunburn remedies, hemorrhoidal creams, suppositories, creams for treatment of poison ivy, oral and gingival products, sore throat sprays/lozenges, astringents, appetite suppressants. Also known as Ethyl 4-aminobenzoate. Also available as part of Mx-19. Cross: para group of compounds, butethamine, procainamide, hydrochlorothiazide, PABA and esters, azo/aniline dyes, PPD, sulfonamides, sulfonylureas, 4-aminosalicylic acid, parabens. PA. UCU. CAS 94-09-7.

Hapten info. A-F

BENZOIC ACID

B-005 $C_7H_6O_2$ 122.12

Used in preserving foods, fats, fruit juices, etc (it and its salt is represented by E-numbers E210, E211, E212, and E213). Also used as an antifungal agent in pharmaceutical preparations and cosmetics. **Cross: Peru balsam. ICU. CAS** 65-85-0

BENZOPHENONE-3

H-014 $C_{14}H_{12}O_3$ 228.24

Common UV-adsorber in dental composite materials and other plastic materials. Used as a UV-adsorber in topical sunscreens, moisturizers, shampoos, hair care products, lipsticks, lip balms, nail polish, etc. Also known as 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone, Eusolex 4360, Escalol 567, Oxybenzone. Cross: dioxybenzone. PA. CAS 131-57-7.

BENZOPHENONE-4

H-023 C₁₄H₁₂O₆S 308.31

Sunscreen for use in various sunscreen products as well as in textiles, plastics, paints and cosmetics. Also known as 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy-benzophenone-5-sulfonic acid, Sulisobenzone and Uvinul MS-40. **CAS** 4065-45-6.

BENZOPHENONE-10

H-020 C₁₅H₁₄O₂ 242.26

UV absorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxy-4'-methylbenzophenone, Mexenone. Cross (photo): BENZOPHENONE-3. PA. CAS 1641-17-4

BENZOTRIAZOLE

B-006 C_eH_eN₂ 119.13

Anticorrosive agent in cooling fluids fuels, photographic development, antifreeze, dry cleaning, etc. Also known as 1H-Benzotriazole. **CAS** 95-14-7.

Art. No. Formula FW

Benzoylperoxide

B-007 $C_{14}H_{10}O_4$ 242.23

Used as initiator in the polymerization of plastics, as oxidizer in bleaching oils, flour etc. Is a keratolytic agent in acne medications. May cause discoloration of the hair and postinflammatory pigmentation and hypopigmentation. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. UCU. CAS 94-36-0.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

B-008 C₇H_oO 108.13

Solvent in photography, perfumery and for dyestuffs, inks, pharmaceutical products, etc. Used as preservative in injectable drugs, ophthalmic solutions, and oral liquids. Cross: Peru balsam, benzoin tincture. May cause pigmentation of the face. ICU. CAS 100-51-6.

BENZYL BENZOATE

B-038 $C_{14}H_{12}O_2$ 212.24

Benzyl benzoate is the ester of BENZYL ALCOHOL and BENZOIC ACID. This easily prepared compound has a variety of uses. Benzyl benzoate, as a topical solution, may be used as an antiparasitic insecticide to kill lice and the mites responsible for the skin condition scabies. It has other uses such as a fixative in fragrances to improve the stability and other characteristics of the main ingredients; a food additive in artificial flavors; a plasticizer in cellulose and other polymers; a solvent for various chemical reactions; a treatment for sweet itch in horses. **CAS** 120-51-4.

BENZYL CINNAMATE

B-039 $C_{16}H_{14}O_2$ 238.29

Used as flavoring agent (sweet, floral, fruity) and as a perfumery fixer. **CAS** 103-41-3

BENZYL SALICYLATE

B-010 C₁₄H₁₂O₂ 228.26

Used as organic solvent for perfumes, also found in tanning creams and lotions. **May cause pigmentation of the face. CAS** 118-58-1.

Art. No.

Beryllium(II)sulfate tetrahydrate

Formula

B-044

 $\mathsf{BeSO_4} \cdot \mathsf{4H_2O}$

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **beryllium**. Beryllium improves many physical properties when added as an alloying element to aluminum, copper, iron and nickel. It can be found in tools and in the aerospace industry where it is used for aircraft components, missiles, spacecraft and satellites. It is a common window material for X-ray equipment and components of particle physics experiments. It is also used in thermal management applications. **CAS** 7787-56-6.

Betamethasone-17,21-dipropionate

B-042

C₂₈H₃₇FO₇

504.59

FW

177.14

Betamethasone dipropionate is a glucocorticoid steroid with antiinflammatory and immunosuppressive abilities. It is applied as a topical cream, ointment, lotion, aerosol sprays or gel to treat itching and other minor skin conditions such as eczema. **CAS** 5593-20-4.

Betamethasone-17-valerate

B-031

C₂₇H₃₇FO₆

476.26

Topical and systemic corticosteroid of group C type with a C-16 methyl substitution. **CAS** 2152-44-5

BHT

D-006

 $\mathrm{C_{15}H_{24}O}$

220.36

Used as an antioxidant in foods (beverages, gum, ice cream, fruits, cereals), cosmetics, topical medications, animal feeds, petroleum products, jet fuels, rubber, plastics, paints, glues. Also known as Butyl hydroxy toluene and 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-cresol. **Cross: Lidocaine. UCU. CAS** 128-37-0

Bioban CS 1135

D-015

Trade name of a product that consists of two components: 4,4-Dimethyl-oxazolidine and 3,4,4-Trimethyl-oxazolidine. See the respective component for further information. **CAS** 75673-43-7

Art. No. Formula FW

Bioban P 1487

E-014

Trade name of a product that consists of two components: 4-(2-Nitrobutyl) morpholine and 4,4-(2-Ethyl-2-nitro-trimethylene) dimorpholine. See the respective name for further information.

Birch tar

Mx-14

Birch tar derived from the dry distillation of the bark of the birch tree. It is compounded of guaiacol, phenols, cresol, xylenol and creosol. Used as a component in pharmaceutical preparations. Available as part of Mx-14.

BIS-ETHYLHEXYLOXYPHENOL METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE

B-037

 $C_{38}H_{49}N_3O_5$

627.81

Used in sunscreens to absorb UV rays and is highly photostable. It is a broad spectrum UV absorber, absorbing UVB as well as UVA rays. Also known as Tinosorb S and Bis-Ethylhexyloxyphenol Methoxyphenyl Triazine. **CAS** 187393-00-6

Bisphenol A dimethacrylate

M-007

 $C_{23}H_{24}O_4$

364.44

Methacrylic monomer based on bisphenol A. Used in dental restorative composite and adhesive materials. Also known as 2,2-bis(4-Methacryloxy)phenylpropane and BIS-MA. **CAS** 3253-39-2.

Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate

H-013

C20H36O8

512.61

Common methacrylic monomer in dental composite restorative materials and dental sealants. This monomer is also extensively used in industrial applications. Also known as 2,2-bis(4-(2-Hydroxy-3-methacryloxypropoxy)phenyl)propane and BIS-GMA. **CAS** 1565-94-2.

Bisphenol A

B-013 $C_{15}H_{16}O_2$ 228.29

Comes from raw material in the production of epoxy and acrylic resins. Is a component in semisynthetic waxes. Also known as 4,4-Isopropylidene diphenol. Cross: diethylstilbestrol, hydroguinonemonobenzyl ether. CAS 80-05-7.

BORNANEDIONE

C-026 $C_{10}H_{14}O_2$ 166.22

An initiator for visible light cured dental acrylic composite materials. Also known as Camphoroquinone and Camphorquinone. **CAS** 10373-78-1

2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL

B-015 C₃H₆BrNO₄ 199.99

Used a preservative in cooling fluids, hand & face creams, shampoos, hair dressings, mascaras, cleansing lotions, milk sampling, paints, textiles, humidifiers, pharmaceutical products, washing detergents (Bronopol). **CAS** 52-51-7.

Budesonide

B-033 $C_{25}H_{34}O_6$ 430.55

A nonhalogenated corticosteroid for use in topical preparations and for the treatment of rhinitis and asthma. Belongs to the group B (triamcinolone acetonide) type of corticosteroids. Good marker of corticosteroid allergy. Also available as part of Mx-23. Cross: Fluocinolone acetonide, Hydrocortisone, Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate, Prednisolone Acetate, Tixocortol-21-Pivalate, Triamcinolone acetonide. CAS 51333-22-3

Bufexamac

B-043 C₁₂H₁₇NO₃ 223.27

Drug used as an anti-inflammatory agent on the skin, as well as rectally. Ointments and lotions containing bufexamac are used for the treatment of subacute and chronic eczema of the skin, including atopic eczema, as well as sunburn and other minor burns, and itching. Suppositories containing bufexamac in combination with local anaesthetics are used against haemorrhoids. **CAS** 2438-72-4.

Art. No. Formula FW

1,4-Butanediol diacrylate

B-016 $C_{10}H_{14}O_4$ 198.24

A cross-linking monomer for use in inks, adhesives, textile product modifiers, photo resists, etc. Also known as BUDA. **CAS** 1070-70-8.

1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate

B-017 C₁₂H₁₈O₄ 226.28

A cross-linking methacrylic monomer for use in dental composite materials, sealants, prostheses, etc. Also known as BUDMA. **CAS** 2082-81-7.

Butyl acrylate

B-018 $C_7H_{12}O_2$ 128.17

A cross-linking acrylic monomer for use in textile and leather finishes, paint formulations, etc. Aslo known as BA. **CAS** 141-32-2.

4-tert-Butylbenzoic acid

B-019 C₁₁H₁₄O₂ 178.24

Used as corrosion inhibitor in cooling fluids. CAS 98-73-7.

4-tert-Butylcatechol

B-030 $C_{10}H_{14}O_2$ 166.22

An antioxidant found in polyester resins and as polymerization inhibitor in PVC. Also described as hapten in photocopying paper and as antioxidant in oil. Also known as PTBC. **May cause depigmentation. CAS** 98-29-3.

t-BUTYL HYDROQUINONE

B-028 $C_{10}H_{14}O_2$ 166.22

Used as an antioxidant in cosmetic products like lipsticks. **CAS** 1948-33-0.

BUTYL METHACRYLATE

B-021 $C_8H_{14}O_2$ 142.20

A cross-linking methacrylic monomer for use in dental composite materials, artificial nails, etc. Also known as BMA. **CAS** 97-88-1.

BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYLMETHANE

B-029 $C_{20}H_{22}O_3$ 310.20

A UV-A-ray adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. (Parsol 1789). Also known as tert-Butyl-4'-methoxydibenzopylmethane. **CAS** 70356-09-1.

2-tert-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol

B-022 $C_{11}H_{16}O_2$ 180.25

Used as an antioxidant in foods (beverages, gum, ice cream, fruits, cereals), cosmetics, topical medications, animal feeds, petroleum products, jet fuels, rubber, plastics, paints, glues. Also known as BHA. May cause depigmentation. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. UCU. CAS 121-00-6.

4-tert-Butylphenol

B-023 C₁₀H₁₄O 150.21

An intermediate in the production of lacquer and varnish resins. Antioxidant in plastics, adhesives, etc. **May cause depigmentation. CAS** 98-54-4.

4-tert-Butylphenolformaldehyde resin

B-024

Resin used in adhesives for shoes and watch straps. Also found in do-it-yourself glues, plywood, insulation, automobiles, motor oils, inks, papers, film developers, disinfectants, deodorants. Also known as PTBP. **May cause depigmentation.**

Art. No. Formula FW

BUTYLPHENYL METHYLPROPIONAL

B-040 C₁₄H₂₀O 204.30

Common fragrance found in soaps, detergents, beauty care products and household products. It is also used as an intermediate for the synthesis of agrochemicals. Also known as Lilial and Lilialdehyde. **CAS** 80-54-6.



Cadmium chloride

C-001 CdCl₂ 183.32

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **cadmium**. Used in photography, the production of cadmium yellow. Works as fungicide and anticorrosive agent. Also used in pigments for glass, tattoos, and paints. **CAS** 10108-64-2.

CALCIUM TITANATE

C-049 CaO₃Ti 135.96

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **titanium**. Used in a method of manufacturing a ceramic capacitor suitable for high energy density and high temperature application. Uses are for example, as an antenna material, a capacitor material, a layered circuit substrate material, a connector material, and the like which are required to be dielectric. **CAS** 12049-50-2.

Cananga oil

C-002

This substance is used as a fragrance in household products and cosmetic products like washing detergents, skin lotion and perfumes. The oil is steam distilled from the flowers of Cananga odorota macrophylla. The oil has a warm, sweet floral scent with a hint of tree and leather. Contains among other substances beta-Caryophyllene, Geranyl acetate, Benzyl benzoate, Linalool, Methyl benzoate, Benzyl salicylate, Farnesol, Geraniol, Eugenol and Citral. Cross: benzyl salicylate. May cause pigmentation of the face. CAS 68606-83-7.

Art. No. Formula FW

Captan

C-025 $C_9H_8CI_3NO_2S$ 300.57

Used as a fungicide on vegetables, fruits, and different types of plants. Used as bacteriostat in soaps, shampoos, hair tonics, animalflea removers and tick sprays. Also known as N-trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide, Vancide, Dangard and Merpan. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 133-06-2

Captopril

C-045 C₀H₁₅NO₂S 217.28

Captopril is an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor (ACE inhibitor) used for the treatment of hypertension and some types of congestive heart failure. Captopril's main uses are based on its vasodilatation and inhibition of some renal function activities. **CAS** 62571-86-2.

Carbamazepine

C-044 C₁₅H₁₂N₂O 236.27

Carbamazepine is an anticonvulsant and mood stabilizing drug, used primarily in the treatment of epilepsy and bipolar disorder. It is also used to treat ADD, ADHD, schizophrenia and trigeminal neuralgia. Also known as CBZ and 5H-dibenz[b,f]azepine-5-carboxamide. **CAS** 298-46-4.

CARVONE

C-035 C₁₀H₁₄O 150.22

Found in several essential oils and is used for flavouring liqueurs, soaps, dental materials and perfumes. Also known as 2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 2-methyl-5-(1-methylethenyl)-, (5R)-(9CI) and (R)- Carvone. **CAS** 6485-40-1

Art. No.	Formula	FW
Cefalexin		
C-048	$C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S$	347.39

First-generation cephalosporin antibiotic and it is an orally-administered agent with a similar antimicrobial spectrum to the intravenous agents cefalotin and cefazolin. It is used to treat urinary tract infections, respiratory tract infections (including sinusitis, otitis media, pharyngitis, tonsillitis and pneumonia), skin and soft tissue infections. Although it is not generally considered first-line therapy for any indication, it is a useful alternative to penicillins in patients with penicillin hypersensitivity. There is, however, cross-reactivity in 10% of patients with hypersensitivity to penicillins and carbapenems. **CAS** 23325-78-2.

Cefixime trihydrate

C-054 $C_{16}H_{15}N_5O_7S_2$ 507.50

This substance is a second-generation cephalosporin antibiotic. It is a broad spectrum cephalosporin antibiotic and is commonly used to treat bacterial infections of the ear, urinary tract and upper respiratory tract. **CAS** 125110-14-7.

Cefotaxim sodium salt

C-040 C₄₆H₄₆N₅NaO₇S₃ 477.04

A cephalosporin that belongs to a group of broad-spectrum antibiotic derived from species of fungi of the genus Cephalosporium and are related to the penicillins in both structure and mode of action but relatively penicillinase-resistant antibiotics. Third-generation cephalosporins are more active against gram-negative organisms but less active against gram-positive organisms than second-generation agents; examples are cefoperazone, cefotaxime, ceftriaxone, ceftazidime, ceftizoxime, and moxalactam. **CAS** 64485-93-4

Cefpodoxime proxetil

C-055 $C_{21}H_{27}N_5O_9S_2$ 557.60

This substance is an oral, third-generation cephalosporin antibiotic. It is active against most Gram-positive and Gram-negative organisms. It is commonly used to treat acute otitis media, pharyngitis, sinusitis, and gonorrhea. Veterinary uses is also found. **CAS** 87239-81-4.

Cefradine

C-047 $C_{16}H_{10}N_3O_4S$ 349.40

Cefradine or cephradine is a first generation cephalosporin antibiotic. Effective against a wide range of gram-positive and a limited range of gram-negative bacteria.

Cefuroxime sodium

C-053 C₁₆H₁₅N₄NaO₈S 446.37

This substance is an enteral second-generation cephalosporin antibiotic. It is used to treat pneumonia and other lower respiratory tract (lung) infections; meningitis, gonorrhea, and skin, blood, bone, joint and urinary tract infections. Injections of the medicine may also be used before, during, and sometimes for a brief period after surgery. **CAS** 56238-63-2.

CETYL ALCOHOL

C-003 C₁₆H₂₄O 242.45

Used as emulsifier and emollient in cosmetics and pharmaceutical preparations. **UCU. CAS** 36653-82-4.

CETEARYL ALCOHOL

C-033

A combination of cetyl (C16) and stearyl (C18) alcohols 50/50 used as emulsifier and emollient in cosmetic lotions, creams, ointments and pharmaceutical preparations. Also known as Lanette O. **UCU. CAS** 67762-27-0

CETEARYL GLUCOSIDE

C-056

Used as an emulsifier in peg-free lotions and creams. Suitable for low viscosity lotions (sprays), lotions, creams and foams. **CAS** 246159-33-1

Art. No. Formula FW

CETRIMONIUM BROMIDE

C-050 C₁₉H₄₂BrN 364.45

One of the components of the topical antiseptic cetrimide. The cetrimonium (or hexadecyltrimethylammmonium) cation is an effective antiseptic agent against bacteria and fungi. It is a cationic surfactant. Its uses include providing a buffer solution for the extraction of DNA. It is also widely used in hair conditioning products. Also known as Cetrimide. **CAS** 57-09-0.

Chamomilla recutita extract

C-051

Chamomilla Recutita; Matricaria recutita or German chamomile, also spelled camomile, is an annual plant of the composite family Asteraceae. Chamomilla chamomilla, Chamomilla recutita (accepted name according to the Flora Europaea), Matricaria chamomilla, and Matricaria suaveolens. It usually grows near populated areas all over Europe and temperate Asia. It is widely introduced in temperate North America and Australia. As the seeds need open soil to survive, it often grows near roads, around landfills and in cultivated fields as a weed. The raw material for this product is made from an ethanol extraction of the plant/flowers of Chamomilla Recutita. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B.

Chloramphenicol

C-032 C₁₁H₁₂Cl₂N₂O₅ 323.14

An antibiotic substance produced by Streptomyces venezuelae. Present in eye drops, ointments and for systemic use. Used as bactericide against the rot of potatoes and other root vegetables. **Cross: Azidamfenicol. ICU. CAS** 56-75-7.

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE

C-005 C₃₄H₅₄Cl₂N₁₀O₁₄ 897.88

An antimicrobial agent used in cosmetic and pharmaceutical creams, surgical soaps, anticaries solutions, toothpaste, mouthwash, hand and wound cleansers etc. **PA. ICU. CAS** 18472-51-0.

CHLOROACETAMIDE

C-006 C₂H₄CINO 93.51

A preservative in cosmetic and pharmaceutical creams, shampoos, bath lotions, etc. Also as preservative in glues and cooling fluids. Also known as 2-Chloroacetamide. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 79-07-2.

p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL

C-008 C₇H₇CIO 142.59

A fungicide found in creams, topical antiseptics, pharmaceutical products, protein shampoos, baby cosmetics, and cooling fluids. (PCMC). Also known as 4-Chloro-3-cresol. Cross: 4-chloro-3-xylenol. ICU. CAS 59-50-7.

CHLOROXYLENOL (PCMX)

C-010 C_oH_oCIO 156.61

A preservative found in cooling fluids, creams, topical and urinary antiseptics. Can also be found in pharmaceutical products, hair conditioners, toilet and deodorants, soaps, electrocardiogram paste, etc. Also known as 4-Chloro-3,5-xylenol. **Cross: 4-chloro-3-cresol. CAS** 88-04-0.

Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium extract

C-031

A compositae plant that grows on rocky ground in Europe, Australia, Japan and N.America. The raw material for this product is made from an ethanol extraction of the plant/flowers of Chrysanthemum Cinerariaefolium. Pyrethrum is the main source of the pyrethrum insecticide. Principal hapten is pyrethrosin. **ICU.**

Art. No. Formula FW

CINNAMAL

C-014 C_oH_gO 132.16

A common ingredient in perfumes for household products like deodorizers, detergents, and soap. Flavor in toothpaste, sweets, ice cream, soft drinks, chewing gums, and cakes. Also present in Tolu balsam absolute and Peru balsam, hyacinth plant, spices, cinnamon, Ceylon and cassia oil. Also known as Cinnamic aldehyde. Also available as part of Mx-07. Cross: CINNAMYL ALCOHOL, cinnamon oil. May cause depigmentation. PA. NICU. CAS 104-55-2.

CINNAMYL ALCOHOL

C-013 C_oH₁₀O 134.18

A component found in perfumed cosmetic products and deodorants. Also known as Cinnamic alcohol. Also available as part of Mx-07. Cross: Peru balsam, Propolis. May cause pigmentation of the face. CAS 104-54-1.

Ciprofloxacin hydrochloride

C-043 C₁₇H₂₁CIFN₃O₄ 385.82

A quinolone, which is an antibiotic drug used mainly to treat the respiratory infections (pneumoniae, pseudomonas, influenzae), urinary tract infections, the gastrointestinal surgery, typhoid fever, gonorrhoea (enterotoxigenic strains of Escherichia coli), and septicaemia. Ciprofloxacin act by inhibiting the bacterial enzymes DNA gyrase. Other quinolones include cinoxacin; levofloxacin; nalidixic acid; norfloxacin; ofloxacin. **CAS** 86393-32-0

CITRAL

C-036 C₁₀H₁₆O 152.24

Fragrance for use in various perfumes. Examples of usage: in citrus notes and floral fragrance blends and as an intermediate to form other compounds. Also known as Geranial; Geranialdehyde; 3,7-Dimethyl-2,6-octadienal. Also available as part of Mx-25. **CAS** 5392-40-5.

CITRONELLOL

C-037 $C_{10}H_{20}O$ 156.27

A fragrance used in various perfumed products. Citronella oil is a yellowish essential oil distilled from the leaves of either of two grasses, Cymbopogon nardus or C. winterianus. This aromatic oil is inexpensive, and widely used in cheap perfumes and as a fragrance in soaps. It is also best known as an insect repellent. Citronellol, derived form citronella oil, is a chief constituent of geranium oil, another is GERANIOL. Both are used in the production of perfumes. (smells sweet, rose, lilac, geranium). Also known as 3,7-dimethyl-6-Octen-1-ol. Also available as part of Mx-25. **CAS** 106-22-9.

Clarithromycin

C-041 C₃₈H₆₉NO₁₃ 747.96

Clarithromycin, belonging to the macrolide group, has a close structural and biological similarity with erythromycin. It is effective against a broad spectrum of gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria. It is used to treat respiratory tract infections and soft tissue infections. It is used to treat duodenal ulcer associated with Helicobacter pylori infections in combination with omeprazole. Also known as 6-0-methylerythromycin. **CAS** 81103-11-9

Clindamycin phosphate

C-046 C₁₈H₃₄CIN₂O₈PS 504.96

Clindamycin (phosphate) is a lincosamide antibiotic used in the treatment of infections caused by susceptible microorganisms. Such infections might include infections of the respiratory tract, septicemia and peritonitis. In patients with hypersensitivity to penicillins, clindamycin (phosphate) may be used to treat infections caused by susceptible aerobic bacteria as well. It is also used to treat bone infections caused by Staphylococcus aureus. Topical application of clindamycin phosphate can be used to treat moderate to severe acne. **CAS** 24729-96-2.

Clioquinol

C-015 C_9H_5CIINO 305.50

An antiinfective and antiamebic agent used in topical pharmaceutical preparations. Also known as 5-chloro-7-iodo-8-quinolinol, Chinoform and Vioform. Also available as part of Mx-02. **May cause brown discoloration of the nails and erythema multiforme like eruptions. UCU. CAS** 130-26-7.

Art. No. Formula FW

Clobetasol-17-propionate

C-028 C₂₅H₃₂CIFO₅ 466.73

A topical corticosteroid belonging to the group D (Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate) type of steroids. Cross: Alclometasone dipropionate, Betamethasone-17 Valerate, Clobetasol-17-propionate, Desoximetasone, Dexamethasone-21-Phospate. UCU. CAS 25122-46-7.

Coal tar

C-016

A by-product in the distillation of coal. Topical antieczematic agent. **PA. PT. PL. May cause postinflammatory hyperpigmentation. CAS** 8007-45-2.

Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate

C-017 CoCl₂·6H₂O 237.93

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **cobalt**. A component used in coloring of glass and porcelain. Works as a siccative in paints. Used in various alloys (dental, etc.). **May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. NICU. CAS** 7791-13-1.

COCAMIDE DEA

C-019

Mixture of ethanolamides of coconut acid. Found in bath, shower and body cosmetics and in cooling fluids. Also known as Coconut diethanolamide. **CAS** 68603-42-9.

COCAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE

C-018 C₄H₀NO

A surfactant found in liquid soaps, shampoos, hair colorants, shower & bath formulations. Also known as Tegobetaine. **Cross:** cocobetaine. **CAS** 61789-40-0

Formula

FW

Cotrimoxazole

C-042

Art. No.

 $C_{14}H_{18}N_{4}O_{3}$. C₁₀H₁₁N₂O₃S

Formula

543.19

FW

Cotrimoxazole is an antibiotic combination of trimethoprim and sulfamethoxazole, in the ratio of 1 to 5, used in the treatment of a variety of bacterial infections. The name cotrimoxazole is the British Approved Name, and has been marketed worldwide under many trade names. Other sources list this antibiotic as bacteriostatic. CAS 8064-90-2

COLOPHONIUM

C-020

A vellow resin used in the production of varnishes, printing inks. paper, soldering fluxes, cutting fluids, glue tackifiers, adhesives, surface coatings, polish, waxes, cosmetics (mascara, rouge, eye shadow), topical medicaments, violin bow rosin, athletic grip aid, pine oil cleansers. Component in dental impression materials and periodontal packings. (rosin). Also known as Colophony

Cross: Peru balsam, dihydroabietyl alcohol, wood tars, May cause airborne contact dermatitis, ICU, CAS 8050-09-7.

Copper(I)oxide

C-021

Cu_oO

143 08

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to copper. Used as fundicide and as pigment to make glass red. Found in antifouling paints Also known as Cuprous oxide. CAS 1317-39-1

Copper(II)sulfate pentahydrate

C-022

CuSO₄.5H₂O

249.68

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to copper. Works as a fungicide. Used as pigment in paints and reagent toner in photography. Copper metal is used in, e.g., dental alloys. Also known as Cupric sulfate. ICU. CAS 7758-99-8.

Costunolide

Mx-18

Sesquiterpene lactone isolated from the Compositae plant Saussurea lappa. The oil which is extracted from Saussurea lappa is used in perfumery and in the Orient for all kinds of diseases. Costunolide is present in the plant together with dehydrocostus lactone. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. Only available in mix (Mx-18). CAS 553-21-9.

COUMARIN

C-038

 $C_0H_0O_0$

146.15

A fragrance used in various perfumed products. Coumarin (anhydride of o-coumaric acid) is white, crystalline lactone, obtainable naturally from several plants, such as tonka bean, lavender, sweet clover grass, strawberries, and cinnamon, or produced synthetically from an amino acid, phenylalanine. Coumarin has the characteristic odour like that of vanilla beans. It is used for the preparation of perfumes. soaps, flavourings, Also known as 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, Also available as part of Mx-25. CAS 91-64-5.

N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolylsulfenamide

C-023

C,,H,,N,S,

264.41

An accelerator in natural and styrene-butadienethiazyl sulfenamide rubber Also known as CBS. Also available as part of Mx-05A, Mx-05B, CAS 95-33-0

N-Cyclohexyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine

C-024

 $C_{10}H_{22}N_{2}$

266.42

Used as antidegradant in natural rubber, styrene-butadiene and chloroprene rubber. Also known as CPPD. Also available as part of Mx-04. **CAS** 101-87-1.

N-(Cyclohexylthio) phthalimide

C-034

 $C_{14}H_{15}NO_{2}S$

261.34

A vulcanization retarder widely used in various rubber products. Brand name include Santogard PVI. CAS 17796-82-6.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

CYSTEAMINE HCL

C-052

C₂H₇NS·HCI

113.61

This substance is used in hair dye products. CAS 156-57-0

D

DECYL GLUCOSIDE

D-065

 $C_{16}H_{32}O_{6}$

320.43

Decyl glucoside is a mild non-ionic surfactant used in cosmetic formulations including baby shampoo and in products for individuals with a sensitive skin. Many natural personal care companies use this cleanser because it is plant-derived, biodegradable, and gentle for all hair types. Cross: Variety of Alkyl polyglucosides, for example Octylododecyl xyloside, Cetearyl Glucoside and Lauryl Glucoside. CAS 54549-25-6

Dehydrocostus lactone

Mx-18

Sesquiterpene lactone isolated from the Compositae plant Saussurea lappa. The oil which is extracted from Saussurea lappa is used in perfumery and in the Orient for all kinds of diseases. Dehydrocostus lactone is present in the plant together with costunolide. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis.** (Only available in mix). **CAS** 477-43-0.

Desoximetasone

D-057

C₂₂H₂₉FO₄

376.46

Like other topical corticosteroids, desoximetasone has antiinflammatory, antipruritic, and vasoconstrictive properties. Once absorbed through the skin, topical corticosteroids are handled through pharmacokinetic pathways similar to systemically administered corticosteroids. Cross: Alclometasone dipropionate, Betamethasone-17 Valerate, Clobetasol-17-propionate, Dexamethasone-21-Phospate. CAS 382-67-2 Art. No.

Formula

FW

Dexamethasone-21-phosphate disodium salt

D-046

 $C_{22}H_{28}FNa_2O_8P$

516.40

Corticosteroid of the group C (betamethasone) type. Used in eye and ear preparations and in systemic preparations. **CAS** 2392-39-4.

Diallyl disulfide

D-048

 $C_6H_{10}S_2$

146.28

One of the three principal low molecular weight haptens of garlic. Allylpropyl disulfide and allicin are the other haptens in garlic. **CAS** 2179-57-9.

4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)

D-001

 $C_{13}H_{14}N_2$

198.27

A curing agent for epoxy resins and urethane elastomers. Used as corrosion inhibitor and rubber additive (accelerator, antidegradant, retarder) in tires and heavy rubber products. Also used in adhesives and glues, laminates, paints and inks, PVC products, handbags, eyeglass frames, plastic jewelry, electric encapsulators, surface coatings, spandex clothing, hairnets, eyelash curlers, earphones, balls, shoe soles, face masks. Crossreacts with other p-amino substituted benzene compounds such as benzocaine and PABA. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. CAS 101-77-9.

DIAZOLIDINYL UREA

D-044

 $C_8 H_{14} N_4 O_7$

278.22

A preservative used in cosmetic creams, lotions, shampoos, hair gels, etc. (Germall II). Also known as 2,5-Diazolidinylurea. **Cross: IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA, FORMALDEHYDE. CAS** 78491-02-8.

Dibenzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)

D-003

C₁₄H₈N₂S₄

332.50

An accelerator for natural rubber, nitrile-butadiene, butyl and styrene-butadiene rubber. Also used as retarder for chloroprene rubber. Also available as part of Mx-05A, Mx-05B, **CAS** 120-78-5.

Dibucaine hydrochloride

D-005 $C_{20}H_{30}CIN_3O_2$ 379.92

Used as local anesthetic agent. Also known as Cinchocaine HCl, Nupercaine HCl, Percaine and Cincaine. Also available as part of Mx-13 and Mx-19. **Cross: Lidocaine. PA. CAS** 61-12-1.

Dibutyl phthalate

D-007 $C_{16}H_{22}O_4$ 278.35

Used as emollient in aerosol antiperspirants, insect repeller and as plasticizer in various plastic materials. **CAS** 84-74-2.

N,N´-Dibutylthiourea

D-038 (C₄H₀NH)₂CS 188.33

An accelerator for mercaptan-modified chloroprene rubber. Used as activator for ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymers and natural rubber. An antidegradant for natural rubber-latex and thermoplastic styrene-butadiene rubber. Also available as part of Mx-24 and Mx-27. **CAS** 109-46-6.

DICHLOROPHENE

D-008 C₁₃H₁₀Cl₂O₂ 269.13

Used as bactericide, fungicide, and algicide in soaps, cosmetics, shampoos, dentifrices, toothpaste, mouthwashes, deodorants, foot powders, papers, adhesives and bandages, and cooling fluids. **Cross:** hexachlorophene. CAS 97-23-4.

Diclofenac sodium salt

Diclofenac (marketed as Voltaren, Voltarol, Diclon, Dicloflex Difen, Difene, Cataflam, Pennsaid, Rhumalgan, Modifenac, Abitren, Arthrotec and Zolterol, with various drug dose combinations) is a NSAID taken to reduce inflammation and an analgesic reducing pain in conditions such as in arthritis or acute injury. It can also be used to reduce dysmenorrhea. The name is derived from its chemical name: 2-(2,6-dichloranilino) phenylacetic acid. **CAS** 15307-79-6.

Art. No. Formula FW

Dicloxacillin sodium salt hydrate

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{D-058} & & \text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{CI}_2\text{N}_3 & & \text{510.32} \\ & & \text{NaO}_{\text{e}}\text{S} \cdot \text{H}_{\text{e}}\text{O} & & \end{array}$

Dicloxacillin is a narrow spectrum β -lactam antibiotic of the penicillin class. It is used to treat infections caused by susceptible Grampositive bacteria. Notably, it is active against β -lactamase-producing organisms such as Staphylococcus aureus, which would otherwise be resistant to most penicillins. It is very similar to flucloxacillin and these two agents are considered interchangeable. Dicloxacillin is available under a variety of trade names. **CAS** 13412-64-1.

2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxy-benzoyl)-benzoic acid hexylester

D-062 C₂₄H₃₁NO₄ 366.24

The UV-A sun filter 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)-benzoic acid hexylester provides efficient protection in the long-wave UVA-I range with an absorption spectrum of up to 400 nm it provides high absorption specifically in the deep-acting wavelengths. Uvinul A+. Diethylamino Hydroxybenzoyl Hexyl Benzoate. **CAS** 302776-68-7.

Di(ethylene glycol) diacrylate

D-009 $C_{10}H_{14}O_{5}$ 214.2

A cross-linking acrylate monomer for use in coatings, adhesives, and printing plates of prepolymer type. Also known as DEGDA. **CAS** 4074-88-8.

Diethylenetriamine

D-010 C₄H₄₂N₂ 103.17

Used as hardener for epoxy resins. Also known as DETA. **Cross:** ethylenediamine dihydrochloride. CAS 111-40-0.

FW

DIETHYLHEXYL BUTAMIDO TRIAZONE

D-063

 $C_{44}H_{50}N_{7}O_{5}$

765.50

A sun filter for use in sunscreen products. Also known as Dioctvl butamido triazone and Uvasorb HEB. CAS 154702-15-5.

N,N'-Diethylthiourea

D-039

(C2HENH)2CS

132.25

An accelerator for mercaptanmodified chloroprene rubber. Used as antidegradant for natural, nitrile-butadiene, styrene-butadiene, and chloroprene rubbers. Also available as part of Mx-24 and Mx-27. CAS 105-55-5.

Diltiazem hydrochloride

D-060

C₂₂H₂₆N₂O₄S·HCI 450.98

Diltiazem HCl is a member of the group of drugs known as benzothiazepines, which are a class of calcium channel blockers. used in the treatment of hypertension, angina pectoris, and some types of arrhythmia. It is a class 3 anti-anginal drug, and a class IV antidysrhythmic. It incites very minimal reflex sympathetic changes. CAS 33286-22-5.

DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE

D-045

C₈H₁₅NO₂

157.21

Used as amine activator in visible light-cured dental acrylic composite materials. Also known as N,N-Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate. CAS 2867-47-2.

3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propylamine

D-053

 $C_5 H_{14} N_2$

102.18

This is an intermediate substance in the synthesis of alkylamidopropyldimethylamines/alkylamidobetaines and found as an impurity in cosmetic surfactants present in e.g. shampoos. 3-(Dimethylamino)propylamine is also used as a hardener of epoxy resins, as an additive in fuel, dyes, pesticides and binding agents. It is also used in the production of ion-exchangers. Also known as DMPA. **CAS** 109-55-7.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Dimethyl dihydroxy ethylene urea

D-052

A non-Formaldehyde type of textile resin for "wash and wear" colored and white fabrics and shirtings, draperies and sheeting. Chlorine resistant. (Fixapret NF).

Dimethyl fumarate

D-066

C.H.O.

144 12

This compound is used as an antifungal substance in products such as sofas, helmets, clothes etc. It is packed normally in pads where the substance sublimates and might penetrate leather etc. CAS 624-49-7

Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea

D-012

 $C_5H_{10}N_2O_5$

178 14

A formaldehyde type of textile resin (Fixapret CPN, 74% active component). Also available as part of Mx-16.

Dimethylol dihydroxy ethylene urea, modified

D-050

A low-Formaldehyde type of textile resin for "wash and wear" colored and white fabrics and shirtings, Viscose and mixtures with synthetic materials. (Fixapret ECO).

4.4-Dimethyl-oxazolidine

Comp. in D-015 C_EH₄₄NO

101.15

Used as a preservative for latex paints, emulsions and for cooling fluids (component in Bioban CS 1135 by 74.7%). D-015: Bioban CS 1135 also contains 3,4,4-Trimethyloxazolidine. Neither of the substances can be ordered separately. Also known as DIMETHYL OXAZOLIDINE. CAS 51200-87-4.

N,N-Dimethyl-4-toluidine

D-016

C₀H₄₀N

135.21

An amine accelerator for the polymerization of e.g. dental methacrylic restorative materials. CAS 99-97-8.

Formula

FW

N,N-Di-2-naphtyl-4-phenylenediamine

D-017

C₂₆H₂₀N₂

360.46

An antidegradant for latex, nitrile rubber, styrene-butadiene, and nitrile-butadiene rubber Also known as DBNPD. **CAS** 93-46-9.

Dioctyl phtalate

D-018

 $C_{24}H_{38}O_4$

390.57

Used as plasticizer in various plastic materials. Also known as Diethylhexyl phthalate, DEHP and DOP. **CAS** 117-81-7.

Dipentamethylenethiuram disulfide

D-019

 $(C_5H_{10}NCS_2)_2$

320.60

Used as accelerator and vulcanizing agent for latex (gloves) and butyl rubber. Also known as PTD. Also available as part of Mx-01. **CAS** 94-37-1.

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride

D-021

 $C_{17}H_{22}CINO$

291.82

An antihistaminic drug.which blocks the effect of histamine at H1 receptor sites, which results in an increase in vascular smooth muscle contraction. It has also been shown to have inhibitive tumor promotion properties. **PA. CAS** 147-24-0.

1,3-Diphenylguanidine

D-022

 $C_{13}H_{13}N_3$

211.27

A medium accelerator for use with thiazoles and sulfenamides in various rubber products. Also available as part of Mx-06. **CAS** 102-06-7.

Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate

D-023

 $C_{15}H_{10}N_2O_2$

250.26

A diisocyanate in the production of polyurethane lacquers, foam plastics, rubber, and glues. Also known as MDI. **CAS** 101-68-8.

Art. No. Formula

N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine

D-024

 $C_{18}H_{16}N_2$

260.34

FW

Used as antidegradant for nitrile-butadiene rubber, natural, styrene-butadiene, isoprene, butadiene, and chloroprene rubbers. Also known as DPPD. Also available as part of Mx-04. **CAS** 74-31-7.

N,N´-Diphenylthiourea

D-025

 $C_{13}H_{12}N_2S$

228.32

An accelerator and activator for neoprene rubber and ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymers used for rubber products such as wet suits, goggles, knee brace and gloves. In sulfur dyes and as heat stabilizer in PVC adhesive tape backing. Also known as Thiocarbanilide and DPTU. Also available as part of Mx-27. **CAS** 102-08-9.

Direct Orange 34

D-051

An azo dye (stilbene) belonging to the direct dye class for coloring cellulosic textiles.

Disodium phenyl dibenzimidazole tetrasulfonate

D-064

C₂₀H₁₂N₄ Na₂O₁₂S₄ 674.59

A sun filter used in sunscreen products. Also known as: Neo Heliopan AP, Bisimidazylate and 2,2'-(1,4-Phenylene)bis-(1-H-benzimidazole-4,6-disulfonic acid, monosodium salt). **CAS** 180898-37-7.

DISPERSE BLUE 3

D-026

 $C_{17}H_{16}N_2O_3$

296.33

A textile dye of antraquinone type. Used as dye for nylon, acrylic, polyester and acetate. Also used as stocking dye. **CAS** 2475-46-9.

Disperse Blue 35

D-027

362.34

Textile dye of antraquinone type. Dye in nylon, acrylic, polyester, and acetate. Also available as part of Mx-30. **PT. CAS** 12222-75-2.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

ula F

Disperse Blue 85

D-028

A textile dye of azo type.

Disperse Blue 106

D-040

A monoazo dye used for secondary cellulose fabrics (polyester blouses, garment linings, etc.) Also available as part of Mx-26 and Mx-30. **CAS** 68516-81-4.

Disperse Blue 124

D-041

$$C_{15}H_{21}N_5O_4S$$

367.47

Am azo dye used for secondary cellulose acetate fabrics (stockings, garment linings, etc.). Also available as part of Mx-26 and Mx-30. **CAS** 61951-51-7.

Disperse Brown 1

D-030

433.68

A textile dye of azo type.

Disperse Orange 1

D-031

318.34

A textile dye of azo type. Dye in terylene. Also available as part of Mx-30. **CAS** 2581-69-3.

DISPERSE ORANGE 3

D-032

$$C_{12}H_{10}N_4O_2$$

242.24

A textile dye of azo type. Also available as part of Mx-30. CAS 730-40-5.

Disperse Red 1

D-034

 $C_{16}H_{18}N_4O_3$

314.35

A textile dye of azo type. Used to dye nylon and polyester. Also used as stocking dye. Also available as part of Mx-30. **CAS** 2872-52-8.

DISPERSE RED 17

D-035

$$C_{17}H_{20}N_4O_4$$

344.37

A textile dye of azo type. Used to dye acetate, silk, wool, and cotton. Also used as stocking dye. Also available as part of Mx-30. **CAS** 3179-89-3.

Disperse Yellow 3

D-036

$$C_{15}H_{15}N_3O_2$$

269.31

A textile dye of azo type. Used to dye acetate and nylon. Also used as stocking dye. Also available as part of Mx-30. **CAS** 2832-40-8.

Disperse Yellow 9

D-037

$${\sf C_{12}H_{10}N_4O_4}$$

274.24

A textile dye of nitro type. Used to dye in terylene. **CAS** 6373-73-5.

4,4'-Dithiodimorpholine

D-054

$${\rm C_8H_{16}N_2O_2S_2}$$

236.35

A vulcanizing agent and promoter of natural and synthetic rubber, it can release the sulphur in the vulcanizing temperature. It can be used in the butyl rubber to produce tyre, butyl inner tube of tire, rubber belt and anti-heat rubber products, it also can be used as pitch stabilizer in the expressway. Also known as DTDM. **CAS** 103-34-4.

DMDM HYDANTOIN

D-047

$$C_7H_{12}N_2O_4$$

188.07

Functions as a formaldehyde donor and is used as a preservative in cosmetic products and is active against fungi, yeasts, and bacteria. Products preserved are of the type shampoos, skin-care products, hair conditioners, makeup, hair rinses, and cleanliness products. Also used in herbicides, polymers, color photography, latex paints, floor waxes, cutting oils, adhesives, copying paper, inks.

DODECYL GALLATE

D-042 $C_{19}H_{30}O_5$ 338.45

An antioxidant in cosmetic and pharmaceutical creams and emulsions, various fats, oils, waxes, and foods such as margarine. Also known as Lauryl gallate. Also available as part of Mx-28B. **CAS** 1166-52-5.

Dodecyl mercaptan

D-043 C₁₂H₂₆S 202.41

A polymerization inhibitor added to polyurethane resins and Neoprene glues for use, e.g., in the shoe industry. **CAS** 112-55-0.

Doxycycline monohydrate

D-059 C₂₂H₂₄N₂O₈·H₂O 462.45

A semisynthetic broad-spectrum antibiotic or antibacterial which belongs to the tetracycline family. It is used to treat urinary tract infections, gum disease, and bacterial infections such as gonorrhea, chlamydia and Bacillus anthracis. It is also used to treat acne. **CAS** 17086-28-1.

DROMETRIZOLE

H-016 C₁₃H₁₁N₃O 225.25

An UV-adsorber used in plastics, cosmetics, dental materials, acrylic materials, dyes, etc. Also known as 2(2-Hydroxy-5-methylphenyl) benzotriazol, Tinuvin P. **CAS** 2440-22-4.

DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE

D-055 $C_{24}H_{39}N_3O_3Si_3$ 501.84

An UV-B adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Trade name is Silatrizole & Mexoryl XL. Also known as 2-(2H-Benzotriazole-2-yl)-4-methyl-6-[2-methyl-3-[1,3,3'-tetramethyl-1-[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl] propyl]phenol. **CAS** 155633-54-8.

Art. No. Formula FW



Econazole nitrate

E-021 C₁₈H₁₆Cl₃N₃O₄ 444.69

An antifungal agent of the imidazole type used in topical and vaginal preparations to prevent growth of dermatophytes, yeast, and mold. Cross: miconazole, nilconazole. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. CAS 24169-02-6.

Epoxy resin, Bisphenol A

E-002

A resin, based on epichlorhydrin and bisphenol A, used in adhesives, surface coatings, electrical insulation, plasticizers, polymer stabilizers, laminates, surface coatings, paints and inks, product finishers, PVC products, vinyl gloves, etc. Also found in the building industry, electron microscopy, and sculptures. Oligomers may vary in molecular weight from 340 and higher. The higher the molecular weight, the less sensitizing the compound. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. UCU.

Epoxy resin, Bisphenol F

B-035

A resin, based on Epichlorhydrin and Bisphenol F, used in adhesives, casting and tooling, epoxy coatings, coil coatings, marine and protective coatings, potting and encapsulation. Typical uses include compositions for the building and civil engineering industries, e.g. flooring compounds, adhesives, mortars and grouts. Often used in combination with Bisphenol A liquid epoxy resin. Also known as EPIKOTE Resin 862. **CAS** 28064-14-4.

Erythromycin base

E-024 C₃₇H₆₇NO₁₃ 733.94

A macrolide antibiotic that has an antimicrobial spectrum similar to or slightly wider than that of penicillin, and is often used for people that have an allergy to penicillins. For respiratory tract infections, it has better coverage of atypical organisms, including mycoplasma and Legionellosis. It is also used to treat outbreaks of chlamydia, syphilis, acne, and gonorrhea. Erythromycin is produced from a strain of the actinomycete Saccharopolyspora erythraea, formerly known as Streptomyces erythraeus. **CAS** 114-07-8.

Etofenamate

E-025 C₄₀H₄₀F₂NO₄ 369.33

A NASID used for the treatment of joint and muscular pain. It acts by inhibiting the body's production of prostaglandin. **CAS** 30544-47-9.

7-ETHYLBICYCLOOXAZOLIDINE

A-017 C₇H₁₃NO₂ 143.18

A preservative in cooling fluids. Trade name, Bioban CS 1246. **CAS** 7747-35-5.

Ethyl acrylate

E-004 $C_5H_8O_2$ 100.12

An acrylic monomer used in the production of textile and paper coatings, leather finish resins, and adhesives. Also known as EA. **CAS** 140-88-5.

ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE

E-023 C₆H₇NO₂ 125.10

A acrylate compound used in instant glues to mend broken nails and to adhere glue-impregnated silk or linen to the nail plate, which is then filed to shape the nail. Instant glues are also used in medicine to glue tissues and skin cracks. The glue is also used to attach hair and to glue shoes, plastics, and many other materials. Also known as Rite-Lok, Super Glue, Krazy Glue. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 7085-85-0.

Art. No. Formula FW

Ethylenediamine dihydrochloride

E-005 $C_2H_{10}CI_2N_2$ 133.02

A stabilizer in steroid creams and rubber latex. Used as inhibitor in antifreeze solutions and cooling fluids and an epoxy curing agent. May also be present in floor-polish removers. Found as component in nystatin cream and aminophylline. Used as accelerator in color development baths in photography. Used also in veterinary preparations, electroplating and electrophoretic gels, dyes, fungicides, insecticides, synthetic waxes, textile lubricants, eye and nose drops, and as solvent for casein, albumin, shellac. Also known as EDA. Cross: EDTA, antazoline, aminophylline, promethazine HCI, piperazine. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. UCU. CAS 333-18-6

Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid disodiumsalt dihydrate

E-006 C₁₀H₁₄N₂ 372.24 Na₂O₆ 2H₂O

Used as a chelating agent for metals and as pharmaceutic aid (chelating agent). Also used as preservative in cosmetic products and anticoagulant. **CAS** 6381-92-6.

Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate

E-007 $C_{10}H_{14}O_4$ 198.22

A cross-linking methacrylic monomer in dental composites, sealants, prostheses, adhesives, artificial nails, printing inks, etc. Also known as EGDMA. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 97-90-5.

ETHYLHEXYL DIMETHYL PABA

E-018 C₁₇H₂₇NO₂ 277.41

An UV-B absorbing agent in sunscreens and cosmetic creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, moisturizers, nail polish, etc. Also known as Eusolex 6007, Escalol 507, Octyldimethyl-PABA and 2-Ethylhexyl-4-dimethylaminobenzoate. **CAS** 21245-02-3.

FW

V

ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE

E-019

 $C_{18}H_{26}O_3$

290.18

An UV-B absorbing agent in sunscreens and cosmetic creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as Parsol MCX and Escalol 557. **CAS** 5466-77-3.

ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE

O-007

 $C_{15}H_{22}O_3$

250.34

An UV-B adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as Octyl salicylate, 2-Ethylhexyl salicylat and trade name is Escalol 587. **CAS** 118-60-5.

ETHYLHEXYL TRIAZONE

O-010

An UV-B adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as 2,4,6-trianilino-p-(carbo-2-ethylhexyl-1-oxi)-1,3,5-triazine. Trade name is Uvinyl T 150. **CAS** 88122-99-0.

ETHYLHEXYLGLYCERIN

E-027

 $C_{11}H_{24}O_3$

204.3

This substance is a topical skincare ingredient and deodorizing agent, often indicated as a conditioning ointment in the treatment of eczema. It can services as a surfactant and preservative-enhancer and can be found as a substituent for parabens. The chemical is a synthetic compound derived from vegetable glycerin. **CAS** 70445-33-9.

ETHYLPARABEN

E-010

 $C_9H_{10}O_3$

166.17

A preservative used in foods (salad dressings, mayonnaise, spiced sauces, mustard, frozen dairy products, baked products), cosmetics, and pharmaceutical preparations. Also known as Ethyl-4-hydroxybenzoate. Also available as part of Mx-03A, Mx-03C. **CAS** 120-47-8.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

ETHYL METHACRYLATE

E-012

 $C_6H_{10}O_2$

114.15

A methacrylic monomer for use in, e.g., artificial nail products, dentures, hearing aids, printing plates, and bone cement. Also known as Ethyl methacrylate and EMA. **CAS** 97-63-2.

4,4-(2-Ethyl-2-nitro-trimethylene)dimorpholine

Comp. in E-014 C₁₃H₂₅N₃O₄

287.36

A preservative used in cooling fluids, crude oil, diesel fuel, heating oil, etc. 4,4-(2-Ethyl-2-nitro-trimethylene)dimorpholine is present in Bioban P 1487 (trade name) by 20 %. Bioban P 1487 also contains 4-(2-Nitrobutyl) morpholine. Neither of the substances can be ordered separately. **CAS** 37304-88-4.

N-Ethyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

E-015

 $\mathrm{C_9H_{13}NO_2S}$

199.27

A resin carrier found in dental materials used for isolating cavities below restorations. Plasticizer in PVA lacquers, polyamides, cellulose acetate etc. **CAS** 80-39-7

EUGENOL

E-016

 $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$

164.21

Used as fragrance in perfumery as substitute for oil of Cloves. Dental analgesic in impression materials and periodontal packings. Used in the production of Vanillin. Also used as insect attractant. Also available as part of Mx-07. **May elicit contact urticaria. Cross: Peru balsam, isoeugenol, benzoin, propanidid. CAS** 97-53-0.

Evernic acid

E-017

 $C_{17}H_{16}O_{7}$

332.32

An acid present in different lichens. One of the three most common lichen haptens. Also available as part of Mx-15. **Cross: oak moss. PA. CAS** 537-09-7.

Formula

FW

Formula

FW

F

FARNESOL

F-004

 $C_{15}H_{26}O$

222.37

A fragrance used in various perfumed products. FARNESOL is a nature identical ingredient originally found in orange blossoms, rose, jasmin or linden flowers. It inhibits the bacterial activity responsible for unpleasant odors, acne and the athlete's foot, while at the same time not affecting the natural skin flora. Also used as a pesticide. Also known as 3,7,11-trimethyl-2,6,10-dodecatrien-1-ol. Also available as part of Mx-25. **CAS** 4602-84-0.

FERRIC CHLORIDE

I-016

Cl₃Fe

162.2

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **iron**. Also generally known as Iron(III)chloride, is an industrial scale commodity chemical compound. In industrial application used in sewage treatment and drinking water production. It is necessary for the etching of photogravure plates for printing photographic and fine art images in intaglio and for etching rotogravure cylinders used in the printing industry. Also used in veterinary practice. **CAS** 7705-08-0.

FORMALDEHYDE

F-002

CH₂O

30.03

Used in the production of urea, phenolic melamine and acetale resins. Found in textile products. Used as astringent, disinfectant, preservative in cosmetics, metalworking fluids, shampoos, etc. Other exposure areas include antiperspirant in cosmetics, anticracking agent in dental plastics, anhidrotics, chipboard production, cleaning products, disinfectants and deodorizers, dry-cleaning materials, glues, mineral wool production, paints and coatings, paper industry, phenolic resins and urea plastics in adhesives and footwear, photographic paper and solutions, polishes, printing materials, tanning agents, wart remedies, embalming solutions, fertilizers, wood composites, insulation. Formaldehyde releasers: Bakzid P, Biocide DS 5249, Bronopol, Dantoin MDMH, DMDM HYDANTOIN, Dowicil 200, Germall 115, Germall II, Grotan BK, Hexamethylenetetramine, KM 103, Paraformaldehyde, Parmetol K50, Polyoxymethylene urea,

Preventol D1, -D2, -D3. Cross: aryl-sulfonamide resin, chloroallyl-hexaminium chloride. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. PA. PT. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. NICU. CAS 50-00-0.

Framycetin sulphate

F-005

Art. No.

C₂₃H₄₆N₆O₁₃H₂SO₄ 712.72

A broad spectrum aminoglycoside antibiotic, is usually bactericidal in action. For local use in the treatment of infections caused by pyogenic organisms, in particular S. aureus, the proteus group of bacteria, coliforms and P. aeruginosa. Cross sensitization may occur among the group of Streptomyces derived antibiotics (neomycin, paromomycin, kanamycin) of which framycetin is a member, but this is not invariable. Also known as Neomycin B, Framycetin, Soframycin. ICU. **CAS** 4146-30-9.

Fusidic acid sodium salt

F-003

 $C_{31}H_{47}NaO_6$

538.70

An antibiotic agent used in the treatment or prevention of cutaneous infections, mainly Staphylococcus aureus. Contact dermatitis often associated with treatment of leg ulcers or atopic dermatitis. **CAS** 751-94-0.

G

Gallium(III)oxide

G-007

 Ga_2O_3

187.44

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **gallium**. This is a chemical compound used as part of the manufacturing of semiconductor devices. It might also be found in dental implants. **CAS** 12024-21-4.

Formula

FW

Art. No. Formula FW

Gentamicin sulfate

G-006

C₁₉₋₂₁H₃₉₋₄₃ N₅O₇ 2.5H₂SO

A topical and systemic broad-spectrum antibiotic with bactericidal action. Also used in ophthalmic drugs. **Cross: neomycin sulfate**. **CAS** 1405-41-0.

GERANIOL

G-001

 $\mathrm{C_{10}H_{18}O}$

154.25

As fragrance in perfumery. As insect attractant. Also available as part of Mx-07. **CAS** 106-24-1.

Geranium oil

G-002

A fragrance used in various perfumes. Used as odorant for tooth and dusting powders, ointments, etc. The raw material for this product is made from an steam destillation of the whole plant of Pelargonium graveolens. Contains among other substances DL-Citronellol, Geraniol, Linalool, Menthone and Citral. Also known as Geranium oil Bourbon. **CAS** 8000-46-2.

GLUTARAL

G-003

 $\mathsf{C_5H_8O_2}$

100.12

Used in the sterilization of endoscopic instruments, dental and barber equipment. Used as embalming fluid, in electron microscopy. A tanning agent for leather. A hardener for photographic gelatin. A pharmacological agent used for hyperhidrosis and antifungal purposes and for treatment of warts and some bullous diseases as well as herpes infections. Also known as Glutaraldehyde.

May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 111-30-8.

GLYCERYL THIOGLYCOLATE

G-004

C₅H₁₀SO₄

166.22

A component in "acid" permanent waving formulations, mainly for use in hairdressing salons. **CAS** 30618-84-9.

Gold(I)sodium thiosulfate dihydrate

G-005

AuNa₃(S₂O₃)₂·2H₂O 526.27

A gold derivative used for screening of contact allergy to dental gold materials. **CAS** 10233-88-2.



Hexachlorophene

H-001

 $C_{13}H_6CI_6O_2$

406.91

Atopical antisepticing ermicidal soaps, creams, deodorants, cleansers, shampoos, after-shave creams, pHisoHex surgical cleanser. **Cross: bithionol, halogenated salicylanilides. PA. CAS** 70-30-4.

Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)triazine

H-002

 $C_9H_{21}N_3O_3$

219.29

A bactericide used in cooling fluids and various cosmetic products, acting as formaldehyde liberator. Active component in **Grotan BK**. **CAS** 4719-04-4.

Hexamethylene diisocyanate

H-022

 $C_8 H_{12} N_2 O_2$

168.20

An isocyanate monomer in polyurethane paints and lacquers. Also known as HDI. **CAS** 822-06-0.

1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate

H-004

C₁₂H₁₈O₄

226.28

A common acrylic monomer in UV-cured inks, adhesives, coatings, photoresists, castings, artificial nails, etc. Also known as HDDA. A monomer in dental composite materials. **CAS** 13048-33-4.

Hexyl cinnamic aldehyde

H-025 C₁₅H₂₀O 216.35

A fragrance used in various perfumed products. Odor profile: floral, jasmin, waxy. Olfactory description: Similar to α -amyl cinnamic aldehyde but with a finer, more floral and delicate character. Found in acid cleaner liquid, detergent TAED, alcoholic lotion, fabric softener, anti perspirant, bath foam, bleach, hard surface cleaner, deo-stick shampoo, detergent perborate and soap. Also known as α -Hexylcinnamaldehyde. Also available as part of Mx-25. **CAS** 101-86-0.

HOMOSALATE

H-024 $C_{16}H_{22}O_3$ 262.35

An UV adsorbing agent found in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Found in e.g. Coppertone products. Also known as 3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl salicylate. **CAS** 118-56-9

Hydantoin

H-027 C₂H₄N₂O₂ 100.08

Hydantoin, also known as glycolyurea, is an imidazole analogue. Hydantoin and its derivatives are used in the preperation of textile softeners, lubricants, resins, and agrochemicals. They have antibacterial, antifungal, antiprotozoal, and anthelmintic activity. They are used in manufacturing pharmaceuticals especially anticonvulsant drugs such as phenytoin, ethotoin, and methyphenytoin. **CAS** 461-72-3.

Hydrazine sulfate

H-005 H₂N₂O₄S 130.12

Used as flux for soldering brass, copper, aluminium, and other metals. Also used as pressure stabilizer in cutting oils. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 10034-93-2.

Art. No. Formula FW

HYDROABIETYL ALCOHOL

A-002 C₂₀H₃₄O 290.54

An organic alcohol derived from wood rosin. Used in adhesives, mascara, inks, sealants, etc. Also used as plasticizer in plastic materials. Also known as Abitol. **CAS** 13393-93-6.

Hydrochlorothiazide

H-029 $C_7H_8CIN_3O_4S_2$ 297.73

Hydrochlorothiazide, sometimes abbreviated HCT, HCTZ, or HZT is a popular diuretic drug that acts by inhibiting the kidneys' ability to retain water. This reduces the volume of the blood, decreasing blood return to the heart and thus cardiac output and, by other mechanisms, is believed to lower peripheral vascular resistance. Hydrochlorothiazide is sold both as a generic drug and under a large number of brand names, including: Apo-Hydro, Aquazide H, Dichlotride, Hydrodiuril, HydroSaluric, Microzide, Oretic. **CAS** 58-93-5.

Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate

H-021 $C_{25}H_{36}O_{6}$ 432.62

Used as a topical corticosteroid with anti inflammatory properties. Marker for topical corticosteroid allergy. Also available as part of Mx-23. Cross: Budesonide, Fluocinolone acetonide, Hydrocortisone, Prednisolone Acetate, Tixocortol-21-Pivalate, Triamcinolone acetonide. CAS 13609-67-1

Hydrocortisone-21-acetate

H-034 C₂₃H₃₂O₆ 404.50

Atopical corticosteroid with anti-inflammatory and immunosuppressive properties, belonging to the group A type of steroids. Used in medication to treat a variety of skin conditions (e.g., eczema, dermatitis, allergies, rash).

Cross: Budesonide, Fluocinolone acetonide, Hydrocortisone, Hydrocortisone 17-butyrate, Prednisolone acetate, Methylprednisolone aceponate, Tixocortol-21-pivalate, Triamcinolone acetonide. CAS 50-03-3

Formula

FW

Hydroperoxides of Limonene

H-032

Limonene is found in cosmetics, fine fragrances and hygiene products as well as in household and industrial products. Limonene is one of the most commonly found fragrance ingredients in consumer products presently available. Limonene is a naturally occurring terpene, present in large amounts in various citrus fruits. Limonene autoxidize on air exposure at room temperature forming hydroperoxides. Compared to pure unoxidized limonene the hydroperoxides of oxidized limonene have shown to be far more allergenic. NOTE: The preparation contains oxidized d-limonene. The concentration of the active haptens in the preparation is measured from the total amount of the hydroperoxides of d-limonene.

Hydroperoxides of Linalool

H-031

Linalool is found in fine fragrances, cosmetics, and hygiene products as well as in household and industrial products. Linalool is among the most commonly found fragrance ingredients in consumer products presently available. Linalool is a naturally occurring terpene, present in large amounts in various plants, for example in lavender, rosewood, bergamot and jasmine. Linalool autoxidize on air exposure at room temperature forming hydroperoxides. Compared to pure unoxidized linalool the hydroperoxides of oxidized linalool have shown to be far more allergenic. NOTE: The preparation contains oxidized linalool. The concentration of the active haptens in the preparation is measured from the total amount of the hydroperoxides of linalool.

HYDROQUINONE

H-007

 $C_6H_6O_2$

110.11

A inhibitor in acrylic monomers, used as antioxidant e.g. in animal feed. Also used as photographic reducer and developer. Also known as HQ. Cross: resorcinol. May cause depigmentation. CAS 123-31-9.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Hydroquinone monobenzylether

H-019

 $C_{13}H_{12}O_{2}$

200.23

A antidegradant added to rubber products. Used as inhibitor in acrylic resins. **May cause depigmentation. CAS** 103-16-2.

HYDROXYCITRONELLAL

H-008

 $C_{10}H_{20}O_{2}$

170.25

A fragrance used in various perfumes, antiseptics, insecticides and household products. Also known as Hydroxycitronellal. Also available as part of Mx-07. Cross: citronellal, geranial, methoxy-citronellal. May produce hyperpigmentation. CAS 107-75-5.

2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate

H-009

 $C_5H_8O_3$

116.12

An acrylic monomer used in UV-inks, adhesives, lacquers, artificial nails etc. Also known as HEA. **CAS** 818-61-1.

2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

H-010

 $C_6H_{10}O_3$

130.15

A methacrylic monomer used in UV-inks, adhesives, lacquers, dental materials, artificial nails etc. Also known as HEMA. **CAS** 868-77-9.

HYDROXYETHYL-p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE SULFATE

H-033

C₈H₁₂N₂O·H₂O₄S 250.27

This substance is a hair dye ingredient used in the formulation of permanent hair dyes and colors. **CAS** 93841-25-9.

Hapten info. H

Formula

FW

HYDROXYISOHEXYL 3-CYCLOHEXENE CARBOXALDEHYDE

1 - 003

C,,H,,O,

210.00

A fragrance known for it's soft delicate floral, lilv, cyclamen note reminiscent of hydroxycitronellal. Used in producs such as Alcoholic Lotion, Anti Perspirant, Deo Stick, Detergent Perborate, Detergent TAED, Fabric Softener, Hard Surface Cleaner, Shampoo and soap, Stabilized with 0.1% BHT. Also known as 3-cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde. 4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde. HICC and Lyral. Also available as part of Mx-25. CAS 31906-04-4.

Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

H-018

C,H,,O,

144.17

A monofunctional methacrylic monomer found in dental composites and sealants. UV-curable resins for inks etc. Also known as HPMA. CAS 27813-02-1.

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride

H-028

C₂₄H₂₇CIN₂O₂·2HCI 447.83

This substance is a first-generation antihistamine, of the piperazine class that is an H1 receptor antagonist. It is used primarily as an antihistamine for the treatment of itches and irritations, an antiemetic for the reduction of nausea, as a weak analgesic by itself and as an opioid potentiator, and as an anxiolytic for the treatment of anxiety. The drug is available in two formulations, the pamoate and the dihydrochloride or hydrochloride salts. Vistaril[®], Equipose[®], Masmoran®, Paxistil®, and Vistaril Pamoate® are preparations of the pamoate salt whilst Atarax[®], Alamon[®], Aterax[®], Durrax[®], Tran-Q[®], Orgatrax®, Quiess®, Vistaril Parenteral®, and Tranquizine® are hydroxyzine hydrochloride. CAS 2192-20-3.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Ibuprofen

I-010

C,,H,,O,

206.3

A NSAID originally marketed as Nurofen and since under various trademarks, including Act-3, Advil, Brufen, Dorival, Herron Blue, Panafen, Motrin, Nuprin and Burana, Ipren or Ibumetin, Ibuprom, IbuHEXAL, Ibusal, Fennaed, Moment, Ibux, Íbúfen, Ibalgin, Bupuren. Neofen. Eve and Advil. It is used for relief of symptoms of arthritis. primary dysmenorrhoea, fever, and as an analgesic, especially where there is an inflammatory component. Ibuprofen has no antiplatelet (blood-thinning) effect. CAS 15687-27-1.

IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA

I-001

C₁₁H₁₆N₈O₈

388.31

A preservative used in lotions, creams, hair conditioners, shampoos, deodorants and topical drugs. Works as a formaldehyde releaser. Also known as Germall 115. Imidurea NF. Sept 115. Unicide U-13. Tristat IU and Biopure 100. CAS 39236-46-9.

Indium

I-015

In

114.82

Indium is a rare, soft, malleable and easily fusible poor metal. Its current primary application is to form transparent electrodes from indium tin oxide in liquid crystal displays. It is widely used in thin-films to form lubricated layers, it is also used for making particularly low melting point alloys, and is a component in some lead-free solders. It is sometimes present in dental alloys. CAS 7440-74-6.

Indium(III)chloride

I-011

ClaIn

221.18

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **indium**. This metal is a colorless salt and also the most available soluble derivative of indium. Indiclor Indium In-111 Chloride is a diagnostic radiopharmaceutical intended for radiolabeling ProstaScint (capromab pendetide) used for in vivo diagnostic imaging procedures and for radiolabeling Zevalin (ibritumomab tiuxetan) in preparations used for radioimmunotherapy procedures. CAS 10025-82-8.

Hapten info.

Indium(III)sulfate

I-013 $In_2(SO_4)_3$ 517.83

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **indium**. Indium sulfate is readily soluble in water for uses such as in water treatment. Indium sulfate is being marketed as a miracle dietary supplement and is falsely advertised as a dietary aid as an enhancer of food and mineral absorption, an anti-aging supplement, a blood pressure lowering supplement. **CAS** 13464-82-9.

IODOPROPYNYL BUTYLCARBAMATE

I-008 $C_8 H_{12} INO_2$ 281.09

A compound used as fungicide and bactericide for wood and paint preservation and in cooling fluids. Now also permitted and used as a cosmetics preservative in products such as shampoos, lotions, creams, powders and baby products. Also known as Troysan KK-108a and under trade name GlycasilTM. **CAS** 55406-53-6.

Iridium

I-014 Ir 192.22

Iridium is a dense, very hard, brittle, silvery-white transition metal of the platinum family. Iridium is notable for being the most corrosion-resistant element known. It is used in high-temperature apparatus, electrical contacts, but the principal use of iridium is as a hardening agent in platinum alloys. Other uses: Crucibles and devices that require high temperatures. Electrical contacts (notable example: Pt-Ir spark plugs). Used in high-dose-radiation therapy for the treatment of prostate and other forms of cancer. **CAS** 7439-88-5.

Iridium(III)chloride trihydrate

I-012 CI₃Ir·3H₂O 352.62

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **iridium**. Iridium(III) chloride trihydrate is the principal starting material for most iridium chemistry. Among other uses it is used in the production of hydrogen peroxide. **CAS** 13569-57-8.

Art. No. Formula FW

ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE

 $\mathsf{I}\text{-}009 \qquad \qquad \mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{15}}\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{20}}\mathsf{O}_{\mathsf{3}} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{248.40}$

A UV-B adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, waterproof sunscreens products etc. Trade name is Neo Heliopan E1000. **CAS** 71617-10-2.

Isobornyl Acrylate

I-019 $C_{13}H_{20}O_{2}$ 208.30

Isobornyl acrylate is a chemical used in plastics, it polymerizes when exposed to free radicals to form monomers. It can be found in adhesives, sealants, intermediates, photosensitive chemicals, pigments (ink, toner and colorant products), paints, coatings, agricultural products (non-pesticidal) as well as in glucose monitoring systems, such as the FreeStyle® Libre. Also known as IBOA. CAS 5888-33-5.

ISOEUGENOL

I-002 $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$ 164.21

A fragrance used in perfumery, over-the-counter medicines, dental materials and foods. Also used in the production of Vanillin flavor. Found in oils of nutmeg, ylang-ylang etc. Also available as part of Mx-07. **Cross: EUGENOL. CAS** 97-54-1.

α-Isomethyl ionone

I-017 C₁₄H₂₂O 206.32

 α -Isomethyl ionone is used in many floral fragrances, particularly violet. Blends with and supports woody, leathery and oriental accords. **CAS** 127-51-5.

Isophorone diamine

I-006 $C_{10}H_{22}N_2$ 170.29

A common hardener for epoxy resins. Also a degradation product from Isophorone diisocyanate. Also known as IPD. **CAS** 2855-13-2.

Formula

FW

ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

I-007

 $C_{12}H_{18}N_2O_2$

222.28

Used in the manufacture of polyurethane plastics and lacquers. Also known as IPDI. Cross: Isophorone diamine. CAS 4098-71-9.

ISOPROPYL MYRISTATE

I-003

C₁₇H₃₄O₂

270.44

An emollient found in cosmetic and pharmaceutical bases. Has solvent properties. CAS 110-27-0.

N-Isopropyl-N-phenyl-4-phenylenediamine

I-004

C₁₅H₁₈N₂

226.32

An antidegradant in natural rubber, styrene-butadiene. nitrile-butadiene, butadiene and chloroprene rubber. Also known as IPPD. Also available as part of Mx-04. CAS 101-72-4



Jasmine synthetic

J-001

Synthetic jasmine for use as fragrance in perfumery. Cross: benzylsalicylate.

Jasmine absolute

J-002

Natural jasmine for use as fragrance in perfumery. The raw material for this product is made from an hexane extraction of the Jasminum Grandiflorum giving a concrete, then the absolute is obtained by extrating the concrete with ethanol. Contains among other substances Benzylbenzoate, Phytol, Isophytol, Linalool, Eugenol, Benzylalcohol. Benzyl salicylate. Cross: benzylsalicylate. May produce hyperpigmentation, CAS 84776-64-7.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Series

Juniperus oxycedrus extract

Mx-14

Tar obtained from distillation of Juniperus oxycedrus for use in. e.g., eczema and psoriatic medications and perfumes. Also known as Juniper tar. Available as part of Mx-14. CAS 8013-10-3.



Kanamycin sulfate

K-001

 $C_{18}H_{36.37}N_{4.5}O_{10.11}H_2SO_4$

An antibacterial agent similar to neomycin. Cross: neomycin. streptomycin, gentamicin sulfate, dihydrostreptomycin. CAS 25389-94-0.

Ketoprofen

K-002

C, H, O,

254.28

Ketoprofen. (RS)2-(3-benzovlphenyl)-propionic acid, is one of the propionic acid NSAIDs with analgesic and antipyretic effects. CAS 22071-15-4.



LANOLIN ALCOHOL

W-001

Different types of alcohols (aliphatic, steroid, triterpenoid) present in wool fat (lanolin). Used as ointment base in cosmetic and pharmaceutical products. Also known as Wool alcohols. Cross: eucerin. lanette wax. CAS 8027-33-6.

Lamotrigine

L-009 $C_9H_7CI_2N_5$ 256.09

This substance is an anticonvulsant drug used in the treatment of epilepsy and bipolar disorder. It is believed to work in adjunct with other drugs when treating clinical depression. It is used in slow-releasing tablets to prevent episodes of seizures. **CAS** 84057-84-1

LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE

L-004

A $\rm C_{10}$ - $\rm C_{16}$ non-ionic surfactant with good dermatological compatibility and viscosity enhancing effects. Therefore it is suitable for use as an additive or a co-surfactant in cosmetic surfactant cleansing preparations in e.g. shampoos. Also known as Lauryl glycoside, PLANTACARE® 1200 and D-Glucopyranoside. **CAS** 110615-47-9.

Lavender absolute

L-001

A fragrance used in various perfumes. Also used as flavor and carminative. The raw material for this product is made from the freshly cut flowering tops of Lavendula Angustfolia, these are extracted with hexane giving a concrete, then the absolute is obtained by extrating the concrete with ethanol. Also known as LAVANDULA ANGUSTIFOLIA OIL. Cross: Geranial. CAS 8000-28-0.

Lead(II)chloride

L-008 PbCl₂ 278.10

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **lead**. Occurs naturally in the form of the mineral cotunnite. It is used in production of infrared transmitting glass and of ornamental glass called aurene glass. A basic chloride of lead, PbCl₂Pb(OH)₂, is known as Patteson's white lead and is used as pigment in white paint. **CAS** 7758-95-4.

Lidocaine

L-002 $C_{14}H_{22}N_2O$ 234.33

Used as a local anesthetic and as antiarrhythmic agent. Also available as part of Mx-13 and Mx-20. **CAS** 137-58-6.

Art. No. Formula FW

d-Limonene

L-006 C₁₀H₁₆ 136.24

Limonene is a hydrocarbon, classified as a cyclic terpene. It is a colourless liquid at room temperatures with an extremely strong smell of oranges. It takes its name from the lemon, as the rind of the lemon, like other citrus fruits, contains considerable amounts of this chemical compound, which is responsible for much of their smell. Limonene is a chiral molecule, and as is common with such forms, biological sources produce one enantiomer: the principal industrial source, citrus fruit, contains d-limonene ((+)-limonene), which is the R-enantiomer. Racemic limonene is known as dipentene. **CAS** 5989-27-5.

LINALOOL

L-005 C₁₀H₁₈O 154.25

Linalool is a naturally-occurring terpene alcohol chemical found in many flowers and spice plants with many commercial applications, the majority of which are based on its pleasant scent (floral, with a touch of spiciness). It is a main constituent of oils of rosewood, Ho, lavender, lavandin, clary sage, bergamot, petitgrain; minor of neroli, tangerine and jasmine. It has other names such as Linalool synthetic, β -linalool, linalyl alcohol, linaloyl oxide, p-linalool, allo-ocimenol, 2,6-dimethyl-2,7-octadien-6-ol and linalool synthetic. **CAS** 78-70-6.



Majanthole

M-033 C₁₂H₁₈O 178.27

Majantol has a fresh and intensely floral note. The recommended use level of this colorless liquid-to-crystalline product is 5–20%. This ingredient can be used in lily of valley and fruity floral fragrances for detergent powder, fabric softener and soap applications. Also known as 2,2-dimethyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)propan-1-ol. **CAS** 103694-68-4.

MANGANESE CHLORIDE

M-031 Cl₂Mn 125.84

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **manganese**. This chemical is used as a catalyst in the chlorination of organic compounds, in animal feed, and in dry-cell batteries. Metallic manganese is used primarily in steel production to improve hardness, stiffness, and strength. It is also used in carbon steel, stainless steel, and high-temperature steel, along with cast iron and superalloys. **CAS** 7773-01-5.

Melamine formaldehyde

M-001 $C_6H_{12}N_6O_3$ 216.20

A textile resin of formaldehyde releasing type for the treatment of draperies, collars, apparel, etc. Also known as Kaurit M70. Also available as part of Mx-16.

MENTHOL

M-002 $C_{10}H_{20}O$ 156.26

Found in confectionery, perfumery, cough drops, cigarettes, liqueurs, etc. Also used as a topical antipruritic, local anesthetic, gastric sedative. **ICU. CAS** 89-78-1.

2-Mercaptobenzothiazole

M-003 $C_7H_5NS_2$ 167.25

An accelerator, retarder, and peptizer for natural and other rubber products such as shoes, gloves, rubber in undergarments and clothing, condoms and diaphragms, medical devices, toys, tires and tubes, renal dialysis equipment, swimwear. Can also be uesed as a fungicide and works as a corrosion inhibitor in soluble cutting oils and antifreeze mixtures. Also used in greases, adhesives, photographic film emulsions, detergents, veterinary products such as tick and flea powders and sprays. Also known as MBT. Also available as part of Mx-05A. Mx-05B. **CAS** 149-30-4.

Art. No. Formula FW

Mercury(II)chloride

M-004 $HgCl_2$ 271.50

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **mercury**. Used in tanning leather and an intensifier in photography. Can also be used a topical antiseptic and disinfectant. **Cross: other mercurials. CAS** 7487-94-7.

Mercury

M-005 Hg 200.59

Is a chemical reagent and can be found in thermometers and dental amalgams. But also in pharmaceuticals, antifouling paints, agricultural chemicals. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 7439-97-6.

Mercury(II)amidochloride

M-022 (HgNH₂)Cl 252.07

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **mercury**. Inorganic mercurial compound used in creams as a topical antiinfective agent (formerly used in the treatment of psoriasis and in skin-lightening formulations). **May cause pigmentation and depigmentation. CAS** 10124-48-8.

2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl)propane

M-006 $C_{27}H_{32}O_6$ 452.55

A methacrylic monomer based on bisphenol A. Used in dental restorative composite materials and as a reactive monomer in adhesive products Also known as BIS-EMA. **CAS** 24448-20-2.

METHENAMINE

H-003 $C_6 H_{12} N_4$ 140.19

Used as an urinary antiseptic agent but also as a rubber accelerator and formaldehyde liberator. Used in the production of phenol-formaldehyde resins and can be found as a preservative in cosmetic products. Other uses inclue epoxy curing agent and corrosion inhibitor for steel. Also known as Hexamine and Hexamethylenetetramine. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 100-97-0.

Hapten info. M

Art. No. Formula FW

2-Methoxy-6-n-pentyl-4-benzoquinone

M-008 C₁₂H₁₆O₃

208.26

The primary hapten of the plant Primula Obconica found in glandular hairs on the leaves and the stem. Also known as Primin. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis from contact with Primula. CAS** 15121-94-5.

p-METHYLAMINOPHENOL

M-040

 C_7H_9NO

The free form of this chemical is known to be present in many hair dyes, as well as in photographic developing and dyeing of furs. **CAS** 150-75-4.

METHYL ANTHRANILATE

M-028

151.16

123.15

Used in a wide variety of fragrances and flavors. Used as perfume in ointments and in the manufacture of synthetic perfumes; flavorings. Odor Description: orange-flower, fruity, grape-like odor. Some perfumery uses: cherry, banana, strawberry, blueberry, grape. Natural occurrences: grape, concord. Also known as Methyl anthranilate. **CAS** 134-20-3.

4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR

M-024

 $C_{18}H_{22}O$

254.37

A UV-B absorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as Eusolex 6300. **CAS** 36861-47-9.

6-METHYL COUMARIN

M-010

C₁₀H₈O₂

160.17

A Synthetic fragrance found in cosmetics, toiletries and soaps. **Cross (photo): 7-methylcoumarin, COUMARIN, 7-methoxycoumarin. PA. CAS** 92-48-8.

Art. No. Formula FW

METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE

D-049

C₆H₆Br₂N₂

265.94

A preservative for metalworking fluids, cosmetics, adhesives, latex emulsions and paints, dispersed pigments and detergents. Active ingredient in Euxyl K 400 and Tektamer 38. Also known as 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane and MDBGN. **CAS** 35691-65-7.

N,N-Methylene-bisacrylamide

M-023

 $C_7H_{10}N_2O_2$

154.17

An acrylamide compound cross-reacting with unidentified primary sensitizers in NAPP and Nyloprint UV-cured printing plates. **CAS** 110-26-9

Methylene bis-benzotriazolyl tetramethylbutylphenol

M-037

 $C_{41}H_{50}N_6O_2$

658.86

UV absorbing agent present in sunscreens as a UV-A and UV-B filter. Main component in Tinosorb M (see M-032). This hapten does not contain DECYL GLUCOSIDE. **CAS** 103597-45-1

α-Methylene-y-butyrolactone

M-026

C₅H₆O₂

98.10

Tulipaline A, hapten in the Liliaceae family of plants to which species such as Tulip, Alstromeria Erythronium dens canis & americanum belong. **CAS** 547-65-9.

Methylhydroquinone

M-025

C₇H₈O₂

124.14

A stabilizer and antioxidant in acrylic monomers to prevent polymerization. **CAS** 95-71-6.

METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE

M-035

C₄H₄NOS

115.15

A component in Kathon CG which is used as preservative for use in cosmetics, shampoos, cooling fluids, detergents etc. Also present as a component in Art. No. C-009 (see this compound for further information). Also known as MI. **CAS** 2682-20-4.

Formula

FW

METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE + METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE

C-009

C,H,CINOS

149.60

This product, a component in biocides, is used as a preservative in oil and cooling fluids, soaps, latex emulsions, slime control in paper mills, jet fuels, milk sampling, radiography, printing inks, moist toilet paper, detergents, shampoos, hair conditioners, hair & body gels, bubble baths, skin creams & lotions, mascaras, etc. The following biocides contain METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE + METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE: Acticide. Algucid CH 50. Amerstat 250. Euxyl K 100. Fennosan IT 21. GR 856 Izolin. Grotan TK2. Kathon CG, Kathon 886MW, Kathon LX, Kathon WT, Mergal K7. Metatin GT, Mitco CC 31 L, Mitco CC 32 L, Special Mx 323, Parmetol DF 35.-DF 12. -A23.-K50.-K40.-DF 18. P3 Multan D. Piror P109. Also known as ProClin 150. MI/MCI. METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE is also available separately as Art. No. M-035 May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 55965-84-9.

Methyl methacrylate

M-013 C.H.O. 100.12

A methacrylic monomer in plastics for dentures, bone cement, artificial nails, hearing aids etc. Also known as MMA. CAS 80-62-6.

Methyl-2-octynoate

M-034

C₀H₁₄O₂

154.21

Methyl-2-octynoate is one of many ingredients in fragrances. It's end applications include soap, detergents, beauty care products, household products. CAS 111-12-6.

N-Methylolchloroacetamide

M-014

C₂H₂CINO₂

123.54

A preservative in cooling fluids and cosmetics. Also known as Grotan HD II and Parmetol K 50. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 2832-19-1.

Art. No.

Formula

FW

Methylprednisolone aceponate

M-036

 $C_{\alpha\gamma}H_{\alpha\alpha}O_{\gamma}$

472.58

A topical corticosteroid used for treating eczema and psoriasis, it suppresses inflammatory and allergic skin reactions and thus relaxes symptoms originating from the skin problem like redness (erythema). thickening of the skin, coarseness of the skin surface, fluid buildup (edema), itchiness, and other complaints (burning sensation or pain. Due to its high lipophilicity and the fact that it is bioactivated in the skin, enables single daily application without any loss of efficacy. Also known as Advantan, CAS 86401-95-8

2-METHYLRESORCINOL

M-039

CH₂C₂H₂(OH)₂

124.14

This substance is typically used in the formulation of hair dves and colors. CAS 608-25-3.

Miconazole

M-027

C, H, CI, N, O

416.12

An antifungal agent of the imidazole type which is used in topical and vaginal preparations to prevent growth of dermatophytes, yeast and molds. Cross: econazole. enilconazole. CAS 22916-47-8.

Molvbdenum

M-030

Mo

95.94

This metal is often used in high-strength steel allovs. It is found in trace amounts in plants and animals, although excess molybdenum can be toxic in some animals. The ability of molybdenum to withstand extreme temperatures without significantly expanding or softening make it useful in applications that involve intense heat, including aircraft parts, electrical contacts, industrial motors, and filaments. Molybdenum is also used in alloys, such as dental alloys for its high corrosion resistance and weldability. Most high-strength steel alloys are 0.25% to 8% molybdenum. CAS 7439-98-7.

Molybdenum(V)chloride

M-038 MoCl₅ 273.21

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **molybdenum**. This chemical is an inorganic compound, a dark volatile solid which is mainly used in research to prepare other molybdenum compounds. For testing purpose this is also used to test allergy for Molybdenum. Molybdenum compounds are found in the manufacture of aircraft parts, electrical contacts, motors, filaments, and high-strength steel alloys. It can also be found in dental implants. **CAS** 10241-05-1.

2-Monomethylol phenol

M-015 $C_7H_8O_2$ 124.14

An intermediate in the production of phenol formaldehyde resins which may remain after condensation of the resin. Sensitizer in phenol formaldehyde resins. Also used in local anesthetic. Also known as Saligenin. **CAS** 90-01-7.

2-(4-MorpholinyImercapto)benzothiazol (MOR)

M-016 $C_{11}H_{12}N_2OS_2$ 252.47

An accelerator for natural rubber, isoprene butadiene, styrenebutadiene, nitrilebutadiene rubber products. Also available as part of Mx-05A, Mx-05B. **CAS** 102-77-2.

Musk moskene

M-019 $C_{14}H_{18}N_2O_4$ 280.33

A synthetic nitro musk compound used as fragrance and fixative in after shave lotions, perfumes etc. Also available as part of Mx-10B. **CAS** 116-66-5.

Musk xylene

M-021 $C_{12}H_{15}N_3O_6$ 297.45

A synthetic nitro musk compound used as fragrance and fixative in after shave lotions, perfumes etc. The musk compound of choice for soap and detergent fragrances. Also available as part of Mx-10B. Cross (photo): musk ambrette. PA. CAS 81-15-2.

Art. No. Formula FW

N

Narcissus poeticus absolute

N-006

A fragrance used in various perfumed products. The raw material for this product is made from an solvent extraction of the flowers of Narcissus poeticus. Also known as Narcissus absolute. **CAS** 90064-26-9.

Neomycin sulfate

N-001 $C_{23}H_{46}N_6O_{13}H_2SO_4$ 712.72

A broad-spectrum antibiotic found in topical creams, powders, ointments, eye and ear drops. Also used as systemic antibiotic and growth promotor in veterinary use. Cross: streptomycin, gentamycin, framycetin, dihydrostreptomycin, kanamycin, spectinomycin, tobramycin, paromomycin, butirosin, bacitracin, UCU, CAS 1405-10-3.

Nickel(II)sulfate hexahydrate

N-002 NiO₄S·6H₂O 262.86

Nickel metal: a common hapten present in various alloys, electroplated metal, earrings, watches, buttons, zippers, rings, utensils, tools, instruments, batteries, machinery parts, working solutions of metal cutting fluids, nickel plating for alloys, coins, pigments, dentures, orthopedic plates, keys, scissors, razors, spectacle frames, kitchenware etc. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. ICU. CAS 10101-97-0.

Niobium(V)chloride

N-008 NbCl₅ 270.17

In patch testing this chemical is used to diagnose contact allergy to Niobium. Niobium is a metal which can be found in steel, alloys, magnets and electro ceramics. The metal can also be found in medical devices such as pacemakers or joint replacements. It is also used in jewelry. **CAS** 10026-12-7.

Formula

FW

Formula F

4-(2-Nitrobutyl)morpholine

Comp. in E-014 $C_8H_{16}N_2O_3$

188.23

A preservative used in cooling fluids, crude oil, diesel fuel, heating oil etc. 4-(2-Nitrobutyl)morpholine is present in Bioban P 1487 by 70%. Bioban P 1487 also contains 4,4-(2-Ethyl-2-nitrotrimethylene) dimorpholine. Neither of the substances can be ordered separately. **CAS** 2224-44-4.

Nitrofurazone

N-005

 $C_6H_6N_4O_4$

198.14

A topical antibiotic used in human and veterinary medicine and is sometimes also added to animal feeds. Also known as Furacin. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 59-87-0.

2-NITRO-p-PHENYLENE-DIAMINE

N-004

 $\mathsf{C_6H_7N_3O_2}$

153.14

A dye present in different hair dyeing preparations. These are of the semipermanent type and do not require the use of HYDROGEN PEROXIDE. Also known as 2-Nitro-4-phenylenediamine. **CAS** 5307-14-2.

Norfloxacin

N-007

 $C_{16}H_{18}FN_3O_3$

319.33

An oral broad-spectrum fluoroquinolone antibacterial agent used in the treatment of urinary tract infections. The mechanism of action of norfloxacin involves inhibition of the A subunit of bacterial DNA gyrase, an enzyme which is essential for DNA replication. Also known as 1-ethyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-7-piperazin-1-yl-1H-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid. **CAS** 70458-96-7.

Art. No. Formula



Oakmoss absolute

O-001

An extract of oak moss for use as fragrance in many perfume mixtures, after-shave lotions etc. The raw material for this product is made from an hexane extraction of the moss giving a concrete, then the absolute is obtained by extrating the concrete with ethanol. The moss used is Evernia Prunastri. Also known as tree moss. Contains atranorin, evernic acid and usnic acid. Also available as part of Mx-07. NOTE: The preparation is based on the raw material of oakmoss absolute that has NOT been subject to chemical reduction of atranol and chloroatranol. PA. CAS 9000-50-4.

OCTOCRYLENE

O-009

 $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{24}}\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{27}}\mathsf{NO}_{\mathsf{2}}$

361.48

FW

An UV-B adsorbing agent in sunscreen cosmetics of the type creams, lotions, lipsticks, sun oils, etc. Also known as 2-ethylhexyl 2-cyano-3,3-diphenylacrylate. Trade name is Eusolex OCR. **CAS** 6197-30-4.

Octyl gallate

O-002

 $C_{15}H_{22}O_5$

282.34

An antioxidant for use in cosmetic and pharmaceutical products and in food products such as margarine and peanut butter. Also available as part of Mx-28B. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 1034-01-1.

2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

O-004

C₁₁H₁₀NOS

213.34

A fungicide used in paints, cutting oils, wallpaper adhesives, etc. Also used for the preservation of leather. Also known as Skane M-8, Kathon 893. **CAS** 26530-20-1.

OLEAMIDOPROPYL DIMETHYLAMINE

O-005

C₂₃H₄₆N₂O

366.25

A cationic emulsifier used in cosmetics such as body lotions, creams, shampoos, hair rinse preparations, etc. **CAS** 109-28-4.

Hapten info. P

Art. No. Formula FW

P

PABA

A-006 $C_7H_7NO_2$ 137.14

A sun screening agent in cosmetics, moisturizers, shampoos, hair care products, nail polish, lipstick, lip balms, oral vitamin supplements. Used in the production of local anesthetics, folic acid and azo dyes. Also known as 4-Aminobenzoic acid. Cross: para group of compounds. PA. CAS 150-13-0.

Palladium(II)chloride

P-001 PdCl₂ 177.31

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **palladium**. A chemical catalyst. Can be found in jewelry, dental alloys and electroplating parts of clocks and watches. **CAS** 7647-10-1.

PANTHENOL

P-042 205.254

Used as a humectant, emollient and moisturizer. As panthenol easily binds to hair follicles it is commonly used in shampoos and hair conditioners. **CAS** 16485-10-2

Parthenolide

P-029 $C_{15}H_{20}O_3$ 248.32

Sesquiterpene lactone found in Feverfew (Chrysanthemum Parthenium) which is a Compositae plant growing throughout Europe and in southern USA near homes, on roadsides and in uncultivated places. It is also found in several other Compositae plants and Magnoliaceae. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B. **CAS** 20554-84-1.

Art. No. Formula FW

Pentaerythritol triacrylate

P-002 $C_{14}H_{18}O_7$ 298.30

A trifunctional cross-linking acrylic monomer for use in adhesives, coatings, inks, photoresists, castings, etc. cured by UV radiation. **CAS** 3524-68-3.

Peppermint oil

P-036 C₁₀H₁₆ 136.2

True peppermint oil is steam distilled from the partially dried herb of Mentha Piperita which is a hybrid from three other species of Mentha, all natives of southern Europe. Uses include antiemetic agent, Autonomic agent, central nervous system agent, gastrointestinal agent, parasympatholytic agent, Pharmaceutic aid, Flavor and Fragrance agent, Essential Oil. Also known as MENTHA PIPERITA OIL, Mentha x piperita L, Peppermint oil, Peppermint terpenes and Pfefferming oel. **CAS** 8006-90-4

Peru balsam

B-001

Found as flavor in tobacco, drinks, pastries, cakes, wines, liquors, spices etc. Used as a fixative and fragrance in perfumery. Alos used in topical medicaments, dentistry, etc. Consists of esters of cinnamic and BENZOIC ACID, Vanillin, styracine. Also known as Balsam Peru, MYROXYLON PEREIRAE RESIN, Indian balsam, China oil, Black balsam, Honduras balsam and Surinam balsam. Cross: COLOPHONIUM, tolu balsam absolute, cinnamates, benzoates, styrax, benzoin, tiger balm, beeswax, benzaldehyde, benzylsalicylate, coniferyl alcohol, COUMARIN, EUGENOL, Isoeugenol, FARNESOL, propanidid, propolis, diethylstilbestrol. May produce erythema-multiforme like eruptions. PT. NICU. CAS 8007-00-9

PETROLATUM

P-003

A white petrolatum which is a purified mixture of semisolid hydrocarbons. As ointment base in cosmetics. Leather grease and shoe polish component. Supplier of Chemotechniques petrolatum is Penreco. **May cause hyperpigmentation. CAS** 8009-03-8.

Formula

FW

Phenol formaldehyde resin (PFR2)

P-005

A resin based on phenol and formaldehyde which contain methylol phenols. Used in binders, adhesives, laminates, impregnation products, surface coatings, casting sand, etc. Simultaneous contact allergic reactions to Peru balsam and COLOPHONIUM over represented. May cause airborne contact dermatitis.

PHENOXYETHANOL

P-025

 $C_8 H_{10} O_2$

138.16

A fixative for perfumes, used as bactericide in conjunction with METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONITRILE (Euxyl K 400) as well as quaternary ammonium compounds. Also used as insect repellent and topical antiseptic. **CAS** 122-99-6.

PHENYLBENZIMIDAZOLE SULFONIC ACID

P-024

 $C_{13}H_{10}N_2O_3S$

274.30

A sun-screening agent for use in various sunscreen products. Trade names: Eusolex 232 and Novantisol. Also known as 2-Phenylbenzimidazol-5-sulfonic acid. **CAS** 27503-81-7.

Phenylbutazone

P-041

C₁₀H₂₀N₂O₂

308,37

An anti-inflammatory agent with antipyretic and analgesic activities. It is used in the treatment of ankylosing spondylitis and rheumatoid arthritis. In some countries the drug is only approved for use in veterinary medicine. **CAS** 50-33-9.

p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD)

P-006

C_eH_eN_e

108.14

The primary intermediate in permanent hair dyes and fur dyes (valid for p-PHENYLENEDIAMINE (PPD)). Also used in photographic developers, lithography, photocopying, oils, greases, gasoline and as antioxidant/accelerator in the rubber and plastic industry. The hydrochloride is used as blood reagent. Cross: parabens, PABA, para compounds. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. PA. UCU. CAS 106-50-3.

Art. No. Formula FW

2-Phenyl glycidyl ether

P-023

 $C_9H_{10}O_2$

150.18

A reactive diluent in epoxy resin systems. Forms chemical bonds with the resin during cure and accelerates the curing process. **CAS** 122-60-1.

2-Phenylindole

P-007

C₁₄H₁₁N

193.25

A stabilizer in PVC-plastic products. Also known as α -phenylindole. **CAS** 948-65-2.

PHENYL MERCURIC ACETATE

P-008

C₈H₈HgO₂

336.74

Used as herbicide and fungicide. As preservative in antibiotic eye drops, eye cosmetics, shampoos, etc. Also known as Advacide PMA 18, Cosan PMA, Mergal A25, Metasol 30, Nildew AC 30, Nuodex PMA 18 and Nylmerate. Cross: p-chloromercuriphenol. ICU. CAS 62-38-4.

N-Phenyl-2-naphtylamine

P-009

 $C_{16}H_{13}N$

219.29

An antidegradant for various rubber products such as natural rubber, styrene-butadiene, nitrile, butadiene and chloroprene. Also known as phenyl-beta-naphtylamine and PBN. **CAS** 135-88-6.

o-PHENYLPHENOL

P-010

C₁₂H₁₀O

170.20

A preservative used in cosmetics, cooling fluids, detergents and as agricultural fungicide for citrus fruits, etc. Also known as 2-phenylphenol and Dowicide 1. **Photosensitizer. May cause depigmentation. CAS** 90-43-7.

Hapten info. I

Formula

FW

PHENYL SALICYLATE

P-011

 $C_{13}H_{10}O_3$

214.22

Used as UV-light adsorber in plastics, suntan oils, and creams. Also found in waxes, adhesives, polishes etc. Used as analgesic, antipyretic, and anti-rheumatic agent. Can also be found in veterinary use as external disinfectant and intestinal antiseptic agent. Also known as Salol. **CAS** 118-55-8.

Pine tar

Mx-14

A product obtained by dry-distillation of wood from pine. Consists of turpentine, various phenols, xylene, etc. Topical antieczematic and rubefacient. Also known as PINUS PALUSTRIS TAR. Available as part of Mx-14. **CAS** 8011-48-1.

Piroxicam

P-033

 $C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_4S$

331.35

Piroxicam (marketed in the U.S. under the trade name Feldene) is a NSAID used to relieve the symptoms of rheumatoid and osteoarthritis, primary dysmenorrhoea, postoperative pain; and act as an analgesic, especially where there is an inflammatory component. It is also used in veterinary medicine to treat certain neoplasias expressing cyclooxygenase (COX) receptors, such as bladder, colon, and prostate cancers. Other brand names for Piroxicam include Brexin, Erazon, Felden, Feldoral, Hotemin, Pirox von ct, Proponol, Reumador, Veral, and Vurdon. **CAS** 36322-90-4.

POLYAMINOPROPYL BIGUANIDE

P-043

A preservative found in cosmetics, personal care products, fabric softeners, contact lens solutions, wet wipes and more. Also used as deodorizer and disinfectant. **CAS** 27083-27-8

Art. No. Formula FW

Polymyxin B Sulfate

P-026

 $C_{56}H_{100}N_{16}O_{17}S$

1385.63

An antibacterial peptide produced from Bacillus polymyxa. Polymixin B is commonly found in topical antibiotic ointments and creams. **CAS** 1405-20-5

Polysilicone-15

P-035

> 6000

Is an organic compound used in hair products like shampoos, conditioners, hair sprays, pomades and color treatment products to absorb UVB radiation. In the EU, it is also approved for use in sunscreens and cosmetics. Also known as Parsol SLX. **CAS** 207574-74-1.

Polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG 400)

P-034

H(OCH₂CH₂)nOH approx. 400

Polyethylene glycol PEG400 refers to a polymer of ethylene oxide with a molecular mass below 20,000 g/mol, in this case 400. This chemical has many industrial, foods, cosmetic and medical applications. It is added to skin lotions, creams, jellies, soaps and toothpastes. It is the basis for many laxatives and bowel irrigation preparations. It is also used as a lubricant in tire manufacturing; plasticizer for sponges and synthetic leather; a paper softener; anti-curl agent; and an intermediate in resin manufacturing. **CAS** 25322-68-3

POLYSORBATE 80

P-013

An emulsifier and dispersing agent for medicinal products for internal use. Used as emulsifier in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals & food. Also known as Polyoxyethylenesorbitan monooleate and Tween 80. **CAS** 9005-65-6.

Potassium clavulanate

P-040

C₈H₈NO₅K

237.25

This chemical is a drug which is given with antibiotics. While not effective by itself as an antibiotic, when combined with penicillingroup antibiotics, it can overcome antibiotic resistance in bacteria that secrete β -lactamase, which otherwise inactivates most penicillin's. **CAS** 61177-45-5.

Hapten info. P

Potassium dichromate

P-014 $Cr_2K_2O_7$ 294.21

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **chromium**. The hexavalent form of chromium, which is used in cement, tanning of leather, textile dyes, wood preservatives, alloys in metallurgy, safety matches, photography, electroplating, anticorrosives, engraving and lithography, ceramics, automobile industry, TV manufacturing, photocopy paper, tattoos, mascara/eye shadow pigments (chromium oxide), milk testing, welding, floor waxes, shoe polishes, paints, glues, pigments, detergents, etc. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 7778-50-9.

Potassium dicyanoaurate(I)

P-015 C₂AuKN₂ 288.13

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **gold**. Gold salt used in the electroplating industry. **CAS** 13967-50-5.

Pramoxine hydrochloride

P-039 C₁₇H₂₇NO₃ · HCI 329.86

This substance is a topical anesthetic and used as an antipruritic. Like other local anesthetics, the drug decreases the permeability of neuronal membranes to sodium ions, blocking both initiation and conduction of nerve impulses. Depolarization and repolarization of excitable neural membranes is thus inhibited, leading to numbness. **CAS** 637-58-1.

Prilocaine hydrochloride

P-027 C₁₂H₂₁CIN₂O 256.8

Used as a local anesthetic agent. Also known as Citanest, Xylonest. Also available as part of Mx-20. **CAS** 1786-81-8.

Procaine hydrochloride

P-016 C₄₂H₂₄CIN₂O₂ 272.77

A local anesthetic agent also known as Novocaine, Ethocaine, Allocaine, Topocaine, Neocaine and Syncaine etc. **Cross: para group of compounds, parabens, butethamine, PABA. CAS** 51-05-8.

Art. No. Formula FW

PROPIONIC ACID

P-018 $C_3H_8O_2$ 74.08

Used as food additive for the preservation against moulds in, e.g., cheese products. Also in the production of fruit flavors and perfume bases. **CAS** 79-09-4.

Propolis

P-022

A resinous substance found in beehives (beeglue). Collected by bees from treebuds. Found in biocosmetics, face creams, ointments, lotions, solutions, varnish, toothpaste, mouthwashes, tablets, chewing gum, etc. Also found in wax for violins. Contains flavonoid aglycones and the main hapten is 1,1-dimethylallyl caffeic acid ester (LB-1). Cross: Peru balsam. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 85665-41-4

PROPYLENE GLYCOL

P-019 $C_3H_8O_2$ 76.09

Used as vehicle in pharmaceutical and cosmetic bases. In food it is used as solvent for colors and flavors and to prevent growth of moulds. Works as humectant and can also be found in cooling fluids. **UCU. CAS** 57-55-6.

PROPYL GALLATE

P-021 $C_{10}H_{12}O_5$ 212.20

An antioxidant in cosmetic and pharmaceutic creams, emulsions, various fats, oils and waxes. Can also be found in foods like margarine, peanut butter, etc. Also available as part of Mx-28B. **CAS** 121-79-9.

PROPYLPARABEN

P-020 $C_{10}H_{12}O_3$ 180.20

A preservative in foods (salad dressings, mayonnaise, spiced sauces, mustard, frozen dairy products, baked products), cosmetics and pharmaceutical preparations. Also known as Propyl-4-hydroxybenzoate. Also available as part of Mx-03A, Mx-03C.

Cross: hydroquinone monobenzyl ether, other parabens, para compounds. CAS 94-13-3.

FW

Formula

FW

Q

QUATERNIUM-15

C-007

 $C_9H_{16}CI_2N_4$

251.20

A formaldehyde-releasing preservative in hand creams, lotions, face creams, shampoos, latex paints, topical medicaments, polishes, metal working fluids, adhesives, inks, etc. Also known as Dowicil 200 and 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride. **CAS** 51229-78-8.

Quinine sulfate

Q-001

(C₂₀H₂₄N₂O₂)₂ H₂SO₄ 2H₂O 746.93

An antimalarial agent also used as antipyreticum and in liquids (tonic etc.). **PA. CAS** 6119-70-6.

R

Reactive Black 5

R-004

C₂₆H₂₁N₅Na₄O₁₉S₆ 991.79

An azo dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silk and polyamide textiles. May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma. CAS 17095-24-8.

Reactive Blue 21

R-005

A phthalocyanine-copper complex dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silk and polyamide textiles. **May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma. CAS** 12236-86-1.

Reactive Orange 107

R-007

Art. No.

An azo dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silk and polyamide textiles. **May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma. CAS** 94158-82-4.

Reactive Red 123

R-008

An azo dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silkand polyamide textiles. **May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma.**

Reactive Red 228

R-010

An monoazo dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silk and polyamide textiles. May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma.

Reactive Violet 5

R-011

An dye belonging to the reactive dye class used for coloring cotton, wool, silk and polyamide textiles. **May cause allergic conjunctivitis, allergic rhinitis and occupational asthma. CAS** 12226-38-9.

RESORCINOL

R-001

C₆H₆O₂

110.11

A keratolytic agent found in acne medications. Used in hair dyes, resins, tanning, cosmetics, Castellanis paint, eye drops, suppositories, photocopying and photographic solutions, explosives, etc. Also used a topical antipruritic and antiseptic agent. Cross: phenol. May cause orange-brown discoloration of lacquered nails and may darken fair hair. CAS 108-46-3.

Hapten info. R

Hapten info. S

Art. No. Formula FW

Resorcinol monobenzoate

R-002 $C_{13}H_{10}O_3$ 214.22

An UV-light absorber added mainly to out door plastics. Has caused dermatitis as additive in spectacle frames. **Cross: Peru balsam. CAS** 136-36-7.

Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate

R-013 RhCl₃ · xH₂O

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **rhodium**. This metal can be found in precious metal alloys and in electroplating. In jewelry it can be found in white gold, platinum, and sterling silver. Rhodium is also used as an alloying agent for hardening and improving the resistance of platinum and palladium to corrosion which can be used in coatings. In the car industry rhodium is used as a catalytic converter. **CAS** 20765-98-4.

Rose absolute

R-003

A fragrance used in various perfumes and for flavoring lozenges, ointments, toilet preparations, etc. The raw material for this product is made from an solvent extraction of the flowers. Contains among other substances Citronellol, Phenyl ethyl alcohol, Geraniol, Nerol, Eugenol. Also known as ROSA DAMASCENA EXTRACT, Rose oil.

Ruthenium

R-012 Ru 101.07

Ruthenium is a chemical element and a rare transition metal, which is inert to most other chemicals. Ruthenium usually occurs as a minor component of platinum ores. Most ruthenium produced is used for wear-resistant electrical contacts and the production of thick-film resistors. A minor application of ruthenium is its use in some platinum alloys, and as a catalyst. It might also be found in dental implants. **CAS** 7440-18-8.

Art. No. Formula FW

S

Sandalwood oil

S-009

A fragrance used in various perfumed products like soap, after-shave lotions, colognes and cosmetics. Also known as. SANTALUM ALBUM OIL. **PA. PT. PL. CAS** 8006-87-9.

SHELLAC

S-015

Shellac is a resin secreted by the female lac bug, on trees in the forests of India and Thailand. It is processed and sold as dry flakes, which are dissolved in denatured alcohol to make liquid shellac, which is used as a brush-on colorant, food glaze and wood finish. Shellac is edible and it is used as a glazing agent on pills and candies in the form of pharmaceutical glaze. When used for this purpose, it has the food additive E number E904. **CAS** 9000-59-3.

SILVER NITRATE

S-007 AgNO₃ 169.89

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **silver**. Used in photography, silver plating, coloring porcelain, manufacturing of mirrors, etching ivory, analytical reagent. Can also be used as astringent and antiseptic agent. **May cause gray-brown discoloration of the conjunctivae and black discoloration of the fingernails. CAS 7761-88-8.**

SODIUM BENZOATE

S-001 C₇H₅NaO₂ 144.11

A preservative especially used for food products (drinks, jams, jellies, pickles, syrups, etc.) Also commonly found in cosmetic and pharmaceutical products. **NICU. CAS** 532-32-1.

SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE

S-018 CH₃(CH₂)₁₁OSO₃Na 288.38

Described in the literature as a substance used as an irritant control in patch testing and works well in terms of reproducibility and a high number of patients are reacting to it. The chemical is an anionic surfactant used in many cleaning and hygiene products. The salt is an organosulfate consisting of a 12-carbon tail attached to a sulfate group, giving the material the amphiphilic properties required of a detergent. Being derived from inexpensive coconut and palm oils, it is a common component of many domestic cleaning products.

CAS 151-21-3.

SODIUM METABISULFITE

S-011 Na₂S₂O₅ 190.1

Used as a food additive, mainly as a preservative and is sometimes identified as E223. As an additive, it may cause allergic reactions, particularly skin irritation e.g. excema; gastric irritation and asthma. It is present in many dilutable squashes. It is commonly used in homebrewing preparations to sanitize equipment. It is used as a cleaning agent for potable water reverse osmosis membranes in desalination systems. It is also used to remove chloramine from drinking water after treatment. In the brand Stump-Out, it is used in almost a pure form (98%) to cause degradation of lignin, creating pores for fuel adsorption, and consequently, ignition. **CAS** 7681-57-4

Sodium-2-pyridinethiol-1-oxide

S-002 C₅H₄NOSNa 149.14

Abactericide used in cooling fluids and short term -in can- preservation of vinyl acetate latex, paints and synthetic fiber lubricants. Can also be found as a preservative for cosmetic rinse-off products. Also known as Sodium omadine. **CAS** 3811-73-2.

Sodium tetrachloropalladate(II) hydrate

S-017 Cl₄Na₂Pd·3H₂O 348.20

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **palladium**. It is an inorganic compound used in among other things in chemical synthesis as a catalyst. It is present in many alloys containing palladium. **CAS** 13820-53-6.

Art. No. Formula FW

Sodium tungstate dihydrate

S-019 Na₂WO₄ · 2H₂O 329.85

In patch testing Sodium tungstate dihydrate is used to diagnose a contact allergy to **tungsten**. It can be found in incandescent light bulb filaments, X-ray tubes, and electrodes in welding, superalloys, and radiation shielding. About half is used in the form of tungsten carbide, WC. Tungsten's hardness and high density gives it military applications in penetrating projectiles. Tungsten compounds are also often used as industrial catalysts. In medicine, tungsten can be found in medical devices such as joint replacements, intravascular devices and dental implants. Tungsten is also used in jewelry. **CAS** 10213-10-2.

Softisan 649

S-016

SOFTISAN 649 is a partial ester of diglycerin with medium chain fatty acids, isostearic acid, stearic acid, 12-hydroxystearic acid and adipic acid. Used in cosmetics in skin care, baby creams, decorative cosmetics and hair care products as lanolin substitute and as a cream base. **CAS** 130905-60-1.

SORBIC ACID

S-003 $C_6H_8O_2$ 112.13

A preservative (antifungal) found in foods like cheese syrup etc. and in cosmetic and pharmaceutical products. Also used in alkyd coatings and drying oils, adhesives, glues, inks, paints, varnishes, tanning agents, metalworking fluids. **Cross: potassium sorbate. ICU, NICU. CAS** 110-44-1.

SORBITAN OLEATE

S-004

Monoester of oleic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol. An emulsifier in cosmetic and pharmaceutical ointments and creams. Also known as Sorbitan monooleate and Span 80. **Cross: SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE. CAS** 1338-43-8.

Formula

FW

SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE

S-005

Mixed ester of oleic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol. Used as emulsifier in cosmetic and pharmaceutical ointments and creams. **CAS** 8007-43-0.

Spiramycin base

S-012

 $C_{43}H_{74}N_2O_{14}$

842.51

Spiramycin is a macrolide antibiotic which is used to treat toxoplasmosis. Although routinely used in Europe, spiramycin is still considered an experimental drug in the United States. Used in Europe since 2000 year as "Rovamycine", produced by Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, France and Eczacibasi Ilae, Turkey. **CAS** 8025-81-8.

STANNOUS CHLORIDE

S-013

SnCl₂

189.60

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **tin**. A solution of tin(II) chloride containing a little hydrochloric acid is used for the tin-plating of steel, in order to make tin cans. SnCl₂ also reduces quinones to hydroquinones. STANNOUS CHLORIDE is also added as a food additive with E number E512 to some canned and bottled foods, where it serves as a color-retention agent and antioxidant. It is used in production of ornamental glass called aurene glass. **CAS** 7772-99-8.

STEARYL ALCOHOL

S-006

C₁₈H₃₈O

270.48

A lubricant and antifoam agent in cosmetic and pharmaceutical creams and in textile oils and finishes. **UCU. CAS** 112-92-5.

Styrax

S-008

Balsam obtained from the trunk of trees. Contains cinnamates, styrene, etc. Used in perfumery. Cross: Peru balsam, tincture of benzoin, dieythylstilbestrol. CAS 8046-19-3.

Art. No. Formula FW

Sulfanilamide

S-010

 $C_6H_8N_2O_2S$

172.21

A topical and vaginal antibiotic of sulfonamide type. Cross (photo): para group of compounds. May produce erythema multiforme like eruptions. PA. PL. CAS 63-74-1.

T

Tanacetum vulgare extract

T-033

A strongly aromatic weed growing in uncultivated areas, along roadsides, rivers etc. Grows all over Europe and in North America. Used as a herbal remedy, for seasoning and for making a tea. The oil is used as a vermifuge and in perfumery. Contains the sesquiterpene lactones arbusculin-A and tanacetin. Also known as Tanacetum Vulgare and Tansy. Also available as part of Mx-29A and Mx-29B. Cross: Other plants within the Compositae family.

Tantalum

T-047

Ta

180.95

Tantalum is a chemical element. It is widely used as minor component in alloys. Its main use today is in tantalum capacitors in electronic equipment such as mobile phones, DVD players, video game systems and computers. It can also be used in medical implants and bone repair. **CAS** 7440-25-7.

Taraxacum officinale extract

T-032

Taraxacum Officinale (Dandelion) is a weed that grows in open fields, on prairies, in garbage dumps, etc. and spread all over the world. It is a popular folk medicine plant (laxative, diuretic, tonic, etc.). Haptenic substance is taraxin acid glucoside. Also known as Taraxacum Officinale. Cross: Other plants within the Compositae family. May cause airborne contact dermatitis.

Hapten info. S

Formula

FW

Art. No. Formula FW

Tea tree oil oxidized

T-035

Oil from distilled leaves of Melaleuca Alternifolia. Pale yellowish green oil of a warm spicy aromatic terpenic odor. The oil has served as an antiseptic for many decades but is now also sold as a remedy for various skin and nail conditions. Also present in household products like cleansers, laundry agents and fabric softeners. Some Perfumery Uses: Herbal; Nutmeg; Mint; Pine. Common haptens present are d-limonene, α -terpinene and aromadendrene. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis.**

Tetracaine hydrochloride

T-025

 ${\rm C_{15}H_{25}CIN_{2}O_{2}}$

300.83

Used as topical and local anesthetic. Amethocaine. Also available as part of Mx-13 and Mx-19. **Cross: Amylocaine hydrochloride. CAS** 136-47-0.

Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate

T-029

 $C_{16}H_{26}O_7$

330.37

A methacrylate present in adhesives and constitutes the main component in polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate in Loctite anaerobic sealants. **CAS** 109-17-1.

Tetraethylthiuram disulfide

T-002

C10H20N2S4

296.54

An accelerator, activator, stabilizer and vulcanizing agent for various rubber products. Also used as a fungicide, seed disinfectant, and alcohol deterrent. Also known as disulfiram, antabuse and TETD. Also available as part of Mx-01. **CAS** 97-77-8.

Tetrahydrofurfurylmethacrylate

T-027

C₉H₁₄O₃

170.21

A methacrylic component used in dental materials such as crown and bridge products. Also used as a component in artificial nails. **CAS** 2455-24-5.

Tetramethylthiuram disulfide

T-005

 $C_6H_{12}N_2S_4$

240.44

A rubber accelerator and vulcanizer. Works as a fungicide, disinfectant for seed, bacteriostat in soap, animal repellent, etc. Also known as Thiram and TMTD. Also available as part of Mx-01. Cross: Tetraethylthiuram monosulfide, Tetraethylthiuram disulfide. CAS 137-26-8.

Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

T-006

 $C_6H_{12}N_2S_3$

208.37

An accelerator and activator for natural rubber nitrile-butadiene and butyl rubber. Also known as TMTM. Also available as part of Mx-01. **CAS** 97-74-5.

THIMEROSAL

T-007

C₉H₉HgNaO₂S

404.84

A preservative used in vaccines, antitoxins, skin testing antigens, antiseptics, eyedrop solutions, contact lens solutions, and cosmetic products like eye makeup. Also known as Merthiolate. **CAS** 54-64-8.

Thiourea

T-026

CH₄N₂S

76.12

A photographic fixing agent and stain remover. Can be used as a rubber accelerator and used in the manufacture of resins. Also used as an antioxidant in photocopy paper to prevent discoloration. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. PA. CAS** 62-56-6.

Tin

T-008

Sn

118.69

A metal used in tin plating, soldering and dental alloys, collapsible tubes. Used in the production of tin salts. **CAS** 7440-31-5.

Tin(II)oxalate

S-014 C_2O_4Sn 206.71

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to tin. Tin(II)oxalate is used as a catalyst (Esterification reactions) and in dyeing and printing textiles etc. CAS 814-94-8.

Tioconazole

T-034 C₁₆H₁₃Cl₃N₂OS 387.71

Tioconazole is an antifungal medication of the Imidazole class used to treat infections caused by a fungus or yeast. Tioconazole ointments serve to treat women's vaginal yeast infections. Tioconazole topical (skin) preparations are also available for ringworm, jock itch, athlete's foot, and tinea versicolor or "sun fungus". **CAS** 65899-73-2.

Titanium

T-042 Ti 47.88

A light, strong, lustrous, corrosion-resistant (including resistance to sea water and chlorine) transition metal with a grayish color. Can be alloyed with other elements such as iron, aluminium, Vanadium, molybdenum and others, to produce strong lightweight alloys for aerospace, military, industrial process (chemicals and petrochemicals, desalination plants, pulp and paper), automotive, agrifood, medical (prostheses, orthopaedic implants, dental implants), sporting goods, and other applications. **CAS** 7440-32-6.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

T-040 O₂Ti 79.87

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **titanium**. Is the naturally occurring oxide of Titanium. When used as a pigment, it is called Titanium white or Pigment White 6. It is noteworthy for its wide range of applications, from paint to sunscreen to food colouring. Used as a white food colouring, it has E number E171. In cosmetic and skin care products, TITANIUM DIOXIDE is used both as a pigment and a thickener. It is also used as a tattoo pigment and styptic pencils. This pigment is used extensively in plastics and other applications for its UV resistant properties where it acts as a UV absorber, efficiently transforming destructive UV light energy into heat. **CAS** 13463-67-7.

Art. No. Formula FW

Titanium(III)nitride

T-039 TiN 61.89

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **titanium**. This metal (sometimes known as Tinite) is an extremely hard, ceramic material, often used as a coating on Titanium alloy, steel, carbide, and aluminium components to improve the substrate's surface properties. The most common use for TiN coating is for edge retention and corrosion resistance on machine tooling, such as drill bits and milling cutters. Because of TiN's metallic gold color, it is used to coat costume jewelry and automotive trim for decorative purposes. TiN is also widely used as a top-layer coating, usually with nickel or chromium plated substrates, on consumer plumbing fixtures and door hardware. TiN is non-toxic, meets FDA guidelines and has seen use in medical devices and bio-implants, as well as aerospace and military applications. Coatings of TiN have also been used in implanted prostheses and in dental alloys. **CAS** 25583-20-4.

Titanium(IV)oxalate hydrate

T-041 $\text{TiC}_4\text{O}_9\text{H}_2\cdot\text{xH}_2\text{O}$ 241.92 · xH₂O

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **titanium**. Titanium oxalate could be used as a source for titanium in a process for preparing zinc-alloy-electroplated steel sheets excellent in corrosion resistance comprising electroplating steel sheets. Used in the preparation of a welding flux binder and welding flux comprising the reaction product of a hydrolyzed and polymerized organometallic compound such as metal esters and metal oxalates. A metal salt for testing of allergy to Titanium in dental alloys.

Tixocortol-21-pivalate

T-031 C₂H₂O₅S 462.35

A topical corticosteroid belonging to the group A (hydrocortisone) type of steroids used in nasal sprays for the treatment of rhinitis. Good marker for group A corticosteroid contact allergy. Also available as part of Mx-23. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. Cross: Budesonide, Fluocinolone acetonide, Hydrocortisone, Hydrocortisone-17- butyrate, Prednisolone Acetate, Triamcinolone acetonide. CAS 55560-96-8.

Tobramycin

T-050 $C_{18}H_{37}N_5O_9$ 467.51

This substance is an aminoglycoside antibiotic derived from Streptomyces tenebrarius and used to treat various types of bacterial infections, particularly Gram-negative infections. **CAS** 32986-56-4.

TOCOPHEROL

T-036 $C_{20}H_{E_0}O_2$ 430.71

DL-Alpha-tocopherol is the form of vitamin E that is preferentially absorbed and accumulated in humans. In general, food sources with the highest concentrations of vitamin E are vegetable oils, followed by nuts and seeds including whole grains. Although originally extracted from wheat germ oil, most natural vitamin E supplements are now derived from vegetable oils, usually soybean oil. Vitamin E is widely used as an inexpensive antioxidant in cosmetics and foods. Vitamin E containing products are commonly used in the belief that vitamin E is good for the skin; many cosmetics include it, often labeled as tocopherol acetate, tocopheryl linoleate or tocopheryl nicotinate. Some individuals experience allergic reactions to some tocopheryl esters or develop a rash and hives that may spread over the entire body from the use of topical products with alpha tocopheryl esters. **CAS** 10191-41-0.

TOCOPHERYL ACETATE

T-037 C₂₁H₅₂O₂ 472.75

Tocopheryl acetate, also known as vitamin E acetate, is a common vitamin supplement. it is the ester of acetic acid and tocopherol (vitamin E). It is often used in dermatological products such as skin creams. Tocopheryl acetate is used as an alternative to tocopherol itself because the phenolic hydroxyl group is blocked, providing a less acidic product. It is believed that the acetate is slowly hydrolyzed once it is absorbed into the skin, regenerating tocopherol and providing protection against the sun's ultraviolet rays. **CAS** 7695-91-2.

TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE

T-049 $C_7H_{10}N_2$ 122.17

This substance is used in hair dye products. **CAS** 95-70-5.

Art. No. Formula FW

TOLUENE-2,5-DIAMINE SULFATE

D-002 $C_7H_{10}N_2H_2SO_4$ 220.25

The primary intermediate in various permanent hair dyes Also known as 4-Toluenediamine, 2,5-Diaminotoluene sulfate and PTD. **CAS** 615-50-9.

Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate

T-009 $C_0H_6N_2O_2$ 174.15

Used in the production of polyurethane foams, elastomers, adhesives, printing plates, etc. Also known as TDI. **May cause allergic asthma. CAS** 584-84-9.

Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde resin

T-010

A modifier and adhesion promotor used for film forming natural and synthetic resins. Occurs in vinyl lacquers, nitrocellulose compositions (e.g., nail lacquers), PVA adhesives, acrylics. **CAS** 1338-51-8.

4-Tolyldiethanolamine

T-011 C₁₁H₁₇NO₂ 195.26

An amine accelerator for the polymerization of e.g. dental acrylic composite restorative materials. **CAS** 3077-12-1.

Treemoss absolute

E-026

This is a chemical extract of the treemoss plant Evernia Furfuracea and oak moss. Used in perfumes, cosmetics, moisturizers, fragrance for men, body powder, sunscreen products, lipsticks, shampoos and soaps among others. The raw material for this product is made from an hexane extraction of the moss giving a concrete, then the absolute is obtained by extrating the concrete with ethanol. The moss used is Pseudevernia furfuracea & usnea barbata. Also known as Evernia furfuracea. NOTE: The preparation is based on the raw material of treemoss absolute that has not been subject to chemical reduction of atranol and chloroatranol. CAS 94944-93-1

Formula

FW

Art. No. Formula

Triamcinolone acetonide

T-030

 $C_{24}H_{31}FO_6$

434.49

A topical and systemic corticosteroid belonging to the group B (triamcinolone acetonide) type of steroids. Cross: Budesonide, Fluocinolone acetonide, Hydrocortisone, Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate, Prednisolone Acetate, Tixocortol-21-Pivalate. CAS 76-25-5.

3,4,5-Tribromosalicylanilide (TBS)

T-012

C₁₃H₈Br₃NO₂

449.96

Abacteriostatic agent found in detergents and soaps, disinfectants, pet flea powders. Also known as Tribromsalan. Cross (photo): Bithionol and other halogenated salicylanilides, TRICLOCARBAN, hexachlorophene, fentichlor. PA, PT. CAS 87-10-5.

TRICLOCARBAN

T-013

 $\mathsf{C}_{\mathsf{13}}\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{9}}\mathsf{CI}_{\mathsf{3}}\mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{2}}\mathsf{O}$

315.59

a bacteriostat and antiseptic agent found in soaps and other cleansing compositions. Used as a disinfectant. Also known as 3,4,4-Trichlorocarbanilide and TCC. Cross (photo): bithionol and other halogenated salicylanilides. PA. PT. May cause pigmentation of the face. CAS 101-20-2.

TRICLOSAN

T-014

 $\mathsf{C_{12}H_7CI_3O_2}$

289.53

A preservative found in cosmetic products, soaps, detergents, shampoos, bath additives, deodorants, foot powders and sprays, disposable paper products, antiodor insoles and hose, laundry products. Also used in the treatment of textiles and as antifungal agent in PVC wetroom carpets. Also known as Irgasan DP 300. **PA. CAS** 3380-34-5.

Tricresyl phosphate

T-015

 $C_{21}H_{21}O_4P$

368.36

FW

A plasticizer found in vinyl plastics, spectacle frames. Used as a flame retardant and additive to extreme pressure lubricants. Can also be used as solvent for nitrocellulose, etc. **CAS** 1330-78-5.

TRIETHANOLAMINE

T-016

 $C_6H_{15}NO_3$

149.19

A surface-active agent found in soaps, shampoos, creams, waxes, cutting oils etc. Used in making emulsions with mineral and vegetable oils. **CAS** 102-71-6.

Triethylene glycol diacrylate

T-017

 $C_{12}H_{18}O_{6}$

258.28

A cross-linking acrylate monomer used in coatings, adhesives, and in printing plates of photoprepolymer type. Also known as TEGDA. **CAS** 1680-21-3.

Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate

T-018

C₁₄H₂₂O₆

286.33

A methacrylic monomer used as cross-linking agent for adhesives and dental restorative materials. Also know as TEGDMA and TREGDMA. **CAS** 109-16-0

Triethylenetetramine

T-019

 $C_6 H_{18} N_4$

146.23

Used as epoxy curing agent, lubricating oil additive, chelating and analytical agent. Also known as TETA. **CAS** 112-24-3.

Triglycidyl isocyanurate

T-028

C₁₂H₁₅N₂O₆

297.27

Trifunctional epoxy compound used as cross-linker in heat-cured polyester paints used for laminated sheetings, printed circuits, tools, inks, adhesives, lining materials etc. Also known as TGIC. **May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS** 2451-62-9.

Formula

FW

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,2-dihydroguinoline

T-020

 $(C_{12}H_{15}N)_{0}$

An antioxidant used in rubber and plastic materials. Also used in hydraulic fluids and greases. Also known as Flectol H and Agerite resin D CAS 26780-96-1

Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

T-021

C₄₅H₂₀O₆

296.31

A triacrylate used in UV-curable lithographic inks, varnishes, artificial nails, wood finish solder, and etch resists in the electronics industry. Also known as TMPTA. CAS 15625-89-5.

Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether

T-038

C₁₅H₂₆O₆

302.36

A trifunctional glycidyl ether of trimethylolpropane. It is used as a general purpose diluent to reduce the viscosity of epoxy resins and provides excellent crosslinking with good reactivity used in adhesives and coatings. CAS 30499-70-8.

3,4,4-Trimethyl-oxazolidine

Comp. in D-015 C_eH₄, NO

115.18

Component in Bioban CS 1135, a preservative (2.5%) used in latex paints, resin emulsions, and cooling fluids, D-015; Bioban CS 1135; also contains 4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine. Neither of the substances can be ordered separately.

2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

T-048

 $C_{15}H_{27}N_{2}O$

265.39

This chemical is a tertiary amine activator for epoxy resins. Used in coatings, flooring, adhesives, castings, potting and encapsulation. CAS 90-72-2

Art. No. Formula FW

TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)NITROMETHANE

H-015

C,H,NO,

151.12

A bactericide and slimicide used in cooling fluids, paper and pulp industry. Also used as curing agent for certain adhesives. Also known as Tris Nitro and 2-Hydroxymethyl-2-nitro-1.3-propanediol. CAS 126-11-4.

Triphenyl phosphate

T-022

C, H, O, P

326.28

A plasticizer in plastics (e.g., cellulose acetate) lacquers, varnishes. etc. Also used in impregnating roofing paper. CAS 115-86-6.

Tri(propylene glycol) diacrylate

T-023

C, H, O,

300.36

A diacrylate monomer for use in UV-curable flexographic and silk screen inks, wood-finish varnishes, coatings on plastics, etc. Also known as TPGDA. CAS 42978-66-5.

Tungsten

T-043

W

183.84

Tungsten, also known as Wolfram, is a metal with a wide range of uses, the largest of which is as Tungsten carbide (W2C, WC) in cemented carbides. Cemented carbides (also called hardmetals) are wear-resistant materials used by the metalworking, mining, petroleum and construction industries. Tungsten is widely used in light bulb and vacuum tube filaments, as well as electrodes, because it can be drawn into very thin wire with a high melting point. Tungsten is used in material for implanted electrodes and in orthopaedic and dental implants as well as in coils to treat intracranial aneurysms. CAS 7440-33-7

Turpentine oil oxidized

T-024

Mixture of hydroperoxides of terpenes found in oil of turpentine. Main hapten is the hydroperoxide of δ-3-carene. Used in solvents or lacquers for printing, etching and art painting. Found in sealing wax, coolants, tapes, polish, metal cleaners, deodorizers, paints, and cosmetics. Cross: Chrysanthemum, pyrethrin. May cause airborne contact dermatitis.

Formula

FW

Art. No.

Formula

Urea formaldehyde resin

U-001

C,H,N,O,

120.11

A textile finish resin of formaldehyde type for treatment of, e.g., cotton and rayon materials. Also used in wood glue industry. CAS 9011-05-6.

Urethane diacrylate, aromatic

Deleted 2019

1000

An UV-reactive prepolymer based on an acrylated aromatic isocvanate. Used in curable coatings, inks and varnishes. Also known as Ebecryl 220. Contains also pentaerythritoltriacrylate and pentaerythritoltetraacrylate.

Urethane dimethacrylate

U-004

 $C_{23}H_{38}N_2O_8$

470.56

A methacrylate based on a methacrylated aliphatic isocyanate. Used in dental bonding agents, resin veneering, restorative materials Also known as UDMA. CAS 72869-86-4.

(+)-Usnic acid

U-005

C, H, O,

344.31

An antibacterial substance found in many lichens. Occurs in oak moss absolute which is used as fragrance. Used as a preservative in deodorants, antiacne formulations, and as antibiotic for topical application. Also available as part of Mx-15. Cross: oak moss. May cause airborne contact dermatitis. CAS 7562-61-0

Vanadium

V-002

50.94

FW

Vanadium is soft and ductile element, which occurs naturally in certain minerals and is used mainly to produce certain alloys. Approximately 80% of Vanadium produced is used as ferrovanadium or as a steel additive. Other uses: In such alloys as specialty stainless steel, e.g. for use in surgical instruments and tools. Such tools are rust resistant and high speed tool steels. Mixed with aluminium in Titanium allovs used in iet engines and high-speed airframes .Used in dental allovs.Vanadium steel alloys are used in axles, crankshafts, gears, and other critical components. It is an important carbide stabilizer in making steels. Vanadium foil is used in cladding Titanium to steel. **CAS** 7440-62-2.

Vanadium(III)chloride

V-003

VCI.

157.30

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **vanadium**. Used as a catalyst in the polymerization of olefins, epoxy, phenolic and silicone resins. For testing purpose this is also used to test allergy for Vanadium. Vanadium is used in applications for bicycle parts, glass coatings and jewelry. It can also be found in dental implants. **CAS** 7718-98-1.

Vanadium(V)oxide

V-005

V2O5

181.88

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to vanadium. A principal precursor to alloys of vanadium and is a widely used as an industrial catalyst. It can also be found in air care products, floor coverings, paints and coatings. For testing purpose this is also used to test allergy for Vanadium. Vanadium is used in applications for bicycle parts, glass coatings and jewelry. It can also be found in dental implants. CAS 1314-62-1.

FW

Formula

Vancomycin hydrochloride

V-004

 $C_{66}H_{75}C_{12}N_9O_{24}\cdot HCI$ 1485.71

This substance is an antibiotic used to treat a number of bacterial infections. It is used as a first-line treatment for complicated skin infections, bloodstream infections, endocarditis, bone and joint infections, and meningitis caused by methicillin-resistant S. aureus. **CAS** 1404-93-9.

VANILLIN

V-001

 $C_8H_8O_3$

152.14

A flavoring agent found in beverages, confectionery, foods, galenicals. Used in perfumery, pharmaceuticals and also as chemical reagent. Also known as Vanillin. Cross: COUMARIN, Propolis. ICU. CAS 121-33-5.

W



m-Xylylenediamine

X-001

 $C_8 H_{12} N_2$

136.19

The chemical is an intermediate in the production of epoxy curing agents, polyamides and polyurethanes. Due to the chemical binding processes that occur during curing, finished products do not contain the chemical. The substance is also not present in the industrial intermediates used in the production of polyamides and polyurethanes, but a few percent is present in the epoxy curing agent. The great majority of the epoxy curing agent is assumed to be used by industrial or professional users. Greater than 99.9% of the substance is used in three categories: polyamide (major), epoxy curing agent, and polyurethane production. Also known as 1,3-bis(aminomethyl)benzene. **CAS** 1477-55-0.



Art. No.

Ylang ylang oil

Y-001

This substance is used in soap perfumes and in general perfumery as a floral additive of extremely versatile application. It blends with almost any other floral natural or synthetic material and gives good effects in a concentration of 0.5% up to about 5% of the perfume base. The fragrance is also used in washing detergents, hair products and skin powder. The oil is steam distilled from the flowers of Cananga odorota genuine. Fractions of the oil are collected over the course of distillation to obtain different grades. The first and finest fraction is called ylang-ylang oil. The oil has a very sweet tropical floral scent, smells like a combination of Jasmine and bitter almond peppermint. Main chemical components are Linalool, p-Cresyl methyl ether, beta-Caryophyllene, Geranyl acetate, Methyl benzoate, Benzyl benzoate, Farnesol, Geraniol, Isoeugenol, Eugenol and Citral. Also known as CANANGA ODORATA OIL. Cross: Benzyl salicylate, geranial. May cause pigmentation of the face. CAS 8006-81-3.

FW

Z

Zinc *Z-*001

Zn

65.38

Zinc metal is included in most single tablet over-the-counter daily vitamin and mineral supplements. Zinc is the fourth most common metal in use, trailing only iron, aluminium, and copper in annual production. Zinc is used to galvanize steel to prevent corrosion. Zinc is used to Parkerize steel to prevent rust and corrosion and used in alloys such as brass, nickel silver, dental alloys, typewriter metal and various soldering formulas. Zinc is the primary metal used in making some coins and used in die casting notably in the automobile industry. Zinc is used as part of the containers of batteries. The most widespread such use is as the anode in alkaline batteries. **CAS** 7440-66-6.

Hapten info. Y-Z

196

ZINC CHLORIDE

Z-007 Cl₂Zn 136.28

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **zinc**. Other uses are as a deodorant and as a wood preservative. **CAS** 7646-85-7.

ZINC DIBUTYLDITHIOCARBAMATE

Z-002 $C_{18}H_{28}N_2S_4Zn$ 474.14

An activator, antidegradant and accelerator for natural rubber, butadiene, styrene-butadiene, nitrile-butadiene, butyl rubber, and ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymers. Also known as ZBC. Also available as part of Mx-06. **CAS** 136-23-2.

Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate

Z-003 $C_{10}H_{20}N_2S_4Zn$ 361.91

An activator and accelerator for natural rubber, styrene-butadiene, nitrile-butadiene, and butyl rubber. Also known as ZDC. Also available as part of Mx-06. **ICU**. **CAS** 14324-55-1.

Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Z-004 $C_6H_{12}N_2S_4Zn$ 305.82

An activator and accelerator for natural rubber, styrene-butadiene, and butyl rubber. An agricultural fungicide used for seeds, plants, and fruit. Also known as Ziram. **CAS** 137-30-4.

Zinc ethylenebis-(dithiocarbamate) (Zineb)

Z-005 $C_4H_6N_2S_4Zn$ 275.75

A fungicide used in cooling fluids and as pesticide for seeds, plants, and fruit. Also known as Zineb. **CAS** 12122-67-7.

ZINC PYRITHIONE

Z-006 $C_{10}H_8N_2S_2O_2Zn$ 317.70

An antifungal, antibacterial and antiseborrheic agent used in many shampoos and hair creams. Also known as Zinc omadine. **Reactions may lead to photosensitive eczema and actinic reticuloid syndrome. CAS** 13463-41-7.

Art. No. Formula FW

Zirconium(IV)chloride

Z-008 Cl₄Zr 233.03

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to **zirconium**. This metal salt is a white high-melting solid which hydrolyzes rapidly in humid air. It is used to make water-repellent textiles and can also be used in implants. **CAS** 10026-11-6

ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE

Z-009 ZrO₂ 123.22

This hapten is a marker for contact allergy to zirconium. This chemical is a ceramic material and the most natural form of the element Zirconium. It is found in insulation, abrasives, enamels, ceramic glazes, and as diamond substitute in jewelry. It is also used in the construction of dental restorations such as crowns and bridges. It can also be used as radio-opaque material in bone cement. In orthopedic surgery bone cement is used to fix metal implants such as hip- and knee replacements. **CAS** 1314-23-4.

Catalogue amendments January 2021				(H-032B) No 60 BENZALKONIUM CHLORIDE 0.1% aq (B-027A)	
New topical haptens		In Series		changed to BENZALKONIUM CHLORIE (B-027B)	DE 0.1% pet
C-009E METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE+			AC-1000	No 69 CETEARYL ALCOHOL 20.0% pet (C-033)	
METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE 0.215% aq		6		LOHEXENE	
Mx-05C M	ercapto mix 3.5% pet	IS	10.4000	CARBOXALDEHYDE 5.0% pet (L-003)	2 000)
Deleted pro	ducte	In Series	AC-1000 AC-1000	No 81 CETEARYLALCOHOL 20.0% pet (C-033) added No 82 left blank	
•			AC-1000 AC-1000	No 83 BENZYL SALICYLATE 10.0% pet (B-	010B) added
C-017B	Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate 0.5% pet	SS, DMP	AC-1000 AC-1000	No 84 Disperse Yellow 3 1.0% pet (D-036	
SMUV	Skin Marker UV	N/A	AC-1000	No 85 Jasmine absolute 2.0% pet (J-002)	
SMS UV-LAMP	Skin Marker Slim	N/A	AC-1000	No 86 Peppermint oil 2.0% pet (P-036) ac	
UV-LAIVIP	UV Lamp	N/A	AC-1000	No 87 Pramoxine hydrochloride 2.0% pet (F	
Hanton Sor	ies Amendment		AC-1000	No 88 SHELLAC 20.0% alc (S-015) adde	
-			AC-1000	No 89 LAURYL POLYGLYCOSIDE 3.0% pet	
DMP-1000	No 13 Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate 0.5% changed to Cobalt(II)chloride hexahydrate		AC-1000	No 90 p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL 1.0% pet (C	
10.4000	(C-017A).	ahannad ta	Catalog	gue amendments Januar	\mathbf{v} 2022
IS-1000	No 9 Mercapto mix 2.0 pet% (Mx-05A) Mercapto mix 3.5% pet (Mx-05C)	changed to		9	<i>y</i> ====
IS-1000	No 14 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT) 2.	0% net	New products In		In Series
10 1000	(M-003A) changed to Textile dye mix 6.6%		C-059	Carmine (CI) 2.5% pet	AC-82
IS-1000	No 17 METHYLISOTHIA	. ,	SMM-4	Chemo Skin marker Medium	N/A
	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE		IMP-1000	Implant Series	IMP
	(C-009B) changed to METHYLISOTHIA		METE-1000	Metal Extended Series	METE
	METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE 0				
	(C-009E)		Deleted products		In Series
IS-1000	No 26 Hydrocortisone-17-butyrate 1.0% p	et (H-021B)	A-018	Azodiisobutyrodinitrile 1.0% pet	PG
	changed to Phenol formaldehyde resin (PFR2) 1.0%	A-020	Amylocaine hydrochloride 5.0% pet	N/A
pet	(P-005)		B-020	BUTYLPARABEN 3.0% pet	N/A
IS-1000	No 31 Toluenesulfonamide formaldehyde	resin 10.0%	B-036	1,4-Butanediol diglycidyl ether 0.3% pet	E
	pet (T-010) deleted		C-009D	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE+	
IS-1000	No 32 METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE 0.2 a	q (M-035B)		METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE 0	.2% pet N/A
	deleted		C-011	Chlorpromazine hydrochloride 0.1% pet	EPE,NAP
AC-1000	No 19 METHYLDIBROMO GLUTARONI		C-012	Chlorquinaldol 5.0% pet	N/A
pet	(D-049E) changed to Hydroperoxides	of Linalool	D-044B	DIAZOLIDINYL UREA 2.0% aq	SS, INC
0.5%	pet (H-031B)	SAX 1	D-061A	Diclofenac sodium salt 1.0% pet	CAD
AC-1000	No 21 FORMALDEHYDE 1.0% aq (F-002	2A) changed	D-067	Dexketoprofen 1.0% pet	EPE
to	FORMALDEHYDE 2.0% aq (F-002B)	not (C 000)	E-009	2-Ethylhexyl acrylate 0.1% pet	MP
AC-1000	No 59 p-CHLORO-m-CRESOL 1.0%		H-017	Hydroxypropyl acrylate 0.1% pet	MP
	changed to Hydroperoxides of Limoner	ie 0.2% pei	H-026	1,6-Hexanediol diglycidylether 0.3% pet	E

M-012 M-018	METHYLPARABEN 3.0% pet MUSK KETONE 1.0% pet	N/A F	EP-1000	No 19 Promethazine hydrochloride 0.1% pet (P-017B)
M-035A	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE 0.02% aq	N/A		deleted and changed to DECYL GLUCOSIDE 5.0% pet (D-065)
M-035C Mx-08	METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE 0.05% aq Perfume mix 6.0% pet	BS F	EP-1000	No 20 DECYL GLUCOSIDE 5.0% pet (D-065) moved
O-003	Oligotriacrylate (OTA 480) 0.1% pet	MP	EDE 4000	to pos. 19.
P-002	Pentaerythritol triacrylate 0.1% pet	MP	EPE-1000	No 1 BENZOPHENONE-3 10.0% pet (H-014C) changed to TRICLOCARBAN 1.0% pet (T-013)
P-017B	Promethazine hydrochloride 0.1% pet	PE,NAP	EPE-1000	No 2 BENZOPHENONE-4 2.0% pet (H-023C)
P-020	PROPYLPARABEN 3.0% pet	N/A		changed to BENZOPHENONE-10 10.0% pet (H-020B)
P-032	Pristinamycin 10.0% pet	CAD	EPE-1000	No 3 4-METHYLBENZYLIDENE CAMPHOR 10.0% pet (M-024B) changed to PHENYLBENZIMIDAZOLE
SM	Chemo Skin Marker-Regular	N/A		SULFONIC ACID 10.0% pet (P-024B)
SMS	Chemo Skin Marker-Slim	N/A	EPE-1000	No 4 ETHYLHEXYL METHOXYCINNAMATE 10.0%
T-012 T-038	3,4,5-Tribromosalicylanilide (TBS) 1.0% pet Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether 0.3% pe			pet (E-019C) changed to HOMOSALATE 10.0% pet (H-024B)
Hapten Sei	ries Amendment		EPE-1000	No 5 OCTOCRYLENE 10.0% pet (O-009) changed to ETHYLHEXYL SALICYLATE 10.0% pet (O-007B)
CAD 4000	No. 4 Coficiens tribuldrate 40.00/ mat/C	054) manyard	EPE-1000	No 6 ISOAMYL p-METHOXYCINNAMATE 10.0% pet
CAD-1000	No 1 Cefixime trihydrate 10.0% pet (C-from pos. 32 to 1.	-054) moved	EDE 4000	(I-009) changed to Polysilicone-15 10.0% pet (P-035)
CAD-1000	No 6 Cefpodoxime proxetil 10.0% pet (C	-055) moved	EPE-1000	No 7 PABA 10.0% pet (A-006C) changed to Disodium phenyl dibenzimidazole tetrasulfonate 10.0% pet
	from pos. 34 to 6.	,		(D-064)
CAD-1000	No 10 Pristinamycin 10.0% pet (P-032)		EPE-1000	No 8 BUTYL METHOXYDIBENZOYLMETHANE
CAD-1000	Potassium clavulanate 10.0% pet (P-040 No 19 Diclofenac sodium salt 1.0% p			10.0% pet (B-029C) changed to TRICLOSAN 2.0%
O/12 1000	changed to Diclofenac sodium salt 5.0%	,	EPE-1000	pet (T-014) No 9 BIS-ETHYLHEXYLPHENOL
CAD-1000	No 35 Potassium clavulanate 10.0% pet	(P-040)	LI L-1000	METHOXYPHENOL TRIAZINE 10.0% pet (B-037)
	moved			changed to Ibuprofen 5.0% pet (I-010B)
E-1000	from pos. 35 to 10. No 7 m-Xylylenediamine 0.1% p	et (X-001)	EPE-1000	No 10 DROMETRIZOLE TRISILOXANE 10.0% pet
L-1000	moved from pos. 13 to 7.	(X-001)		(D-055) changed to Diclofenac sodium salt 5.0% pet (D-061B)
E-1000	No 11 1,6-Hexanediol diglycidylether		EPE-1000	No 11 Ketoprofen 1.0% pet (K-002B) changed to
	(H-026) changed to 2,4,6-Tris(dimethyla	aminomethyl)		Fenofibrate 10.0% pet (F-006)
E-1000	phenol 0.5% pet (T-048) No 12 1,4-Butanediol diglycidyl ether	0.25% not	EPE-1000	No 12 2-(4-Diethylamino-2-hydroxybenzoyl)-benzoic
E-1000	(B-036) deleted	0.25% pet		acidhexylester10.0%pet(D-062)changedtoOlaquindox 1.0% pet (O-008)
E-1000	No 14 Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ethe	er 0.25% pet	EPE-1000	No 13 to No 34 Deleted
	(T-038) deleted		F-1000	No 13 MUSK KETONE 1.0% pet (M-018) deleted and
E-1000	No 15 2,4,6-Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)pet (T-048) moved to pos. 11.	phenol 0.5%		changed to SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE 20.0% pet
	per (1-040) moved to pos. 11.		E 1000	(S-005)
			F-1000	No 45 Perfume mix 6.0% pet (Mx-08) deleted

MA-1000	and changed to Fragrance mix I 8.0% pet (Mx-07) No 17 Ethyl acrylate 0.1% pet (E-004) added	Catalogue amendments January 2023			
MA-1000 MA-1000	No 18 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate 0.1% pet (H-009) added No 19 ETHYL METHACRYLATE 2.0 % pet (E-012)	New produ	New products In Series		
	added	PP-1000	Photopatch Series		
MA-1000	No 20 2,2-bis(4-(2-Methacryl-oxyethoxy)phenyl) propane (BIS-EMA) 2.0 % pet (M-006B) added	Deleted to	pical haptens	In Series	
MA-1000	No 21 1,4-Butanediol diacrylate 0.1% pet (B-016) added	A-013	Ammonium tetrachloroplatinate(II) 0,25% a IMP-25	qMET-19,	
MA-1000	No 22 Di(ethylene glycol) diacrylate 0.1% pet (D-009) added	B-014 B-041	Bithionol 1.0% pet Benzydamine hydrochloride 2.0% pet	NAP-17 EP-18	
MA-1000	No 23 Tri(propylene glycol) diacrylate 0.1% pet (T-023) added	C-004 D-005A	CHLORHEXIDINE DIACETATE 0.5% aq Dibucaine hydrochloride 5.0% pet		
MA-1000	No 24 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate 0.1% pet (T-021) added	D-023B	Diphenylmethane-4,4´-diisocyanate (MDI) 0.5% pet I-2	
MA-1000	No 25 Triethylene glycol diacrylate 0.1% pet (T-017) added	E-022 F-001	Eosin 5.0% pet 2,2'-THIOBIS(4-CHLOROPHENOL) 1.0	LU-15	
MA-1000	No 26 N,N-Methylene-bisacrylamide 1.0% pet (M-023) added	F-006 I-010B	Fenofibrate 10.0% pet Ibuprofen 5.0% pet	EPE-11 EPE-9	
MA-1000	No 27 Butyl acrylate 0.1% pet (B-018) added	M-010B	6-METHYL COUMARIN 1.0% alc	NAP-18	
MET-1000	The series has been divided into two series MET-1000 and METE-1000	Mx-31 O-008	Caine mix V Olaquindox 1.0% pet	n/a EPE-12	
MN-1000	No 1 Butyl acrylate 0.1% pet (B-018) changed to Ethyl cyanoacrylate 10.0% pet (E-023)	P-038	Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate (PN		
MN-1000	No 3 BUTYL METHACRYLATE 2.0% pet (B-021) changed to Methyl methacrylate 2.0% pet (M-013)	EP-1000 EPE-1000	European Photopatch Series European Photopach Extended Series		
MN-1000	No 7 Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 2.0% pet (T-018) changed to Bisphenol A glycerolate dimethacrylate	NAP-1000	North American Photopatch Series		
MNI 4000	2.0% pet (H-013)	Hapten Se	ries Amendment		
MN-1000	No 9 Trimethylolpropane triacrylate 0.1% pet (T-021) changed to Triethylene glycol diacrylate 0.1% pet (T-017	S-1000	No 21 QUATERNIUM-15 1.0% pet (C-00' SODIUM METABISULFITE 1.0%	7A) changed to pet (S-011)	
MN-1000	No 13 Triethylene glycol diacrylate 0.1% pet (T-017) deleted	S-1000	No 30 Textile dye mix 6.6% pet (Mx-3		
MP-1000 PG-1000	Deleted 2021-10-30 No 9 Azodiisobutyrodinitrile 1.0% pet (A-018) changed to Triglycidyl isocyanurate (TGIC) 0.5% pet (T-028)	S-1000 S-1000	Benzisothiazolinone 0.1 pet (B-003B) No 31 Textile dye mix 6.6% pet (Mx-30) a No 32 Decyl glucoside 5.0% pet (D-065)	added	
PG-1000	No 24 Triglycidyl isocyanurate (TGIC) 0.5% pet (T-028) deleted	ECB-1000	No 21 QUATERNIUM-15 1.0% pet (C-00 SODIUM METABISULFITE 1.0% pet (S-0	D11)	
AC-1000	No 82 Carmine (CI) 2.5% pet (C-059) added	ECB-1000	No 30 Textile dye mix 6.6% pet (Mx-3 Benzisothiazolinone 0.1 pet (B-003B)	30) changed to	

ECB-1000	No 31 SODIUM METABISULFITE 1.0% pet (S-011)
	changed to Textile dye mix 6.6% pet (Mx-30)
ECB-1000	No 32 2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL 0.5%
	pet (B-015B) changed to Decyl glucoside 5.0% pet
	(D-065)
ECB-1000	No 33 DIAZOLIDINYL UREA 2.0% pet (D-044A)
	changed to 2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL
	0.5% pet (B-015B)
ECB-1000	No 34 IMIDAZOLIDINYL UREA 2.0% pet (I-001A)
ECD-1000	
	changed to DIAZOLIDINYL UREA 2.0% pet (D-044A)
ECB-1000	No 35 Compositae mix II 2.5% pet (Mx-29B) changed
	to 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one 0.1% pet (O-004)
ECB-1000	No 36 Hydroperoxides of Linalool 1.0% pet (H-031A)
	changed to Compositae mix II 5% pet (Mx-29A)
ECB-1000	No 37 Hydroperoxides of Linalool 0.5% pet (H-031B)
	changed to Hydroperoxides of Linalool 1.0% pet
	(H-031A)
ECB-1000	No 38 Hydroperoxides of Limonene 0.3% pet (H-032A)
	changed to Hydroperoxides of Linalool 0.5% pet
	(H-031B)
ECB-1000	No 39 Hydroperoxides of Limonene 0.2% pet (H-032B)
LCD-1000	
	changed to Hydroperoxides of Limonene 0.3% pet
	(H-032A)
ECB-1000	No 40 BENZISOTHIAZOLINONE 0.1% pet (B-003B)
	changed to Hydroperoxides of Limonene 0.2% pet
	(H-032B)
ECB-1000	No 41 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one 0.1% pet (O-004)
	changed to Sorbitan sesquioleate 20.0% pet (S-005)
ECB-1000	No 42 DECYL GLUCOSIDE 5.0% pet (D-065) changed
	to Sorbitan monooleate 5.0% pet (S-004)
ECB-1000	No 43 LAURYL POLYGLUCOSE 3.0% pet (L-004)
	deleted
I-1000	No 2 Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) 0.5%
1 1000	pet (D-023B) changed to Hexamethylene diisocyanate
	(HDI) 0.1% pet (H-022)
1.4000	
I-1000	No 6 Hexamethylene diisocyanate (HDI) 0.1% pet
1.4000	(H-022) deleted
I-1000	No 7 Polymeric diphenylmethane diisocyanate (PMDI)
	2.0% pet (P-038) deleted
LU-1000	No 15 Eosin 5.0% pet (E-022) changed to Wood tar

111.4000	mix 12.0% pet (Mx-14)
LU-1000	No 27 Wood tar mix 12.0% pet (Mx-14) deleted
IMP-1000	No 25 Ammonium tetrachloroplatinate(II) 0.25% aq
	(A-013) changed to Ammonium
	hexachloroplatinate(IV) 0.1% aq (A-010)
IMP-1000	No 29 Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate 2.0% pet (R-013)
	changed to Palladium(II)chloride 2.0% pet (P-001)
MET-1000	No 19 Ammonium tetrachloroplatinate(II) 0.25% aq
	(A-013) changed to Ammonium
	hexachloroplatinate(IV) 0.1% aq (A-010)
MET-1000	No 23 Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate 2.0% pet (R-013)
	changed to Palladium(II)chloride 2.0% pet (P-001)
METE-1000	No 18 Ammonium hexachloroplatinate(IV) 0.1% aq
	(A-010) changed to ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE 0.1 pet
	(Z-009)
METE-1000	No 19 Palladium(II)chloride 2.0% pet (P-001) changed
	to Rhodium(III)chloride hydrate 2.0% pet (R-013)
METE-1000	No 25 ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE 0.1 pet (Z-009) deleted
TF-1000	No 5 (empty) changed to Acid Red 359 5.0% pet (A-028)
TF-1000	No 24 (empty) changed to Disperse Blue mix (Mx-26)
TF-1000	No 27 (empty) changed to Textile dye mix 6.6% pet
	(Mx-30)
TF-1000	No 32 Acid Red 359 5.0% pet (A-028) deleted
TF-1000	No 33 Disperse Blue mix (Mx-26) deleted
TF-1000	No 34 Textile dye mix 6.6% pet (Mx-30) deleted
H-1000	No 12 (deleted) changed to PANTHENOL 5.0% pet (P-042)
H-1000	No 38 PANTHENOL 5.0% pet (P-042) deleted

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