



PATIENT INFORMATION SHEET

SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE

(S-005, S-005B)

Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to **SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE**. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in contact with it.

What is **SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE** and where is it found?

This chemical is used as an emulsifier in cosmetic and pharmaceutical ointments and creams. It is sometimes used as a food additive and can be found in some veterinary products and household items. Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

What else is **SORBITAN SESQUIOLEATE** called?

This chemical can be identified by different names, including:

Anhydrohexitol sesquioleate, Hodag SSO, Sorbitan sesquioleate, Arlacel 83, C, Liposorb SQ0, Sorbitan, (Z)-9-octadecenoate (2:3), Crill 16, Montane 83, Sorbitani sesquioleas, Emasol 41S, Nikkol SO 15, Sorbitanum sesquioleyleatum, Emsorb 2502, Nissan nonion OP 83, Sorgen 30, Emulgator 8972, Protachem SOC, Span 83, Glycomul SOC, SO 15

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY

Be vigilant... read the product label. Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step each time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.

Test the product first. If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.

Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy. This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.

Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related. You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.

"Google" it. The internet is an excellent source of ingredient information that can be searched by product, by company and by specific chemical. Some helpful independent internet links include: www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsheets.html (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; alphabetic list) www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsbj.html (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; subject list) www.cosmeticsinfo.org (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database) www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor's office.

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