



PATIENT INFORMATION SHEET

"Deleted" PROPYLENE GLYCOL

(P-019C)

Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to "Deleted" PROPYLENE GLYCOL. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in contact with it.

What is "Deleted" PROPYLENE GLYCOL and where is it found?

Propylene Glycol is a viscous, colorless, virtually odorless alcohol. It is an excellent vehicle and solvent for dermatologic and non dermatologic formulations. Propylene Glycol is widely used in emollient creams, lotions, other personal hygiene products and medicated creams. It is also used as a preservative and solvent for food flavoring agents in food processing. Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

What else is "Deleted" PROPYLENE GLYCOL called?

This chemical can be identified by different names, including:

1,2-Dihydroxypropane, Isopropylene glycol, PG 12, 1,2-Propanediol, Methylethyl glycol, Propane-1,2-diol, 1,2-Propylene glycol, Methylethylene glycol, Propanediol, 2-Hydroxypropanol, Monopropylene glycol, Sirlene, Alphapropylene glycol, Solar winter ban, Dowfrost, Trimethyl glycol

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY

- **Be vigilant... read the product label.** Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step each time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.
- **Test the product first.** If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.
- **Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy.** This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.
- **Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related.** You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.
- **"Google" it.** The internet is an excellent source of ingredient information that can be searched by product, by company and by specific chemical. Some helpful independent internet links include: www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsheets.html (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; alphabetic list) www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factssubj.html (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services;

subject list) www.cosmeticsinfo.org (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database) www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor's office.

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